

handbook for internal associates

welcome to Randstad.



randstad

partner for talent.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THIS HANDBOOK

Covered Employees. This Associate Handbook of Randstad General Partner (US), LLC, Randstad Professionals US, LLC, Randstad Digital, LLC, Randstad US, LLC, Randstad Inhouse Services, LLC, Randstad Federal LLC, Randstad HR Solutions of Delaware, LLC, Randstad RiseSmart Inc. and Celerity IT, LLC (collectively, “Randstad” or “the Company”) applies to all internal, Associate employees (“Associates”) of the Company in the United States. It does not apply to external, billable employees (“Talent”) of the Company. The term “employee” is used in this Handbook to refer to both Associates and Talent.

No Employment Contract. **THIS HANDBOOK IS NOT AN EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT AND ONLY STATES THE POLICIES IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF ITS PUBLICATION. NOTHING CONTAINED IN THIS HANDBOOK IS INTENDED TO EXPRESS OR IMPLY ANY CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION BY THE COMPANY TO CONTINUE THE EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP OR TO FOLLOW ANY STATED PROCEDURE OR POLICY WITH RESPECT TO YOUR EMPLOYMENT.** It should be used as a reference whenever you have questions about your employment. It should be read as a whole as many policies interrelate with others. Although not exhaustive, it does contain most of what you may want to know about working for the Company. Except for the at-will employment policy, the policies described in this Handbook may be modified or discontinued at the sole discretion of the Company, with or without cause or notice, at any time.

At-Will Employment. We hope your employment with the Company will be mutually beneficial. You should know, however, that **YOUR EMPLOYMENT IS AT-WILL AND NOT FOR ANY PRESCRIBED TERM, MEANING THAT EITHER YOU OR THE COMPANY MAY TERMINATE THE EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP, WITH OR WITHOUT CAUSE, AT ANY TIME, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE, FOR ANY REASON (EXCEPT THOSE REASONS PROHIBITED BY LAW)**. No representative of the Company, other than the Executive Board with final written approval from the Chief Legal Officer, has the authority to enter into any agreement for a specified period of time or to make any agreement contrary to the Company’s at-will employment policy. Any such agreement must be in writing and signed by you and an Executive Board member. As an at-will employee, the Company may modify your job title, compensation, duties, location of work, hours, schedules and other terms and conditions of employment at any time and at its sole discretion.

Version Control. To the extent inconsistent, this Handbook replaces any previous handbook, understanding, practice, representation or policy applicable to Associates concerning the subject matters in this Handbook. If you use a printed copy rather than an electronic version, please confirm that your copy is the latest version, which is posted on the Human Resources pages of Connect on Happeo.

Conflicts with Applicable Law. Since the Company operates in multiple states, state or local laws may require certain policies to differ from those listed in this Handbook. If there is a conflict between a policy in this Handbook and applicable law, then the applicable law generally will govern. However, if a conflict exists and the policy exceeds the requirements of the applicable law and provides a more favorable and/or generous result to the employee than the applicable law, the policy generally will govern to the extent permitted by law.

Concerted Activity. Nothing in this Handbook is intended to interfere with your rights to engage in protected, concerted activity under federal and state laws, including the National Labor Relations Act (NLRA), nor will the Company interpret any policy in this Handbook in a way that interferes with, restrains, prevents or limits employee communications regarding wages, benefits, hours, or other terms and conditions of employment.

Questions. Please contact your manager or Employee Relations through HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the “Let’s Chat” icon on your desktop) if you have any questions about the policies described in this Handbook or any concerns related to your employment with the Company.

Table of Contents

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THIS HANDBOOK	2
SECTION 1: GENERAL INFORMATION	7
1.1 CORE VALUES	7
1.2 BUSINESS PRINCIPLES	7
1.3 OPEN DOOR POLICY	9
1.4 MISCONDUCT REPORTING PROCEDURE	9
1.5 EMPLOYEE INFORMATION	9
1.6 EMPLOYEE PRIVACY NOTICE	10
SECTION 2: EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY	12
2.1 COMMITMENT TO EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY	12
2.2 WORKPLACE HARASSMENT	13
2.3 REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION	13
2.4 PROTECTION AGAINST RETALIATION	14
2.5 COMPLAINT AND INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES	14
2.6 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAM	15
2.7 EQUAL PAY POLICY	15
2.8 PHILANTHROPIC GIVING POLICY	15
SECTION 3: RECRUITMENT AND JOB POSTINGS	16
3.1 NON-DISCRIMINATION: JOB ORDERS, REQUESTS AND ADVERTISEMENTS	16
3.2 GUIDELINES FOR COMPLYING WITH TRUTH IN ADVERTISING LAWS	18
SECTION 4: ANTITRUST COMPLIANCE	18
4.1 SUMMARY OF MOST SERIOUS ANTICOMPETITIVE ACTS	18
4.2 SUMMARY OF DO'S AND DON'Ts	19
SECTION 5: BRIBERY, GIFT AND HOSPITALITY POLICY	20
SECTION 6: COMPENSATION AND WORKING HOURS	21
6.1 COMPENSATION	21
6.2 OVERTIME AND EXEMPTION FROM OVERTIME	21
6.3 TIMEKEEPING POLICY AND TIME ENTRY SUBMITTAL PROCESS	22
6.4 MEAL AND REST PERIODS	23
6.5 SUPPORT OF NURSING MOTHERS	23
6.6 PAY PERIOD AND METHODS OF PAYMENT	24
6.7 PAY DEDUCTIONS AND SETOFFS	24
6.8 PAY ERRORS	25
6.9 REIMBURSEMENT FOR BUSINESS EXPENSES	25
6.10 TRAVEL PAY	25
6.11 REFERRAL PROGRAM	25
SECTION 7: PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT AND EMPLOYEE CONDUCT	26
7.1 POLICY RECOGNIZING EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT	26
7.2 PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT	26
7.3 RULES OF CONDUCT	27
7.4 ABUSIVE CONDUCT AND ANTI-BULLYING POLICY	28
7.5 ATTENDANCE	29
7.6 BUSINESS APPROPRIATE DRESS	30
7.7 TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT	30
7.8 CAREER ADVANCEMENT	30

SECTION 8: SAFETY AND WORK SITES	31
8.1 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH	31
8.2 SAFETY AND SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS	31
8.3 NEAT WORK AREAS	32
8.4 USE OF WIRELESS DEVICES WHILE DRIVING	32
8.5 VIOLENCE-FREE WORKPLACE	33
8.6 SMOKE-FREE WORKPLACE	33
8.7 DRUG AND ALCOHOL POLICY	33
8.8 COMPANY SOCIAL FUNCTIONS	38
SECTION 9: PAID TIME OFF & PAID SICK & SAFE LEAVE	40
9.1 PAID TIME OFF & PAID SICK & SAFE LEAVE	40
9.2 PAID PARENTAL LEAVE FOR PARENTS/GRANDPARENTS	49
9.3 CAREGIVER LEAVE FOR INTERNAL ASSOCIATES	50
SECTION 10: LEAVES OF ABSENCE	53
10.1 FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT (FMLA) POLICY AND PROCEDURES	53
10.2 DOMESTIC PARTNER FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE (DPFML) POLICY AND PROCEDURES	60
10.3 DISABILITY COVERAGE	65
10.4 MILITARY LEAVE	65
10.4(A) SPOUSE MILITARY RELOCATION LEAVE POLICY	71
10.5 REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS FOLLOWING LEAVE & ADDITIONAL AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA) CONSIDERATIONS	72
10.6 JURY AND WITNESS DUTY LEAVE	72
10.7 BEREAVEMENT LEAVE	73
10.8 OTHER LEAVE REQUESTS	74
10.9 UNPAID PERSONAL LEAVE OF ABSENCE FOR ASSOCIATES	74
SECTION 11: PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY AND CLIENT	74
11.1 REASONABLE CARE OF PROPERTY	74
11.2 RESOURCES	74
11.3 PERSONAL DEVICES AND PROPERTY	77
11.4 PERSONAL INFORMATION PROTECTION POLICY	77
11.5 NON-DISCLOSURE AND NON-USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION	79
11.6 DOCUMENT RETENTION	79
11.7 THE COMPANY'S LOGO & TEMPLATES	79
11.8 RETURN OF PROPERTY UPON TERMINATION OR REQUEST	80
SECTION 12: SAFE USE OF INFORMATION ASSETS AND IT SERVICES POLICY	80
12.1 DEFINITIONS	80
12.2 PURPOSE, SCOPE & AUDIENCE	80
12.3 GENERAL SECURITY & PASSWORDS	81
12.4 HARDWARE & SOFTWARE	82
12.5 DATA PROTECTION ON MOBILE DEVICES AND REMOTE ACCESS TO COMPUTER SYSTEMS	83
12.6 PHISHING (AND ITS VARIATIONS) AND SPAM MESSAGES	83
12.7 CREDENTIAL SHARING AND ACCESS DELEGATION	84
12.8 E-COMMUNICATIONS	85
12.9 INTERNET	85
12.10 FOREIGN COUNTRIES	86
12.11 COMPLIANCE AND REPORTING	87
SECTION 13: SOCIAL MEDIA AND MEDIA/INVESTOR COMMUNICATIONS	87

13.1 SOCIAL MEDIA POLICY	87
13.2 MEDIA POLICY	92
SECTION 14: ADDITIONAL POLICIES	92
14.1 BACKGROUND CHECKS	92
14.2 EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS	93
14.3 EMPLOYMENT OF RELATIVES AND ROMANTIC RELATIONS	93
14.4 FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY AND AUTHORITY	93
14.5 SOLICITATION AND DISTRIBUTION	94
14.6 COPYRIGHT COMPLIANCE	94
SECTION 15: LEAVING THE ORGANIZATION	94
15.1 RESIGNATION AND NOTICE PERIODS	94
15.2 PAYMENT OF FINAL PAYCHECK	95
15.3 UNEMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY	95
15.4 BENEFIT CONTINUATION UPON TERMINATION	95
15.5 REHIRE	95
15.6 EMPLOYMENT VERIFICATION AND REFERENCES	96
SECTION 16: KEY CONTACTS	96
Addenda	97
EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT	97

SECTION 1: GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a global talent leader with the vision to be the world's most equitable and specialized talent company. As a partner for talent and through our four specializations - Operational, Professional, Digital, and Enterprise - we provide clients with the high-quality, diverse, and agile workforces they need to succeed in a talent-scarce world. We help people secure meaningful roles, develop relevant skills, and find purpose and belonging in their workplace. Through our daily interaction with clients and talent, and our continuous dialogue with governments, employers, and labor organizations, our ambition is to contribute to global societal needs by promoting a fair labor market, fostering equity at work, and supporting the green transition. Through the value we create, we are committed to a better and more sustainable future for all. While working towards our vision, the Company recognizes the need to always act with integrity and to respect human rights, in line with Randstad's core values and Business Principles.

1.1 CORE VALUES

Our core values. The Company's core values guide us in doing what is right.

To know	We are experts. We know our clients, talent, suppliers and other business partners, and we know that it's often the details that count the most.
To serve	We succeed through a spirit of excellent service, exceeding the core requirements of our industry.
To trust	We are respectful. We value our relationships and treat people well.
Simultaneous promotion of all interests	We see the bigger picture, take our social responsibility seriously and are committed to being the most equitable and specialized talent company. Our business should always benefit society as a whole.
Striving for Perfection	We always seek to improve and innovate. We are here to delight our clients and talent in everything we do, right down to the smallest detail.

Our collective identity is maintained by our shared commitment to these values, which together form a virtuous circle. We only can promote the interests of all our stakeholders if we know them well. Our thorough knowledge of them and our business enables us to serve them better. Our engagement with and service to our stakeholders builds mutual trust. This trust is enhanced by continually striving for perfection and promoting the interests of our stakeholders and society in general. The values we share serve as a compass for everyone at the Company, guiding our behavior and representing the foundation of our culture.

These values apply equally to the way we expect all employees of the Company to conduct business and are embodied in the Company's Code of Business Conduct. The Code is designed to emphasize the Company's conviction and policy that each employee – at every level of this business – has the duty and personal responsibility to exercise sound and mature business judgment in all matters involving business ethics. The Code extends to relations between employees and their co-workers and/or talent, and to conduct between employees and their manager. In addition, the Code extends to dealings between employees and our vendors, business partners, other suppliers, clients and competitors. A complete copy of the Code is available on the Human Resources pages of the Company's Connect on Happeo.

1.2 BUSINESS PRINCIPLES

Our Business Principles support our core values and make sure that the needs of the world in which we work and our business and personal behavior are aligned and reinforce one another. The Company recognizes that it also has a

responsibility to its external relationships. In its interactions with talent, clients, suppliers and other business partners, the Business Principles equally apply, and the Company encourages a continued active dialogue with stakeholders in the world of work.

To confirm this responsibility, the Company is a signatory of the [United Nations Global Compact](#), and respects and supports its ten principles with respect to human rights, labor, environment, and anti-corruption. We are committed to making the global Compact principles part of the Company's strategy, culture and day-to-day operations, and as such, the ten principles are regarded as part of our Business Principles. A full copy of the Company's Human Rights Policy can be found on the Legal page of the Company's Connect on Happeo.

The Business Principles are our minimum standards, applicable to all Company representatives, including our employees, officers and directors; no one is authorized to violate them.

To know

1. We know and comply with international human rights principles, the Company's internal policies and procedures, and the laws that govern our business.
2. We know and comply with competition and antitrust laws.
3. We know and comply with the laws on insider trading and market abuse of the Company's shares or securities.
4. We make sure that our records (including those containing personal information) are created, collected, used, stored and destroyed securely and in accordance with the law, including data protection laws.

To serve

5. We conduct business in a fair and ethical manner and avoid any situation that could create a conflict of interest, or the appearance of conflict, between the interests of the Company and our private interests.
6. We do not offer, pay or accept bribes or anything of value that could create undue influence or the appearance of inappropriate behavior.
7. We do not offer or accept gifts or hospitality or anything of value that could create undue influence or the appearance of inappropriate behavior.

To trust

8. We treat others fairly, act with care and consideration, respect human rights and ensure fair labor conditions. We value respect in the workplace and do not tolerate any form of harassment or abusive conduct.
9. We respect the right to privacy, ensure that confidential information is kept confidential, and do not abuse the confidential information of others. We treat all personal data in an appropriate and lawful manner, respecting the rights and interest of each individual. We are committed to the ethical and responsible use of AI.
10. We do not misuse Company property, including hardware, software, systems and databases, for personal purposes.

Simultaneous promotion of all interests

11. We value inclusion and belonging. We are committed to equal opportunities and do not discriminate, including on the grounds of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, age, sex (including pregnancy), sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, disability, veteran status, service in the uniformed services, citizenship status, genetic information or any other status protected by applicable law.
12. We do not engage with anyone who is connected with terrorism or other criminal activities, or subject to sanctions.
13. We do not sponsor or make contributions or donations to any candidate for public or private office, or public international organizations, to political parties or to other political interests on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company, either directly or indirectly.

Striving for perfection

14. We regard health and safety in our business as the utmost priority. We are committed to providing and maintaining a healthy and safe work environment and promoting mental health and well-being at work. This includes both Company representatives and our talent working at client premises.
15. We maintain and provide full, fair, timely, accurate and understandable contracts, employment conditions, records and financial information.
16. We take into account and seek to minimize the environmental impact of our business.

1.3 OPEN DOOR POLICY

The Company is committed to open communication and addressing employee concerns. We maintain an "open door policy," encouraging you to discuss any work-related issues with your manager or the HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrrsupport@randstadusa.com, or use the "Let's Chat" icon) about concerns you may have regarding your employment, or any wrongdoing that you suspect, witness or experience, including, but not limited to: discrimination, harassment, retaliation, workplace safety, eligibility for overtime, reporting by non-exempt employees of all hours actually worked, entitlement to meal and rest breaks, employee misconduct, antitrust concerns, and any other concerns. You will not be penalized or retaliated against for using this policy. If you believe your concern cannot be addressed by your manager, their manager, or Employee Relations, use the Misconduct Reporting Procedure below.

1.4 MISCONDUCT REPORTING PROCEDURE

In the event of a breach of the Business Principles, or other misconduct or wrongdoing, you should first raise concerns with your immediate manager, next level manager, or HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453 or hrrsupport@randstadusa.com). This is the preferred method and usually the fastest and best way to address concerns. If this method is likely to be inappropriate or ineffective, the Company's Misconduct Reporting Procedure should be used. There will be no retaliation against any employee filing a good faith complaint. However, submitting a report does not automatically protect complainants who have participated in the reported misconduct from disciplinary action. Further, any employee who makes a knowingly false report will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

Reports will be investigated promptly and any person under investigation will have the right to respond to the allegations. Corrective action will be taken where required to resolve issues satisfactorily. Although reports under the Misconduct Reporting Procedure can be submitted anonymously, if the complainant reveals his/her identity this greatly facilitates the investigation of the report. Employees are expected to fully cooperate with any investigation into alleged misconduct.

Reports may be submitted via a secure web page (www.speakupfeedback.eu/web/integrityatrandstad/us) or via a free telephone hotline (866-250-6706) accessible 24 hours every day and operated by an independent external provider. An access code (42115) is needed for both phone and web.

This is an abbreviated version of the Company's policy. A complete copy of the policy is available to all Associates from the Legal page of Connect on Happeo.

1.5 EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

Associates are responsible for ensuring that the Company has the most up-to-date contact and personal information for you. Notify the Company immediately of any changes to your residential address, telephone number, email address, and emergency contact information. Failure to provide this information could cause you to experience significant delays in receiving important employment-related information. **Please Note:** You are responsible to review, maintain and update your personal information through Workplace by clicking your employee information at the top left of your Workplace home screen. Also, if at any time in the twelve (12) month period immediately following your

separation date from the Company, regardless of the reason for such separation, you agree to notify Human Resources at hrsupport@randstadusa.com or 1-877-601-7453 if you change your residential address to California.

You are encouraged to regularly review the Company's Intranet (Connect on Happeo) for information relevant to your employment, policies, new organizational initiatives, ideas and activities. The Company's Intranet will be used as a primary communication tool. E-mail will also be utilized by the Company as a mechanism for delivery of information on a more rapid basis.

1.6 EMPLOYEE PRIVACY NOTICE

The Company collects and processes your Personal Data for a variety of reasons. This Employee Privacy Notice lists the Personal Data that we collect from you, explains why we collect and process it, and defines your rights with respect to the data. Capitalized terms have the meaning given to them by applicable data privacy laws.

Purpose of the processing: Employee Personal Data shall be processed by the Company solely for the following purposes:

- Human resources management:
 - Communication with employees and/or their representatives;
 - Administration, maintenance, review and scanning of personnel records (including sickness or other absence records);
 - Employee's entitlement to sick pay or parental or other leave absence;
 - Provision, administration and maintenance of pension and other retirement plans;
 - Employee benefits administration;
 - Employee time recording;
 - Reporting on employee demographics for the purpose of meeting diversity and inclusion goals;
 - Compliance with applicable taxation or other legal requirements;
 - Carrying out performance reviews, making assignments and promotion decisions, goal setting;
 - Conducting internal investigations, disciplinary or grievance procedures and facilitating compliance with company policies, industry standards and legal requirements;
- Business processes and management:
 - Populating employee directory;
 - Administering contracts and other business relationships involving business areas in which the employee works;
 - Follow applicable legal obligations, cooperating with law enforcement or other governmental authorities.
- Safety and security management:
 - Populating, maintaining and operating an emergency notification/contact system;
 - Developing and maintaining an employee identification system (e.g. badges with names and photographs);
 - Providing access to a list of employee's names to building security for identification purposes;
 - Video monitoring the Company's premises.
- Inclusion in and operation of enterprise resource management system:
 - Maintaining an enterprise resource management system that provides immediate electronic communications among locations and among employees in different countries to facilitate product development, business planning, compliance with corporate policies, and more efficient administration of human resources and employee benefit programs.
- Functionality and use of computer systems:

- Creation of an active directory account and other accounts in systems used at the Company as needed;
- Ensuring the functionality and proper use of computer resources (e.g. to detect anomalies or for maintenance);
- Ensuring the security of the systems which may include the use of intrusion detection and a proxy server(s) and the monitoring of employee's computer use and email, subject to limitations imposed by local law and the General Data Protection Regulation.
- Training of employees:
 - Call recordings to deliver quality services to customers and prospects (only for employees working in Global Customer Service and in the Sales department when they speak with the Company customers or prospects).

Please note that failure to provide your Personal Data may lead to the impossibility to achieve any of the purposes listed above. For example, unwillingness to provide information required to use a service or receive a benefit may make you ineligible for that service or benefit.

Personal Data concerned: (1) Name, surname; (2) Home and work address; (3) Personal and work telephone number; (4) Personal and work email address; (5) Personnel number; (6) Referee details (name, surname, address, email address, telephone number, organization, job title); (7) Photograph; (8) Gender; (9) Marital status and number of children; (10) Date and place of birth; (11) Citizenship; (12) Health insurance number; (13) Name and date of birth of those under the employee's insurance scheme; (14) Medical data; (15) Ethnic origin, religion/belief, sexual orientation and disabilities (on a voluntary basis); (16) Bank account details; (17) Information about your educational and/or professional career; (18) Data related to absence (sick leave included) and time management; (19) Communication data (telephone recordings, voice mails, emails, computer usage); (20) Information about your use of Randstad systems and facilities; (21) Social security number; (22) Work permit; (23) Driver's license; (24) Emergency contact: name, surname, phone number; and (25) Information about spouse and children (name, surname, date of birth, nationality, residence permit).

Who has access to your information: Personal Data are accessible only to a limited number of the Company employees, contractors and trainees on a need-to-know basis. The Company will also make accessible personal data to third parties when legally required to do so.

Transfer to third countries: Personal data may be transferred to third countries outside the United States, including the European Union and other countries where the Company operates.

Retention of Personal Data: Personal Data will be stored and deleted in accordance with our Data Retention Policy.

Employee rights: You have the following rights related to your Personal Data that the Company holds and may exercise these rights as explained below:

1. Right to Request Access to Personal Information/Right to Know.
 - You may ask us to furnish you with: The categories or specific pieces of personal information that the Company has collected about you, the categories of sources where the Company obtained personal information about you, the business purposes for which the Company collects your personal information, the categories of third parties with which the Company shares personal information.
 - To submit a request, contact HR Support: hrrsupport@randstadusa.com.
 - Before we grant you access to or deletion of your personal information, we must verify your identity. To do this, we will ask you to confirm information we have previously collected about you. If we ask

you to verify your identity, and you do not promptly cooperate, we may be unable to fulfill your request. We will make commercially reasonable efforts to fulfill your request within 45 days; however, if we need more time, we may extend the time frame 45 days and notify you.

2. Right to Request Deletion

- You have the right to request that the Company delete any of your personal information that the Company has collected from you, with certain exceptions. We may refuse your request if we are required by law to keep the information, or if the law otherwise permits us to keep the information.
 - If we deny a request, we will tell you why the request was denied. Where required, we will instruct any service providers or third parties to delete your information.
 - Before we grant you access to or deletion of your personal information, we must verify your identity. To do this, we will ask you to confirm information we have previously collected about you. If we ask you to verify your identity, and you do not promptly cooperate, we may be unable to fulfill your request. We will make commercially reasonable efforts to fulfill your request within 45 days; however, if we need more time, we may extend the timeframe 45 days and notify you.

3. Right to Correct Personal Information

- In certain circumstances, you have the right to request correction of any inaccurate personal information.
 - Before we grant your request to correct your personal information, we must verify your identity. To do this, we will ask you to confirm information we have previously collected about you. If we ask you to verify your identity, and you do not promptly cooperate, we may be unable to fulfill your request. We will make commercially reasonable efforts to fulfill your request within 45 days; however, if we need more time, we may extend the timeframe 45 days and notify you.

4. Do Not Sell/Share Personal Information

- You may have the right to direct the Company not to sell your personal information to third parties. There is no ID verification required.

5. Right to Non-Discrimination

- You have the right not to receive discriminatory treatment for exercising any of your rights.

Questions. For any questions about this Notice or our processes, please contact rus-privacy@randstadusa.com.

SECTION 2: EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

The Company firmly believes that individuals have the right to be treated fairly and with respect. We actively promote good internal and external business relationships and understand that our success is directly linked to the diverse backgrounds, skills and experiences of our employees.

The Company's employees are required to conduct their business affairs in a manner that is free from discrimination, harassment, retaliation and any other unlawful employment practices. Any such unlawful employment practices will not be tolerated. All reports of such practices will be treated seriously, and investigated promptly and impartially. A Vice President of Human Resources has been designated as the equal employment opportunity compliance coordinator.

2.1 COMMITMENT TO EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

The Company is committed to equal employment opportunity and prohibits discrimination based on any status protected by applicable law. All personnel actions and all terms, conditions and privileges of employment, including, but not limited to, recruitment, hiring, job assignments, transfers, promotions, compensation, benefits, layoffs, returns

from layoffs, terminations, and access to training, shall be made without regard to race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, age, sex (including pregnancy), sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, disability, veteran status, service in the uniformed services, citizenship status, genetic information or any other status protected by applicable federal, state or local law.

2.2 WORKPLACE HARASSMENT

The Company is committed to providing a work environment free of unlawful harassment. Verbal or physical conduct unlawfully directed at applicants or employees because of their race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, age, sex (including pregnancy), sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, disability, veteran status, service in the uniformed services, citizenship status, genetic information or any other status protected by applicable law, or because they engaged in any legally protected activity, is strictly prohibited and will not be tolerated by the Company. Such harassment (1) creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment; (2) unreasonably interferes with work performance or advancement opportunities; and/or (3) otherwise adversely affects an individual's employment opportunities. Harassment may take many forms, including, but not limited to, epithets, abusive language, comments, slurs, jokes, displays, innuendos, cartoons, pranks or physical advances. This prohibition of unlawful harassment covers conduct in any workplace context including conferences, work-related activities/social events, and work-related trips as well as harassment from managers, co-workers and non-employees with whom employees have a business relationship, including, but not limited to, vendors, clients and client employees.

Sexual Harassment. Sexual harassment refers to sexual behavior that is not welcome and is offensive. Such behavior is strictly prohibited and will not be tolerated. Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct that is based on an individual's sex or is of a sexual nature constitutes sexual harassment when any of the following occur or are present:

1. Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of employment;
2. Submission to or rejection of such conduct is used as the basis for employment decisions; and/or
3. Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work or performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

2.3 REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION

The Company is committed to providing equal employment opportunities to qualified individuals with disabilities and will not tolerate discrimination against any qualified employee or applicant because of that individual's disability or perceived disability. Once made aware of their disabilities, the Company will provide reasonable accommodation(s) to qualified applicants and employees with a disability if the reasonable accommodation(s) would allow them to perform the essential functions of their jobs, unless doing so would create an undue hardship on the Company. Likewise, the Company is committed to providing equal employment opportunities to all individuals regardless of their religious beliefs and practices or lack thereof. The Company will provide reasonable accommodations of an applicant or employee's sincerely held religious beliefs if the accommodation would resolve a conflict between the individual's religious beliefs or practices and a work requirement, unless doing so would create an undue hardship for the Company. Additionally, the Company is committed to promoting women's health and economic security. To that end, the Company will provide reasonable workplace accommodations to applicants and employees whose ability to perform the essential functions of their job are limited by pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition, unless doing so would impose an undue hardship on the Company.

To request a reasonable accommodation, contact your manager or the HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the "Let's Chat" icon on your desktop). The Company encourages individuals to come forward and request reasonable accommodations in writing and to include relevant information such as a description of the accommodation being requested, the reason the accommodation is needed, and how the

accommodation will help the individual perform the essential functions of the job. The Company will respond promptly to such requests and may require additional information or documentation to establish whether a disability or religious belief is protected by law, or to determine whether and what type(s) of accommodations would be effective. The Company makes determinations about reasonable accommodations on a case-by-case basis considering various factors based on an individualized assessment in each situation. If you believe that you have been improperly denied a reasonable accommodation request or have not received a response from the Company to your accommodation request, contact the HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453 or hrsupport@randstadusa.com).

2.4 PROTECTION AGAINST RETALIATION

The Company will not tolerate any form of reprisal, intimidation or retaliation against any person who makes a complaint, opposes a practice, provides information, cooperates in an investigation, or participates in a proceeding concerning an actual violation (or a reasonably held belief of a violation) of federal, state or local laws, including, but not limited to, anti-discrimination, anti-harassment, workplace health and safety, wage and hour, employee benefits, leave of absence (including sick leave), antitrust, anti-bribery, privacy, securities laws, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, the National Labor Relations Act, and other applicable laws. No retaliation is tolerated even when the alleged violation ultimately is determined to be unfounded. The Company also will not tolerate any form of reprisal, intimidation or retaliation against any person who requests an accommodation of a disability or religious belief, or exercises, or seeks to exercise, any rights or protections to which they are entitled by applicable federal, state or local laws.

The Defend Trade Secrets Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1833(b), provides an immunity for the disclosure of a trade secret to report suspected violations of law and/or in an anti-retaliation lawsuit as follows:

IMMUNITY. An individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any Federal or State trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that (1) is made (a) in confidence to a Federal, State, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney; and (b) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (2) is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal.

USE OF TRADE SECRET INFORMATION IN ANTI-RETALIATION LAWSUIT. An individual who files a lawsuit for retaliation by an employer for reporting a suspected violation of law may disclose the trade secret to the attorney of the individual and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if the individual (1) files any document containing the trade secret under seal; and (2) does not disclose the trade secret, except pursuant to court order.

2.5 COMPLAINT AND INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

Reporting of Complaints. The Company encourages and expects applicants and employees to report incidents of discrimination, harassment or retaliation whether they are directly involved or are a witness. Applicants or employees who believe that (i) they are being subjected to discrimination, harassment or retaliation by a coworker, supervisor, manager or other individual at the workplace; (ii) their employment is being adversely affected by such conduct; or (iii) they have witnessed such conduct, should immediately report such concerns to their manager or HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the "Let's Chat" icon on your desktop). If you have concerns about wrongdoing that you do not believe can be addressed by your manager, your manager's manager, or the HR Support Center, you should utilize the Company's Misconduct Reporting Procedure (Subsection 1.4).

Investigation. After a complaint of discrimination, harassment or retaliation is received, a prompt and impartial investigation will be conducted and, in the event the complaint is found to have merit, appropriate corrective steps will be taken which may include disciplinary action up to and including discharge of any Company employee engaged in such wrongdoing. Our investigative procedures may also involve the HR Representatives, managers and employees of

a client or other third parties (such as vendors) when the complaint involves anyone who is not employed by the Company. All complaints will be handled in a discreet manner and information will be limited to those personnel with a need to know.

Expectations of Individuals Involved in or Witnesses to an Incident. The person complaining, the respondent, managers, and any other individual who is a witness to, or hears about, an incident are expected to cooperate in the investigation of the matter, including acting in good faith to provide any and all information as requested that would aid in the investigation.

2.6 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAM

The Company maintains an affirmative action program, which is available for review. To request such a review, write to the Company's Equality, Diversity, and Inclusion Office at One Overton Park, 3625 Cumberland Boulevard, Suite 500, Atlanta, GA 30339.

The Company affords equal employment opportunity through affirmative action for qualified disabled individuals, qualified disabled veterans, and qualified veterans of the Vietnam era or other veterans who served on active duty during a war or in a campaign for which a campaign badge has been authorized. If you have a disability and/or are a veteran and would like to be considered under the affirmative action program, please contact the Company's Equality, Diversity, and Inclusion Office (rus-redi@randstadusa.com). You may inform us of your desire to benefit from the program at any time.

Submission of disability-related information is voluntary and refusal to provide it will not subject you to any adverse treatment. Information you submit will be kept confidential except that (i) supervisors and managers may be informed regarding restrictions on the duties of individuals with disabilities and accommodations; (ii) first aid and safety personnel may be informed, when and to the extent appropriate, if the condition might require emergency treatment; and (iii) government officials engaged in enforcing federal and state laws, such as officials at the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs or the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, may be informed. The information provided would be used only in ways that are not inconsistent with Section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act.

2.7 EQUAL PAY POLICY

At the Company, we believe in fair and equitable business practices. The Company employs a variety of strategies to attract and retain top talent, which includes offering competitive compensation, benefits and opportunities to learn and grow within the Company. The Company is committed to ensuring equal pay for all employees and prohibits any pay discrimination in accordance with applicable state and federal laws. These laws prohibit wage discrimination in the workplace and ensure that jobs with the same functions, similar working conditions, and requiring substantially the same skills are compensated equally with allowable pay differences based on factors such as experience, qualifications, seniority, geographic location, performance and other factors not prohibited by applicable law. The Company is committed to ensuring a work environment where all employees are treated and compensated equitably.

2.8 PHILANTHROPIC GIVING POLICY

The Company will not make corporate charitable contributions to non-religious organizations that have a written policy of discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, age, sex (including pregnancy), sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, disability, veteran status, service in the uniformed services, citizenship status, genetic information, or any other characteristic protected by applicable federal, state or local law.

SECTION 3: RECRUITMENT AND JOB POSTINGS

In the area of recruitment, there are two key policies: non-discrimination and truth in advertising. These policies must be followed in all hiring, personnel actions and job posting / job advertising procedures. This is true whether you are seeking an internal hire or hiring Talent for a client.

3.1 NON-DISCRIMINATION: JOB ORDERS, REQUESTS AND ADVERTISEMENTS

As part of its commitment to equal employment opportunity, the Company prohibits Associates from accepting discriminatory job orders or requests and placing discriminatory job advertisements.

A discriminatory job order, request or advertisement is any employment-related job order, client request or job advertisement that indicates any preference, limitation, specification or discrimination based upon race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, age, sex (including pregnancy), sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, disability, veteran status, service in the uniformed services, citizenship status, genetic information or any other status protected by applicable law or protected conduct/whistle blowing.

Generally, a discriminatory job order or request from a client may: (1) be clearly and expressly discriminatory; (2) be suggestive of discrimination; or (3) require further legal analysis.

1. Clear, expressly discriminatory job orders and requests. This order or request is blatantly discriminatory. You will recognize the discriminatory criteria and know that the client is intending to place a discriminatory job order or make a discriminatory request. An example includes, "please send an attractive, young woman for this position."

If you receive this type of clearly discriminatory order or request by a client, you may not agree with the client, remain silent or try to work around the issue. Under no circumstances should you fill a clearly discriminatory order — even with the most qualified employee — or comply with a discriminatory request. Instead, you should advise the client that: (1) you appreciate the client working with the Company; however, the Company is an equal employment opportunity employer and cannot [*accept an order / comply with a request*] that discriminates on the basis of [*identify the protected class*]; (2) you believe that [*filling the order / complying with the request*] would violate EEO laws and potentially subject both the client and the Company to liability; and (3) you will not [*accept the order / comply with the request*]. You may then request that the client reconsider its criteria/decision. Do not accept any further orders from the client until the discrimination has been cured. Also, contact your manager and report the situation.

2. Orders and requests that suggest discrimination. With this type of order or request, a client may use words which indicate a discriminatory job order or request, but the client is using the words in a generic sense. Examples include, "send over a couple of guys to handle loading" or "she needs to be able to do the following skills ..." In these circumstances, the client may or may not be requiring that the employees be of a particular protected classification; however, these situations warrant further review.

To avoid problems caused by orders and requests that suggest discrimination, use neutral language wherever possible (e.g., "salesperson" instead of "salesman or saleswoman"). Ask the client to clarify the specific requirements for the job and question whether or not the trait referenced is absolutely necessary and specific to the position. For example, if the client requests "a couple of guys," after reviewing the requirements, you could say, "You indicated initially that you needed a couple of guys. I have several employees who would meet the requirements of this assignment, both male and female. Would that be acceptable to you?" If, after discussing the requirements for the job, the client continues to request someone of a particular race, sex, age, etc., you should treat the order as clearly discriminatory. On the other hand, if after discussing the job requirements, the client did not intend to be discriminatory and removes the unlawful part of the order, you may fill the order with the most qualified employee.

3. Job orders or requests that require legal interpretation. In certain cases, you may suspect — but not know for certain — whether a particular order or request is discriminatory within the meaning of the law. An example includes clients that refuse to accept individuals who have ever been arrested. While this refusal may be discriminatory and violate EEO laws, you initially may not be sure that the refusal is discriminatory. Also, laws can vary from state to state and certain states may protect additional classes of people not otherwise protected under federal law.

A “Bona Fide Occupational Qualification” (BFOQ) is another example of a situation where legal interpretation is required. BFOQs are very rare and cannot be based on stereotypes or customer preference. You may not make the determination that a discriminatory request is justified as a BFOQ based solely on a client’s representation that it is. The standards for satisfying this BFOQ exception are so high and rarely applicable that they should be avoided, absent consultation with and express approval of the Legal Department or Employee Relations.

Language and Linguistic Characteristics. Language and linguistic characteristics are closely related to national origin and therefore orders and requests need to be carefully scrutinized to ensure that they do not unlawfully deter or specifically target any particular group. For example, an employer may consider an employee’s foreign accent only if the accent materially interferes with the ability to perform the specific job duties. Similarly, an English language fluency requirement should reflect the actual level of proficiency required for the position for which it is imposed. An English fluency requirement may be used if it is needed to promote the safe or efficient operation of the client’s business, including communications with customers, coworkers or supervisors who only speak English; emergency situations in which workers must speak a common language to promote safety; and cooperative work assignments in which a common language is needed to promote efficiency.

Examples of unacceptable job requests/advertisement language and permissible substitutes.

The following are some examples of improper job orders/requests/advertisement language and inappropriate “trigger” words. These words should serve as a warning about a job order or request and should be avoided in job advertisements. Use of the unacceptable language noted below is prohibited:

Unacceptable job order/request/ advertisement language	Examples of acceptable alternatives
“U.S. Citizen,”* “Permanent Resident,” “Green Card Holder,” etc. or those that specify a particular type of work authorization that must be provided. *Note: a few positions which involve sensitive work for the U.S. Government may have a lawful U.S. Person requirement. If you believe you are filling such a position, please confirm with Legal.	“Must be legally authorized to work in the U.S. without sponsorship.”
“mature person,” “supplement your pension”	“Excellent second source of income,” “at least 5 years of experience in [XYZ] field required”
“recent college graduate,” “1-2 years out of college,” “recent high school graduate,” “college student,” “recent degree,” “excellent first job”	“Degree (or diploma) required,” “at least 2 years of college required,” “entry level”
“young,” “youthful,” “youthful appearance”	“willing to work at entry-level,” “beginner”
“women and minorities encouraged to apply”	“equal opportunity employer”
“foreman,” “lead man”	“supervisor,” “crew, shift or team leader”
“athletic,” “athletically inclined,” “strong,” “burly”	“able to lift 20 – 40 pounds”
“cute,” “handsome,” “pretty,” “clean-cut,”	“professional,” “possess excellent customer relations skills”

3.2 GUIDELINES FOR COMPLYING WITH TRUTH IN ADVERTISING LAWS

Advertising must be truthful and non-deceptive (e.g., it cannot mislead applicants acting reasonably under the circumstances). This means that job advertisements cannot expressly state or even imply things that are not true. Job advertisements should be related to an existing position or a bona fide job opportunity. They should accurately describe the position and distinguish between required versus preferred skills and experience. Also, advertisements should not guarantee any specific period of employment when the relationship will be at-will employment. Avoid all words or phrases that discriminate against candidates based on protected characteristics.

SECTION 4: ANTITRUST COMPLIANCE

The Company competes vigorously in full compliance with all applicable antitrust laws. Wrongful actions, even by junior employees, could expose the Company to an antitrust investigation, the risk of substantial fines, possible imprisonment of one or more individuals, and harm to our business and reputation. This section of the Handbook is an abbreviated version of the US Antitrust Law Compliance policy. Associates must be familiar with the full content of the policy, which is available from the Legal page of the Connect on Happeo.

4.1 SUMMARY OF MOST SERIOUS ANTICOMPETITIVE ACTS

The most serious anti-competitive practices are the following:

1. Horizontal Agreements: Any agreement among competitors to limit or diminish competition in any respect, including any agreement among competitors to (a) raise, lower or stabilize prices or discounts, or to fix the terms or conditions of sale; (b) divide or limit sales to certain territory or customers; (c) limit or divide production or sale of a product; (d) exchange confidential information in order to facilitate market coordination; or (e) not sell to or purchase from a particular customer, supplier or competitor.

2. Exchanging commercially sensitive information: The exchange of commercially sensitive information may indicate the existence of an unlawful agreement to restrain competition, and may be considered an antitrust violation. Indeed, such an exchange would replace uncertainty in the market with a form of cooperation between businesses which are in a position to anticipate each other's behavior in the market. Even purely informal contacts are likely to raise the suspicion of the antitrust authorities.

You may wonder how this applies to sharing competitively sensitive information with Managed Service Providers (MSPs). In performing the tasks as an MSP, the Company will receive information about prices and conditions offered by its competitors. As long as the flow of information is purely one-directional and only serves to enable the Company to perform its tasks as an MSP, it is acceptable for the Company to receive this information. However, the Company's MSP personnel should not share such competitor information with other operating companies within the Company's Group. Furthermore, the Company should not provide any information about its own prices and conditions to its competitors (except to a competitor acting in its role as MSP) or engage in any attempt to coordinate prices and conditions with competitors. In addition, while the Company is in principle free (within the limits set by the contract agreed with the customer) to try to fulfill the staffing needs of the customer by providing its own services before engaging other staffing agencies, the Company should not unduly restrict the freedom of the customer to engage staffing agencies of its own choice. The receipt of information concerning prices and conditions offered by competitors entails the need to observe extra care in dealing with such competitors.

3. Vertical Agreements: Any agreement between independent commercial operators at different levels to limit or diminish competition in any respect. Moreover, some vertical agreements may have horizontal aspects, mainly when they are signed with a company that is, for the purpose of the contract, a subcontractor, but in other contexts, a competitor. This may be the case when a staffing company acts as a manager of other staffing companies acting as its

subcontractors. Such subcontracting arrangements only raise antitrust concerns if they limit or diminish competition, such as by the inclusion of overbroad non-competition or non-solicitation provisions.

The arrangements in question can be written or oral and include not only formal arrangements but also informal arrangements and activities. A violation can occur if concerned parties, for example in an informal meeting, express their intention to behave in a particular way. The existence of an illegal arrangement may be inferred from all the circumstances, and can be a continuing business relationship between the parties or a concerted practice. For example, an informal oral arrangement between two competitors not to undercut each other's prices or rates or to share client information would be illegal.

4.2 SUMMARY OF DO'S AND DON'Ts

This set of basic "Dos and Don'ts" provides Associates with an idea of areas that may violate antitrust laws.

- **Do** avoid contact or meetings with competitors unless you have a legitimate reason for doing so. Particular care should be taken during discussions at trade associations and the legal department should preferably look at agendas before meetings.
- **Do** discuss any proposed agreements by or with competitors with the Legal department before negotiations begin, so that they can identify any possible antitrust law issues.
- **Do** be aware that a poor choice of words can make a perfectly legal activity look suspicious.
- **Do**, if a competitor starts discussing any of the items listed under "DON'Ts" below, always state that you cannot discuss such matters, terminate the conversation, keep an accurate file note of this conversation and of what was said, and follow the "Reporting Violations" procedure set out in the complete policy; merely remaining silent is not sufficient.
- **Do** check with the Legal Department regarding which intra-group agreements are allowed among the Company's group of companies.
- **Do**, when sharing information with colleagues within the Company about prices and conditions offered by a competitor engaged by the Company, identify the context within which that information has been obtained (to avoid the impression that the information has been obtained as part of an attempt to coordinate prices).
- **Do not** discuss or agree to arrangements with competitors relating to:
 - prices, rates, discounts, timing of pricing changes or other trading conditions;
 - allocations or restrictions relating to markets and/or sources of supply (by location or customer);
 - supply or marketing schedules;
 - limiting or controlling any investment or technical development; and
 - cooperation agreements with competitors (unless the Legal Department has been consulted).
- **Do not** allow or seek access to or discuss confidential or other unpublished business information of the Company or its competitors (such as prices; costs of supply; profitability; strategy; business and marketing plans; product development plans, information on customers).
- **Do not** discuss or agree to arrangements with competitors on bids for contracts or procedures for responding to bid invitations.
- **Do not** discuss with or disclose to a competitor engaged by the Company (for example, in the context of an MSP) the prices and conditions which the Company is offering to the customer.
- **Do not** try to influence the prices and conditions offered by a competitor engaged by the Company's MSP in a manner that is detrimental to the customer.

SECTION 5: BRIBERY, GIFT AND HOSPITALITY POLICY

This summary is designed to help Associates comply with the Company's Bribery, Gift and Hospitality Policy by defining gifts and hospitality and summarizing the value limits attached to the acceptance and provision of these items. This summary does not address every situation you may encounter and is not a substitute for reading the complete Policy itself, which is available on the Legal pages of Connect on Happeo.

All Associates must use their good judgment when providing or accepting gifts or hospitality (regardless of their value) to ensure that they are reasonable in cost, quantity and frequency and do not create the appearance of undue influence. For example, you must not provide gifts (other than nominal items) or hospitality to a client when you are negotiating a contract or during a tender process. Any questions about the Policy should be directed to the Legal Department.

What is a gift and what is the Company's policy regarding providing or accepting gifts? Gifts are non-monetary items, such as flowers, gift baskets, books, desk ornaments or activities or outings that only the Company personnel participate in (or that only third parties participate in).

- Gifts worth \$50 or less may be provided and accepted by Associates in reasonable quantities without prior approval and without being reported.
- Gifts between \$51 and \$200 may not be provided or accepted without the prior approval of the Company's CFO and must be reported by you to rus-giftsandhospitality@randstadusa.com.
- Gifts exceeding \$200 may not be provided or accepted without the prior approval of the Company's Legal Department (see the Policy for instructions on how to request approval) and must be reported via email to rus-giftsandhospitality@randstadusa.com.

What is hospitality and what is the Company's policy regarding hospitality? Hospitality is an activity or outing, such as a meal, travel or entertainment, that is shared between Associates and third parties, such as clients, prospects or vendors.

- Associates may accept hospitality worth up to \$75 per person or \$750 in the aggregate per occasion without prior approval and without being reported. Hospitality between \$76 and \$400 per person or between \$751 and \$5,000 in the aggregate per occasion may not be accepted without the prior approval of the Company's CFO and must be reported by you via e-mail to rus-giftsandhospitality@randstadusa.com.
- Associates may provide hospitality worth up to \$100 per person or \$2,000 in the aggregate per occasion without prior approval under the Policy and without being reported. **Note that even at amounts below \$100 per person or \$2,000 per occasion, you should be sure that the amount is consistent with your manager's guidance and expectations regarding hospitality.** Hospitality between \$101 and \$400 per person per occasion or between \$2,000 and \$5,000 in the aggregate per occasion may not be provided without the prior approval of the Company's CFO and must be reported via email to rus-giftsandhospitality@randstadusa.com.
- Hospitality exceeding \$400 per person per occasion or \$5,000 in the aggregate per occasion may not be provided or accepted without the prior approval of the Company's Legal Department (see the Policy for instructions on how to request approval) and must be reported by you via e-mail to rus-giftsandhospitality@randstadusa.com.

SECTION 6: COMPENSATION AND WORKING HOURS

6.1 COMPENSATION

Employees are compensated differently depending on their role within the organization. For most Associates, compensation will come in the form of an hourly wage, a salary, or a reconciliation/draw against commissions and may include other incentive plans. Several factors may influence pay rates including, but not limited to, the nature and scope of your job or skills, experience, marketplace factors, internal equity, and individual and Company performance. Subject to applicable law, the Company retains sole discretion to establish, interpret, and determine the eligibility requirements for, or to amend or discontinue, any compensation plans, including but not limited to, those related to any merit pay increases, promotional pay increases, equity pay increases, incentives, bonuses, commissions, or other compensation plans.

Bonus, commission, incentive or other variable pay plans. Some Associates may be eligible to participate in one of the Company's incentive or other variable pay plans, depending on their position within the Company. Each incentive and variable pay plan has a document that outlines the applicable participant classification and other eligibility requirements and plan components. All eligibility and payout requirements outlined in each plan must be met in order to be eligible to earn any incentive payment, including, but not limited to, job function, thresholds and targets.

Merit increases. At the Company's sole discretion, compensation adjustments may be considered on an annual basis based upon the Company's and an Associate's personal performance in the previous calendar year and a review of current total compensation. Merit pay increases for newly hired Associates may be prorated based on date of hire.

Promotional increases. At the Company's sole discretion, Associates promoted into positions of greater responsibility may be considered for a promotional pay increase. A promotion normally involves moving to a different position with increased responsibilities and skill requirements than those required in the current position. Not all promotions however result in a promotional pay increase.

Equity adjustments. There may be special circumstances where Associates may receive compensation adjustments outside of the normal merit pay increase process or promotional pay increase process. At the Company's sole discretion, equity pay increases may be considered when: (1) a merit or promotional salary actions fail to maintain internal equity between Associates of similar levels of experience and performance, or between managers and subordinates; (2) an Associate has difficulty to recruit skills; (3) an Associate is relocated within the same position to a higher cost of living area; (4) Associate salaries are below the minimum for the salary band; or (5) market rates have changed significantly since the merit process. Equity pay increases may not be given more than once in any rolling 12-month period.

6.2 OVERTIME AND EXEMPTION FROM OVERTIME

All overtime hours for non-exempt employees must be approved in advance. Except for extenuating circumstances where unplanned overtime is necessary to address a client emergency, you must obtain your manager's approval before working any overtime hours. Even in such extenuating circumstances, you must immediately (i.e. the same day) notify your manager of any overtime hours that you worked and the specific reason for doing so. Regardless of whether any overtime hours were approved in advance by your manager, you will be paid for **ALL** hours, including overtime hours that you actually work. Accordingly, it is imperative that you accurately report overtime hours on your time record even if the overtime was not approved in advance. However, repeated or egregious failure(s) to comply with the requirement to get prior approval for overtime hours will subject an employee to disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

Overtime premium compensation (usually one and a half times an employee's regular rate of pay) is paid to all

non-exempt employees working overtime in accordance with federal and applicable state laws. Overtime premium pay is based on actual hours worked. As such, time away from work (whether paid or unpaid) due to sickness, vacation, holiday, or any leave of absence will not be considered as hours worked for purposes of calculating overtime premium pay.

Employees who are classified as exempt do not receive overtime premium compensation. If you are classified as exempt, but believe that you are not performing exempt duties or otherwise are entitled to receive overtime, you must notify your manager or the HR Support Center immediately (1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or click on the 'Let's Chat' icon on your desktop). The HR Support Center will promptly review your actual duties with you and your manager as well as the method by which your wages are paid and determine whether your classification remains correct. The Company is committed to ensuring that all employees are properly classified under applicable wage and hour laws. The Company will not tolerate any retaliation against you for raising your concerns about overtime eligibility with the Company.

6.3 TIMEKEEPING POLICY AND TIME ENTRY SUBMITTAL PROCESS

It is the Company's policy to maintain accurate time records and pay employees in accordance with all applicable laws. Non-exempt employees will be paid for all time actually worked.

Accurate record of time actually worked. Accurate time records are required by law and are necessary to ensure the correct payment of wages to employees. Accordingly, non-exempt employees must record all time actually worked, even if you worked overtime without prior approval or time that differs from your normal work schedule. For example, if you are scheduled to work from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., but you actually worked from 8:50 a.m. until 5:20 p.m., you must record the time you actually worked rather than your scheduled hours. When paying your wages, the Company will rely upon the time record you provide and presume that you have complied with this Policy when recording your time.

Time entry requirements. All time spent performing work or engaging in work-related activities must be recorded. Regardless of the timekeeping system or method used, employees paid hourly must report any absences during the workweek, and record the actual times you begin and end working each day as well as the actual times you begin and end any meal period.

Falsification of time records. The Company will not tolerate any falsification of time records, including:

- Over-reporting time (i.e. reporting more time than the time actually worked)
- Under-reporting time (i.e. reporting less time than the time actually worked)
- Working "off-the-clock" (i.e. working but not reporting time)
- Tampering with the Company's time clock or other timekeeping system
- Tampering with other employee's time records
- Encouraging or coercing other employees to misrepresent time worked

Reporting errors or violations of this policy. Associates must notify their Company manager and Talent must notify their Company Representative immediately if a timekeeping system is not functioning properly. In such case, manually record and submit your time until the problem is corrected. Do not sign and/or submit a time record unless you are sure it is accurate and complete. However, if you believe that a correction to your time record is necessary, you must promptly notify your Company manager (for Associates) or Company Representative (for Talent). Steps will be taken to investigate any reported error and make any necessary correction.

No client, Company manager or Company Representative has the authority to require, permit, or ask any employee to work "off-the-clock" or to otherwise misrepresent the actual time worked on a time record. If you believe you are being asked or required to work without being paid for such time, you must report it immediately to your Company

manager (for Associates), your Company Representative (for Talent) or the HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453 or hrsupport@randstadusa.com). The Company will not tolerate any retaliation against you for making such a report.

Timely submittal of time worked. Time worked by Associates must be accurately recorded by the end of the day on every other Friday and electronically submitted through Workplace. Managers are requested to review and approve such time records by noon the following Monday. By submitting a time record, you certify that it is a true and correct report of time worked and time taken off for the period indicated. If you will be on a leave of absence or otherwise out of the office on the day time records are due, you must submit your time record in advance of the deadline. Employees who will be out of the office for several days are expected to contact their manager to coordinate the preparation of a time record. Upon approval, the time is transmitted through the payroll process ensuring accurate and prompt processing.

6.4 MEAL AND REST PERIODS

Meal and rest periods are provided in accordance with applicable state and local laws. If any manager requires you to perform work during a meal or rest period or instructs you to falsify any time record concerning your meal periods, you must contact HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the "Let's Chat" icon on your desktop) immediately. Likewise, if you believe you are not receiving the appropriate amount of time for meal or rest periods, you must contact the HR Support Center immediately.

6.5 SUPPORT OF NURSING MOTHERS

The Company provides a supportive environment to enable breastfeeding Associates to express milk during work hours. This includes a company-wide lactation support program administered by Human Resources. Breastfeeding Associates who choose to continue providing their milk for their infants after returning to work shall receive:

1. **Milk Expression Breaks** – Breastfeeding Associates are allowed to breastfeed or express milk during work hours as needed. They may use their normal breaks and meal periods for milk expression, and, if additional time is required, Associates should speak with their manager or HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453 or hrsupport@randstadusa.com) to discuss their needed, reasonable milk expression break schedule. Unless required by applicable law, milk expression breaks are unpaid.
2. **A Place to Express Milk** – A private location (not a restroom) shall be available for Associates to breastfeed or express milk. The room will be private and sanitary, located near a sink with running water for washing hands and rinsing out breast pump parts, and have an electrical outlet. If preferred, Associates may also breastfeed or express milk in their own private offices, or in other comfortable locations agreed upon in consultation with their manager and Employee Relations. Expressed milk may be stored in general company refrigerators or in an Associate's cooler.
3. **Education** – Prenatal and postpartum breastfeeding classes and informational materials are available for all parents, and their partners through our Employee Assistance Program.

Associates should contact their manager or HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453 or hrsupport@randstadusa.com) immediately if they do not believe they are receiving the benefits to which they are entitled under this policy.

6.6 PAY PERIOD AND METHODS OF PAYMENT

The standard payroll week begins Monday and ends Sunday. Associates are currently paid on a bi-weekly basis. The typical payday is Friday. If the payday falls on a holiday observed by the Company, then payroll will be distributed the day prior to the holiday.

Direct payroll deposit (electronic funds transfer) is the Company's preferred method for issuing your pay. All employees are encouraged to take advantage of this convenient and efficient service. It enables the Company to automatically deposit your pay into one or more financial institutions of your choice each payday. To use this service, you must complete a Direct Deposit Authorization Form and submit it to the Payroll Department. Direct deposit will begin the next pay period after the set-up process has been completed. If your state allows or requires other methods to be made available, such as a paper check, Payroll will allow and provide for such other methods.

6.7 PAY DEDUCTIONS AND SETOFFS

All deductions from your pay will be listed on your pay stub. The Company makes certain mandatory deductions from compensation for federal, state and local income taxes where applicable. The Company must also deduct Social Security taxes from each employee's earnings. The deduction amounts will depend on the information you furnish on your W-4 and your earnings. If you wish to modify the information on your W-4, please request and complete a new W-4 form (available at Connect on Happeo) and submit it to the Payroll Department.

Wage Garnishments. The Company may be required to garnish wages of particular employees, pursuant to a validly entered garnishment or court-ordered income deduction order. The Company acts in accordance with the Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act, as well as any other applicable laws that place restrictions on the total amount that may be garnished from an employee's paycheck. Such court-ordered deductions will appear on the employee's pay stub as "Garn."

Voluntary Deductions. In addition to the above-described mandatory deductions, an employee may also authorize voluntary deductions for health insurance, Employee Share Purchase Plan (ESPP), 401(k) contributions, and other benefits or authorized payroll deductions.

Improper Salary Deductions. The Company is committed to compliance with all applicable federal, state and local wage and hour statutes, including the federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). The Company intends to pay exempt employees on a salary basis within the meaning of the FLSA and will not make, and strictly prohibits, salary deductions that are prohibited under the FLSA or any other applicable law. The Company will pay exempt employees their full salary for any week in which they perform any work, except for the following circumstances: (1) absences for personal reasons other than sickness or disability of a day or more, (2) absences of a day or more due to sickness or disability, if the deduction is made in accordance with a bona fide policy, plan or program of providing compensation for salary lost to sickness or disability, (3) offsets for any amounts received as jury fees, witness fees or military pay, (4) penalties imposed for infractions of safety rules of major significance, (5) disciplinary suspensions for infractions of workplace conduct rules, (6) first or last week of employment, and (7) absences for leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act.

If you are an exempt employee and suspect or believe that the Company has taken an improper deduction from your salary, please immediately contact your manager or call the HELP Line at (866) 435-7456. Necessary steps will be taken to promptly investigate your concerns. The Company will promptly reimburse employees for any improper deductions that are found to have been made and will make a good faith effort to avoid making the same mistake in the future. Employees will not be retaliated against for utilizing this procedure or otherwise seeking to obtain amounts to which they believe they are entitled.

6.8 PAY ERRORS

Every effort is made to avoid errors in your paycheck. You should carefully review all paychecks and/or earnings statements to identify any discrepancies in payment. If you believe an error has been made, including that you have been overpaid or underpaid, that unauthorized or inaccurate deductions have been taken from your pay, or that your pay does not accurately reflect all hours worked, contact your manager or call the HELP Line at (866) 435-7456.

Necessary steps will be taken to promptly investigate your concerns and make any corrections to errors that are determined to have been made, including by reimbursing you for any underpayments, improper deductions or other errors. Employees will not be retaliated against for utilizing this procedure or otherwise seeking to obtain amounts to which they believe they are entitled.

6.9 REIMBURSEMENT FOR BUSINESS EXPENSES

The Company's US Travel & Business Expense Policy (available on Connect at Happeo: [US Travel & Business Expense Policy](#)) describes the reimbursement of travel and other expenses by all Associates. In general, Associates will be reimbursed for necessary and reasonable expenses that they actually incur to meet work requirements or further the Company's business while traveling or otherwise conducting business on behalf of the Company. To the extent there is any discrepancy between applicable law and the Policy, Associates will be entitled to reimbursement consistent with applicable law, unless the Policy is more generous in which case the Policy will apply. Expenditures made by the traveling Associate for personal entertainment or which are primarily personal in nature are the responsibility of the Associate and will not be reimbursed by the Company.

At the discretion of your manager, the Company may pay professional memberships/subscriptions. The membership or subscription must be deemed to be directly relevant to the role you perform within the organization.

If you park your vehicle in a lot that charges fees for its use, you are responsible for paying such fees and are not eligible to seek reimbursement, unless your manager has notified you otherwise in writing.

6.10 TRAVEL PAY

(Non-exempt Associates only). Some non-exempt Associate positions may require local travel, extended travel in the United States or, less frequently, international travel for business meetings, training sessions, conferences or other business-related purposes at the request of a manager. Risk Management must approve all travel outside the United States except Canada or Mexico. Non-exempt Associates will be compensated in compliance with applicable state and federal law. The typical commute from an Associate's home to the work site (the usual place to which an Associate reports on a scheduled workday) is not compensable.

6.11 REFERRAL PROGRAM

The Company encourages active Associates to identify and refer candidates for permanent, full-time internal positions. The referral program is intended to increase the number of qualified candidates for permanent, full-time internal positions and reward Associates for their efforts for referring such candidates to the organization. For questions regarding eligibility requirements and submission process, contact the Employee Referrals team at employee.referrals@randstadusa.com.

6.12 BENEFITS PROGRAMS

The Company offers a wide array of benefit programs through leading industry vendor partners to meet the needs of you and your family. The benefit offerings typically include medical, dental, vision, basic life, short- and long-term disability insurance, 401k retirement savings plan, Share Purchase Plan, wellness opportunities through "wellbeing at randstad", and much more. To view benefit information, log into the [Company's Benefit Department](#) page on Connect.

The Company reserves the right to discontinue, modify, or replace any benefit programs, plans, or policies at any time. The specific terms and conditions of benefit programs may be covered by plan documents available through the Benefits Department.

In the event of any conflict between applicable plan documents and the language in this Handbook, the plan documents shall control. Questions about employee benefits can be directed to the Company's Benefits Department at 1-877-601-7453, by email to hrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the "Let's Chat" function on your desktop.

SECTION 7: PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT AND EMPLOYEE CONDUCT

7.1 POLICY RECOGNIZING EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT

Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act ("the NLRA") guarantees employees the right to self-organization, to form, join, or assist labor organizations, to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, and to engage in other concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection, as well as the right to refrain from any or all such activities. Section 8(a)(1) of the NLRA makes it an unfair labor practice for an employer to interfere with, restrain or coerce employees in the exercise of the rights guaranteed in Section 7 of the NLRA.

Nothing in this Handbook will be interpreted, applied or enforced to interfere with, restrain or coerce employees in the exercise of their rights under Section 7 of the NLRA. To the extent that you are an employee covered by the NLRA, nothing in this Handbook prevents you from:

- (a) Organizing a union to negotiate with the Company concerning your wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment.
- (b) Forming, joining or assisting a union, such as by sharing employee contact information; talking about or soliciting for a union during nonwork time, such as before or after work or during break times; or distributing union literature during nonwork time, in nonwork areas.
- (c) Discussing wages, benefits, hours and other working conditions with co-workers or a union.
- (d) Taking action with one or more co-workers to improve working conditions by, among other means, raising work-related complaints directly with the employer or with a government agency, or seeking help from a union; striking and picketing, depending on its purpose and means; documenting meetings held by the Company regarding unionization; and policing a collective bargaining agreement.
- (e) Wearing union hats, buttons, t-shirts and pins in the workplace.
- (f) Choosing not to engage in any of these activities.

7.2 PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

Great Conversations. At the Company, in order to attract, retain, and engage Great People and achieve Great Results, we need for managers and Associates to be having "Great Conversations". Great conversations are meaningful, aspirational, and progress-based; they are future-focused and help Associates grow, develop, and achieve outperformance. Great Conversations are a crucial aspect in driving our business and achieving outperformance in the market. Meaningful - Conversations help Associates understand how their work contributes to organizational goals and priorities, "how they fit" and "why they matter". Aspirational - Conversations help Associates to stretch, learn and grow through valuable feedback, ongoing coaching, and targeted development. Progress-based - Conversations help Associates discuss, track, and celebrate progress toward goal achievement, development of critical capabilities, and personal growth. Visit the Great Conversations page on Connect under HR/myrandstad experience to learn more.

Performance Concerns. Due to the almost infinite types of performance-related issues that may arise, the Company believes it is best to address these issues on a case-by-case basis. Performance issues generally will be addressed in an informal manner first. If there are continued or new performance issues following the informal

conversation, subsequent discussions may be documented through a more formal process, including a Performance Improvement Plan (PIP) to address specific performance problems. The Company, however, reserves its right, consistent with the at-will employment relationship, to end an employee's employment with the Company at any time for any lawful reason, including client business needs or the employee's performance problems, regardless of whether these problems have been formally documented or previously addressed.

Also, any violation of the policies contained in this Handbook may subject employees to discipline, up to and including termination of employment and ineligibility for rehire, depending on the seriousness and/or frequency of the violation. The Company, in its sole discretion, may consider an employee's job performance, prior violation of work rules, and other relevant circumstances in determining whether to counsel, warn, suspend or discharge an employee for engaging in prohibited conduct.

7.3 RULES OF CONDUCT

Certain rules of conduct are necessary for the safety and productivity of our employees and the protection of property. Generally, unexcused conduct that may be disruptive or unproductive, or conduct that is violent, unethical or illegal, will not be tolerated. Listed below are some examples of prohibited conduct. Prohibiting such conduct is for the best interests of the Company and all employees. This list is not intended to be exhaustive. The following types of activities are prohibited in the workplace:

1. Violating any policy in this Handbook or any other applicable work rule or policy.
2. Engaging in fraud, falsifying records, making maliciously false statements to supervisory personnel or a manager, or being dishonest with or discourteous to company employees, talent, clients, vendors, and/or suppliers.
3. Illegal gambling on the property of the Company or its client.
4. Use or illegal possession of weapons or firearms on the property of the Company or its client, or in the conduct of the Company's or the client's business.
5. Failure to report for scheduled medical treatment relating to an on-the-job injury.
6. Violation or disregard of workplace safety rules or practices.
7. Engaging in criminal behavior that makes the employee unfit for his/her position.
8. Unauthorized work elsewhere while on a leave of absence or unexcused failure to return to work at the end of an authorized leave of absence.
9. Engaging in threatening, intimidating, or coercive conduct, or using profane, obscene or abusive language toward, other employees, talent, clients, suppliers, or vendors.
10. Engaging in disorderly conduct (including fighting, horseplay, and other types of physical altercations) while on the property of the Company or its client or while engaging in the Company's or client's business.
11. Engaging in obscene conduct or viewing/displaying indecent materials, literature or pictures on the property of the Company or its client or while using the resources of the Company or its client.
12. Sleeping, giving the appearance of sleeping, or loafing during working hours.
13. Insubordination, which includes, but is not limited to, the following conduct: (a) refusal or failure to obey work orders or perform a job assignment given by your manager or manager; (b) public displays of disrespectful behavior on the property of the Company or its client, or toward a manager or manager; (c) threatening, intimidating, coercing, or interfering with supervision; (d) abusive language to any supervisor, co-worker or manager; or (e) openly making or publishing false, vicious, or malicious statements concerning supervisors or managers.

14. Stealing, misappropriating, misusing, removing, defacing, abusing, vandalizing or otherwise destroying or impairing the usability of the property of the Company, your co-workers, the Company's client, talent or suppliers.
15. Carrying on your own or another business enterprise during working hours, or otherwise allowing your own or another business enterprise to interfere with the performance of your duties as an employee of the Company, as well as unauthorized use of property belonging to the Company, your co-workers, the Company's clients, talent or suppliers for the purpose of carrying on your own business or another enterprise.
16. Providing any person with unauthorized access to the property of the Company, your co-workers or the Company's clients, talent or suppliers.
17. Any act that adversely affects the integrity, security, effectiveness or safety of the Company or the Company's employees, talent or clients.

Note: These Rules of Conduct do not prohibit employees from exercising their rights under Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act. See the Company's Policy on Recognizing Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act.

7.4 ABUSIVE CONDUCT AND ANTI-BULLYING POLICY

The Company is committed to providing a working environment that is free from harassing, threatening, or intimidating behavior. The Company promotes a healthy workplace culture where all employees (including contractors, interns, etc.) have the right to be treated with respect. In addition to prohibiting all forms of workplace discrimination and harassment, the Company also prohibits any form of bullying or "abusive conduct" both inside the workplace and outside the workplace (i.e. off-site Company events, social media sites and/or other online platforms).

"Abusive conduct" is defined as severe and pervasive intentional conduct, unrelated to the Company's legitimate business interests, that a reasonable person would find to be hostile, offensive or demeaning. It is irrelevant whether or not the offender intended his/her conduct to be abusive. A single act may constitute "abusive conduct" if the incident is especially severe and egregious. Examples of "abusive conduct" shall include, but are not limited to:

- Repeated infliction of verbal abuse such as the use of derogatory remarks, insults, ridicule or epithets;
- Verbal or physical conduct that a reasonable person would find threatening, intimidating, degrading or humiliating such as yelling, cursing, shunning, gratuitous criticism, threatening gestures, staring, or creating/sharing offensive depictions of another;
- Physical abuse such as pushing, shoving, punching, kicking, poking, tripping, or purposely impeding another's path;
- Sabotage or undermining of a person's work performance or work area;
- Using social media, email, instant messaging, text messaging, or any other type of digital technology to torment, threaten, harass, embarrass or otherwise target another.

This policy does not restrict supervisors or managers from legitimately overseeing and evaluating employees' work. Coaching, counseling, discipline, evaluations, and the application of standards and goals in evaluating an employee's job performance, is permitted and is to be expected as a normal part of the employment relationship. "Abusive conduct" shall be distinguished from behavior that is appropriate to the carrying out of necessary instructional, advisory, or supervisory responsibilities.

Reporting and Discipline. Individuals who believe they have been subjected to or witnessed "abusive conduct" that violates this policy should report the conduct to their manager or the HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the "Let's Chat" icon on your desktop). If the conduct poses an imminent threat to your own safety or the safety of others, immediately contact the police and follow the Company process for [reporting](#)

[workplace violence](#). The Company encourages the prompt reporting of complaints of “abusive conduct” so that appropriate remedial action can be taken. Any behavior inconsistent with these guidelines or the Company’s business principles, including activity on an employee’s personal social media account, may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

Retaliation. The Company prohibits any form of retaliation against those who report, speak out against, or participate in investigations regarding “abusive conduct”. The Company also prohibits retaliation against anyone connected to those who report, speak out against, or participate in investigations regarding “abusive conduct” (i.e. members of a complainant’s family). Individuals who believe they have been subjected to or witnessed retaliation related to a report of “abusive conduct” should notify their manager or the HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the “Let’s Chat” icon on your desktop).

7.5 ATTENDANCE

Regular and predictable attendance is an essential function of positions at the Company and is critical to the successful operation of the Company’s business. You are expected to be actively working in accordance with the schedule and at the worksite established by your manager, and to raise any related concerns with your manager.

Tardiness/Absence. If you will be tardy or absent from work for part or all of the workday or shift, you must report it to your manager at least 30 minutes before the start of your workday or shift. For any absence of more than one day, you must also report the anticipated duration of the absence and still contact your manager each day of your absence (unless on a leave of absence approved by Benefits). If you are tardy or absent from work without reporting your absence as required by this subsection, you may be subject to disciplinary counseling and/or termination of employment. Similarly, if you have a history of unexcused, excessive tardiness or absenteeism, or a suspicious pattern of tardiness or absenteeism, you may be subject to disciplinary counseling and/or termination of employment. The Company reserves the right to request documentation, including from a health care provider, supporting the need for any absence of three (3) consecutive days or more.

Job Abandonment - No Call/No Show. If you will be away from work unexpectedly, you are required to notify your manager as soon as practicable. However, if you do not report to work for three (3) consecutive scheduled workdays or shifts and fail to report these absences as instructed above, the Company will consider you to have resigned from your employment without notice. The effective date of your resignation will be the first day of your no call/no show.

There may be situations in which compliance with this policy is not feasible or you require a legally protected sick, safe or other type of leave under applicable federal, state or local law. If you believe compliance with this policy is not feasible or you require a legally protected absence, you (or your representative) must notify your manager or HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the “Let’s Chat” icon on your desktop) as soon as practicable. There also may be situations in which the Company has provided an attendance-related reasonable accommodation to you consistent with its Equal Employment Opportunity Policy. You will not be disciplined for any legally protected absence or accommodation.

7.6 BUSINESS APPROPRIATE DRESS

The Company has a business appropriate dress policy, meaning that appropriate business attire depends on the nature of the work performed. When meeting with external customers, vendors, or candidates, you must dress according to the expected level and type of interaction, which may mean that you will have to wear traditional business attire. For those who are primarily involved in office activities, and who do not regularly come in contact with external customers, vendors, or clients, proper business attire will be determined by the custom of the office.

In all instances, the Company expects employees to meet a minimum standard of dress. Clothing must be neat and clean, without any obvious wear, holes or frayed areas. Employee's clothing also must be appropriate for the type of work performed and may not contain pictures, images or symbols that are obscene, threatening or violate the Company's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy. Footwear should be comfortable and clean, and must meet the safety requirements of the job, where applicable. Employees who report to work dressed in attire that is inconsistent with this policy may be asked to leave and report back to work in appropriate attire. In such case, employees will not be paid for time spent away from work in order to comply with this policy.

7.7 TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT

The Company encourages all of its Associates to develop and pursue training and development plans with your manager. Training opportunities may occur in a variety of formats, including informally shadowing more experienced colleagues, attending interactive classroom training, or viewing webinars or other electronic training. Randstad University (RU), available through Connect on Happeo, is our learning management system that supports Associates' professional development and tracks your learning progress electronically. You can view on RU available courses and discuss with your manager which courses would be appropriate to enhance your skills or knowledge of the Company's business processes and policies. Your manager can work with you to map out a schedule for completing training while balancing the competing needs of your work duties. From time to time, training courses may be assigned to you in RU to promote compliance with applicable laws and Company policies.

For non-exempt employees, your manager will assign or make you aware of any mandatory training. For any job-related or Company training that is not mandatory, you must discuss with and receive approval from your manager before voluntarily taking such a training. Consistent with the Company's Timekeeping Policy, you must record in the time entry system all time spent in any training that is approved for you by your Company manager or assigned to you by the Company (including by your manager) so that the Company can pay for the time spent in such training. If you took a training that was not required of you or approved by your manager, record all time spent in the training and discuss it with your manager. You will be paid for compensable work time pursuant to applicable laws, but you may be disciplined should you fail to obtain prior approval from your manager for training time. Electronic training, including through RU, must be taken during regular working hours on a device provided or approved by the Company.

7.8 CAREER ADVANCEMENT

The Company encourages current Associates to take advantage of career advancement opportunities within the Company. The Company's goal is to provide you with access to information on our operating companies, business lines and departments as well as to provide you with career maps, job profiles and open positions enabling you to easily progress in your career at the Company. Resources and tools are available as well to help you design, explore and track your career goals aligning them with opportunities within the Company.

SECTION 8: SAFETY AND WORK SITES

8.1 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

Your health, safety, and welfare are of paramount concern to the Company. All reasonably necessary steps will be taken to ensure that you are provided with a safe working environment. The Company also expects you to take certain steps to ensure your own safety, as well as the safety of those around you.

1. You must adhere to the Company's or, if assigned to work at a client site, the client's safe work practices.
2. You must promptly report any accidents, unsafe conditions, and/or unsafe acts to your manager and, if assigned to work at a client's site, to the appropriate client management representative as well.
3. You must wear all prescribed personal protective equipment ("PPE").

4. You must become familiar with emergency and evacuation procedures.
5. You must know the location of safety and emergency equipment and how to operate them (such as safety showers, eye washes, fire extinguishers, and alarm pull stations).
6. You must maintain your personal work area in accordance with the Company's Neat Work Areas Policy or, if assigned to work at a client's site, the client's housekeeping guidelines.
7. You may not operate any equipment or machinery unless trained and certified to do so.

Accidents and Injuries. If you have an emergency requiring medical attention, call 911 immediately. You must promptly report any accidents and injuries to your manager and, if assigned to work at a client's site, the appropriate client management representative as well. You must report all accidents and injuries, however minor they may seem initially and regardless of whether you seek or require medical treatment. If the incident occurs outside regular hours, please contact the Risk Management hotline at (800) 821-6909. You still must contact your manager during regular business hours. On-the-job injuries may be covered by the Company's workers' compensation insurance, but failure to timely file a notice may result in a delay or loss of workers' compensation benefits.

Prior to seeking medical treatment, you must report the accident or injury to your manager if you are able and it is safe to do so. You will be asked to complete paperwork prior to treatment and will be given forms to take with you to the doctor. Paperwork must be completed even if you decline medical treatment. Take picture identification with you to the medical facility and be sure to name the Company as your employer. As soon as possible after your medical treatment, you are required to provide any paperwork from your doctor to your manager. Injured employees may be required to provide a work status report prior to returning to work. The Company will investigate, process and handle all workers' compensation claims.

The Company strictly prohibits any retaliation against any person who reports a workplace hazard, accident or injury, or who makes a complaint, opposes a practice, provides information, cooperates in an investigation, participates in a proceeding, or otherwise engages in protected activity concerning an actual or perceived workplace health and safety concern.

8.2 SAFETY AND SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS

All employees must learn and comply with the security requirements of the facility or client site at which they are working. The Company or its clients may permit employees to access buildings, facilities, and/or secure areas (but not restricted areas) by signing login sheets or using cards or security numbers during or after regular business hours. Under no circumstances may employees use false names, documents, cards or information, or anyone else's credentials, in order to gain access to these buildings, facilities and areas. Where access cards are provided, employees are required to wear or carry their cards at all times, and are not permitted to grant access to those without such access cards.

You may not provide an individual who is not an employee with access to a Company facility without determining the reason for access and confirming that the visitor will be escorted by an employee at all times. Similarly, you should not access a Company facility except for a work-related purpose. Do not grant access to the building or elevators to unknown individuals. All visitors and vendors must be escorted by an employee at all times.

If you possess a reasonable fear that your safety and security, or the safety and security of your co-workers, clients, or suppliers, are at immediate risk, contact the local police immediately and follow the Company's policy for reporting [workplace violence](#). In addition, always report security concerns immediately to your manager or HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the "Let's Chat" icon on your desktop).

8.3 NEAT WORK AREAS

Employees are expected to keep their offices and other work areas, as well as common areas that they utilize, tidy and organized in order to provide a professional appearance for applicants, clients, business visitors and vendor representatives. Pictures and other postings on workstation panels should not be excessive and should be hung neatly using appropriate fasteners (not tape, please). Overhead compartments and shelves, work surfaces and areas below them should be kept neat and clean. All hallways should be kept clear of obstacles at all times. Birthday, holiday and similar decorations should be tasteful and taken down the day after the event.

8.4 USE OF WIRELESS DEVICES WHILE DRIVING

This policy applies to the use of: (1) any Company-issued Wireless Device, including but not limited to cellular phones; and (2) any other Wireless Device, including but not limited to cellular phones (whether personal or Company-issued), when being used to conduct Company business (collectively, "Wireless Devices"). Employees are required to be aware of and comply with all state and local laws, and, if applicable, any rental car agency requirements, limiting or prohibiting Wireless Device usage while driving.

1. Employees are prohibited from the following activities at all times:
 - a. Use of Wireless Devices in any manner that violates any law or rental car agency agreement.
 - b. Use of Wireless Devices while driving in adverse weather or traffic conditions.

Please see the Company's Cell Phone User Responsibilities and Guidelines for other restrictions on non-business uses of Company-issued Wireless Devices.

2. In all other circumstances, employees must exercise caution and good judgment if using a Wireless Device while driving. An employee's primary responsibility is to be a safe driver and to obey the rules of the road. If an employee uses a Wireless Device to conduct Company business while driving, he/she must adhere to the following guidelines:

- a. Employees should not engage in Wireless Device-related activities that are unsafe or distracting, which include but are not limited to, dialing telephone numbers, retrieving voicemail messages (if doing so requires entering a number of buttons), and reading, typing and sending emails, instant messages, text messages, etc. Employees should stop or park their vehicle or pull off to the side of the road before engaging in any Wireless Device-related activity that may be unsafe or distracting.
- b. A hands-free accessory must be used at all times while simultaneously driving and using a cellular phone or other Wireless Device, if applicable. If an Associate did not receive a Company-issued hands-free accessory, please send an e-mail to rus-itsupportservices@randstadusa.com.

Employees who violate this policy, any applicable law, or rental car agency requirement relating to the use of Wireless Devices while driving are not acting within the course and scope of their employment, authority, and/or business relationship with the Company. Employees charged with moving, traffic or statutory violations resulting from the use of Wireless Devices while driving will be solely responsible for any and all fines or penalties levied or imposed as a result of such actions.

8.5 VIOLENCE-FREE WORKPLACE

The Company seeks to provide a safe, violence-free work environment for all employees. Threats or acts of violence occurring at the Company's property, at a client's company property, during the performance of any work on behalf of the Company (regardless of location), or involving any Company employee, are prohibited. If you receive or are made aware of any threat, risk or conduct that may be violent, dangerous or threatening, immediately notify your manager,

Human Resources, or Workplace Violence Customer Support on [Connect/Happeo](#) or via phone at Operational Talent Solutions & Professional Talent Solutions: 1.877.601.7453 / Digital Solutions & Enterprise Talent Solutions: 866.435.7456 so that prompt and appropriate actions can be taken.

Employees may not use or threaten to use any weapons on the property of the Company or any of its clients, or while performing duties on behalf of the Company or its clients. Any such threat or use will result in immediate termination and the Company may contact local law enforcement as well. In addition, employees, regardless of license, may not carry or otherwise possess any firearms on the property of the Company or any of its clients, except where state or local law permits possession of licensed firearms, such as in a locked, privately-owned vehicle. Employees must comply with any lawful signage on the Company or client property concerning weapons restrictions.

8.6 SMOKE-FREE WORKPLACE

The Company seeks to provide a safe, healthy and productive environment for all employees and visitors. For that reason, the Company maintains a smoke-free environment and prohibits smoking inside any of its vehicles or offices at any time, including in restrooms, break rooms, conference rooms, reception areas, stairwells, or any common areas within any building in which a Company office or operation is located. This policy covers all uses of tobacco including both smoking (e.g. cigarettes, pipes, cigars) and oral applications (e.g. chewing tobacco). Electronic delivery devices and products (e-cigarettes) and similar delivery devices and products (vape machines) are also prohibited. Employees working at client worksites and other sites must observe the client's policies regarding smoking. Employees or visitors who wish to smoke during their personal time on a meal or rest break may only do so in non-workplace areas where smoking is designated as permissible.

8.7 DRUG AND ALCOHOL POLICY

Purpose & Scope. The use of illegal drugs and misuse of alcohol and inhalants by employees are inconsistent with the commitment of the Company to provide a safe, healthy, secure and productive work environment. Employees who use illegal drugs and misuse alcohol and inhalants may have a number of work-related problems such as increased accidents and injuries, excessive absenteeism and tardiness, lower productivity, missed deadlines, and poor work quality.

This policy, which is part of the Company's drug-free workplace program, applies to all applicants and employees. Compliance with this policy is a condition of employment at the Company. This policy, including any applicable policy addenda, supersedes any prior policy as well as any other written or oral statements or representations by the Company that are inconsistent with this policy. The Company reserves the right to revise, supplement or rescind this policy in its discretion in accordance with the requirements of applicable law or for any other lawful reason. This policy does not alter the at-will nature of employment with the Company, nor does it restrict in any way the Company's discretion to discipline employees or terminate the employment relationship at will.

If there is a discrepancy between this policy and applicable law, then the Company will comply with applicable law. In addition, applicants and employees in Boulder (Colorado), Connecticut, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Oklahoma, Rhode Island and Vermont should refer to the applicable written addendum to this policy, which may be obtained from the HR Support Center.

Voluntary requests for assistance. The Company encourages employees with drug and alcohol problems to seek help before they become subject to discipline for violating this or other Company policies. The Company will support, assist and accommodate such employees to the extent required by applicable law. The Company's Employee Assistance Program ("EAP") can assist employees in a confidential manner by providing them with information about community and other resources for evaluation, counseling, and treatment, and helping them utilize any available employee benefits. Employees may contact our EAP provider, Cigna's Employee Assistance & Work/Life Support

Program, by visiting signa.com/realsupport. Employees also may seek assistance from the HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the "Let's Chat" icon on your desktop) or their manager.

Employees will not be disciplined by the Company because they request assistance. Employees may not, however, escape discipline by requesting assistance after they violate the Company's policies or are notified of their selection for drug or alcohol testing. In addition, employees who request assistance will not be excused from complying with the Company's policies, including its standards for employee performance and conduct.

Definitions. The following definitions apply to this Policy:

"Adulterated specimen" means a specimen that has been altered, as evidenced by test results showing either a substance that is not normally present in the specimen or showing an abnormal concentration of a substance that is normally present in the specimen.

"Alcohol" means the intoxicating agent in beverage alcohol or any low molecular weight alcohols such as ethyl, methyl or isopropyl alcohol. The term includes beer, wine, spirits and medicines that contain alcohol, like cough syrup.

"Company or client premises" include, but are not limited to, all land, property, buildings, offices, facilities, grounds, parking lots, and places owned, leased, managed or used by the Company or the client to which a Company employee is assigned.

"Company or client vehicle, machinery or equipment" means all vehicles, machinery or equipment owned, leased or used by the Company or the client to which a Company employee is assigned and all vehicles, machinery or equipment that are used by employees, regardless of who owns or leases them, while performing duties for the Company or its client.

"Dilute specimen" means a urine specimen that has creatinine and specific gravity values that are lower than expected for human urine.

"Illegal drugs" mean all controlled substances, controlled substance analogues, cannabinoids (including cannabidiol, (CBD) and CBD products that contain unlawful amounts of THC), marijuana extracts, synthetic drugs, designer drugs, and other drugs that are not being used or possessed under the supervision of a licensed healthcare professional or that are not being used in accordance with the licensed health care professional's prescription or whose use or possession is unlawful under the federal Controlled Substances Act. (Controlled substances are listed in Schedules I-V of 21 U.S.C. § 812 and 21 C.F.R. Part 1308.)

"Inhalants" mean volatile solvents, aerosols, gasses and nitrites, such as paint thinners or removers, gasoline, lighter fluid, butane lighters, glue, hair or deodorant sprays, nitrous oxide, or other similar substances that are inhaled intentionally to produce feelings of intoxication or euphoria.

"Medical Review Officer" (or MRO) is a licensed physician who has knowledge, training, and clinical experience regarding substance abuse disorders and who will, among other things, review applicants' and employees' positive drug test results and evaluate any medical explanations for such results.

"Refuse to cooperate" means refusing to take a drug or alcohol test, not promptly proceeding directly to a collection or testing site when told to do so, failing to remain at a collection or testing site until the testing process is complete, attempting to provide or providing an adulterated or substituted specimen, failing to provide sufficient specimens, failing to sign testing and other required forms, and any other conduct that disrupts or interferes with the collection and testing process.

"Substituted specimen" means a urine specimen that has creatinine and specific gravity values that are so diminished or divergent that they are not consistent with human urine.

"Test positive for alcohol" means to take an alcohol test that results in an alcohol concentration of .04 or more.

"Under the influence" means to test positive for alcohol, to have a verified positive drug test result, or an employee's actions, appearance, speech or bodily odors that reasonably cause the Company or its client to conclude that the employee is impaired because of illegal drug use or alcohol or inhalant misuse.

"Verified positive drug test result" means to take a drug test that results in a concentration of marijuana, cocaine, opioids, amphetamines, methamphetamines, phencyclidine, barbiturates, benzodiazepines, methadone, or propoxyphene, or their metabolites, that is equal to or exceeds the cutoff levels that are established by the Company and that has been verified by a Medical Review Officer.

Work rules. Employees should report to work fit for duty and free of any adverse effects of illegal drugs, alcohol, or inhalants. Whenever employees are performing duties for the Company or its clients, operating Company or client vehicles, machinery or equipment, present on the Company or client premises, or present in any other location performing services for the Company, they are prohibited from: (1) using, possessing, buying, selling, manufacturing, distributing, dispensing or transferring illegal drugs or drug paraphernalia; (2) being under the influence of illegal drugs, alcohol, or inhalants; (3) possessing or consuming alcohol; and (4) misusing inhalants.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, employees may possess and consume alcohol at Company-sponsored social functions or in certain legitimate business settings, such as client entertainment. At all such times, however, employees are expected to act responsibly and to avoid drinking alcohol to the point of intoxication. The Company may withdraw these privileges if they are abused by an employee or if an employee violates this policy.

This policy does not prohibit employees from the lawful possession and use of over-the-counter and prescribed medications. Employees have the responsibility to consult with their doctors or other licensed medical practitioners about the effect of over-the-counter and prescribed medications on their ability to perform their specific job duties in a safe manner, and to promptly disclose any work restrictions to their manager, Company Representative or HR Support Center. Employees should not, however, disclose underlying medical conditions, impairments or disabilities unless specifically directed to do so by their doctors or other licensed medical practitioners.

Marijuana is an illegal drug under federal law and this policy. The use of marijuana will not be considered a legitimate medical explanation by the Company and its MRO for a positive drug test result for marijuana, except to the extent required by applicable law. In addition, the Company will not accommodate applicants' and employees' use of recreational and medical marijuana, except to the extent required by applicable law.

Testing. Except where prohibited by applicable state or local law, the Company will conduct the following types of tests:

1. **Pre-employment (including pre-assignment):** Individuals who have received a conditional offer of employment and/or who will begin an assignment with a Company client must pass a drug test before they are hired and/or begin working for the Company if a client or the Company requires such testing.
2. **Random:** Employees are subject to random drug testing if the Company or a client requires such testing and it is permissible under the circumstances.
3. **Reasonable suspicion:** Employees are subject to drug and/or alcohol testing if the Company or its client reasonably suspects them of using, possessing, or being under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs while they are performing duties for the Company or its client, operating Company or client vehicles, machinery or equipment, present on the Company or client premises, or present in any other location performing services for the Company.

4. **Post-accident:** Employees are subject to drug and/or alcohol testing when the Company or its client reasonably believes they may have contributed to or caused a work-related accident that results in a fatality, an injury to themselves or other person(s), or damage to Company or client vehicles, machinery, equipment, or other property.

5. **Return-to-duty and follow-up:** Employees who test positive for alcohol, have a verified positive drug test result, or who otherwise violate this policy, but are not terminated, must pass a drug and/or alcohol test before they can return to duty and are subject to follow-up drug and/or alcohol testing at times and frequencies determined by the Company for up to two (2) years.

Summary of alcohol collection and testing procedures. Except where prohibited by applicable state or local law, the Company will follow the general collection and testing procedures set forth below:

1. Employees subject to alcohol testing will be required to sign a written consent form in which they consent to and authorize testing.
2. Employees shall be sent or transported to a Company designated collection site where they shall be required to verify their identity and cooperate in the site's normal specimen collection procedures.
3. The collection and testing will be conducted, in private, by a trained technician who will use approved testing devices and testing forms. Chain of custody procedures shall be maintained from collection to the time specimens may be discarded to ensure proper identification, labeling, recordkeeping, handling and testing of specimens.
4. A screening test will be conducted first. If the employee's screening test result indicates a measured alcohol concentration less than .02, the employee will have passed the test.
5. If the employee's screening test result indicates a measured alcohol concentration of .02 or more, the employee shall be required to take a confirmation test. The results of the confirmation test, not the screening test, are determinative. If the employee's confirmation test result indicates a measured alcohol concentration of less than .04, the employee will have passed the test. If the employee's confirmation test result indicates a measured alcohol concentration of .04 or more, the employee will have tested positive for alcohol.
6. The technician will notify the Company of the employee's test results in a confidential manner. The Company will notify employees of their test results.

Summary of drug collection and testing procedures. Except where prohibited by applicable state or local law, the Company will follow the general collection and testing procedures set forth below:

1. Applicants and employees subject to drug testing will be required to sign a written consent form in which they consent to and authorize testing.
2. Applicants and employees shall be required to verify their identity and otherwise cooperate in the Company's specimen collection procedures
3. Specimens shall be collected, in private, by a trained person who will use approved collection and testing devices and custody and control forms. Chain of custody procedures shall be maintained from collection to the time specimens may be discarded to ensure proper identification, labeling, recordkeeping, handling and testing of specimens.
4. Collected specimens may be tested for cocaine, opioids, amphetamines, methamphetamines, phencyclidine, marijuana, barbiturates, benzodiazepines, methadone, propoxyphene and such other controlled substances as may be dictated by the circumstances in accordance with the requirements of applicable law.
5. At some work sites, specimens shall be collected at a Company on-site collection site. If the on-site screening test is negative, the applicant or employee has passed the drug test. If the on-site screening test is positive, the applicant's or employee's specimen will be sent to a certified laboratory for additional testing.

6. At other work sites, specimens shall be collected off-site and tested by a certified laboratory. The laboratory shall first conduct a screening test on the specimen. If the screening test is negative, the laboratory will report to the Company that the applicant or employee has passed the drug test. If the screening test is positive, the laboratory will analyze the applicant's or employee's specimen using gas chromatography/mass spectrometry.

7. The laboratory will send positive test results to a Medical Review Officer ("MRO"). If an applicant or employee has a confirmed positive, adulterated, substituted or invalid drug test result, the MRO will contact the applicant or employee by telephone at the numbers supplied by the applicant or employee to the Company. Applicants and employees should promptly cooperate with the MRO.

8. The MRO shall advise the Company if an applicant or employee has passed or failed the test, refused to cooperate, if a specimen is dilute, or if a test should be canceled. If the MRO determines that there is a legitimate medical explanation for a positive, adulterated, or substituted test result, the MRO will report a negative test result to the Company. If the applicant or employee does not provide a legitimate medical explanation for a positive test result, the MRO will verify the test result as positive. If the applicant or employee does not provide a legitimate medical explanation for an adulterated or substituted test result, the MRO will report to the Company that the applicant or employee has refused to take a drug test. Invalid test results will be canceled and, depending on the circumstances, may subject an applicant or employee to additional testing.

9. The Company or one of its service agents will notify applicants and employees of their test results, and shall advise applicants and employees of their rights, if any, to have their same specimens retested or their split specimens tested by a certified laboratory.

Inspections. The Company reserves the right to inspect all parts and aspects of its premises for illegal drugs, drug paraphernalia, alcohol, inhalants, or other contraband. All employees and visitors may be asked to cooperate in inspections of their persons, work areas and property (such as purses, wallets, tool boxes, lunch boxes, backpacks, water coolers, thermos bottles, flasks, briefcases, desks, cabinets, lockers or cars) that might conceal illegal drugs, drug paraphernalia, alcohol, inhalants, or other contraband.

Crimes involving drugs. Employees who are convicted of, plead guilty to (including a plea of nolo contendere or no contest), or are sentenced for a crime involving illegal drugs must report the conviction, plea or sentence to their manager, Company Representative, or HR Support Center (1-877-601-7453, hrrsupport@randstadusa.com or use the "Let's Chat" icon on your desktop) within five (5) days after such conviction, plea or sentence. If an employee who is convicted of, pleads guilty to or is sentenced for a crime involving illegal drugs in the workplace and performs work directly relating to the Company's contracts or grants with a state or the federal government, the Company will report such conviction, plea or sentence to the appropriate agency within ten (10) days after it receives notice.

Consequences. The following consequences apply to the extent permitted by applicable law:

1. Applicants have the right to refuse to undergo drug testing, but those applicants who refuse to undergo testing or otherwise refuse to cooperate in a drug test will not be hired by the Company and/or will not be placed on an assignment requiring such testing.

2. The Company may rescind an employment offer to and not hire, or may not place on a particular assignment, an applicant who has a verified positive drug test result.

3. Employees have the right to refuse to undergo drug and alcohol testing, but those employees who refuse to undergo testing or otherwise refuse to cooperate in a drug and/or alcohol test will be terminated and/or have their assignment ended.

4. Employees who test positive for alcohol, who have a verified positive drug test result, or who otherwise violate this policy will be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment. Termination for such a policy violation may result in the denial of workers' compensation or unemployment benefits.

Depending on the circumstances, an employee's return to work, reinstatement, and/or continued employment may be conditioned on the employee's successful participation in and/or completion of any and all evaluations, counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation programs, passing of return-to-duty and follow-up tests, and/or other appropriate conditions as determined by the Company.

5. The Company may take disciplinary and/or other appropriate action when an employee engages in any conduct or is involved in any crime (including being charged with a crime, except where prohibited by applicable law) that could adversely affect or be detrimental to the Company's operations, interests, or reputation.

Records and confidentiality. Information and records relating to test results and other medical information shall be kept confidential and maintained in files separate from employees' personnel files. To the extent permitted by applicable law, such records and information may be disclosed: to the applicant or employee taking the test; to any third party designated in writing by the applicant or employee (such as the EAP); to a Company client requiring testing of applicants or employees and disclosure of results pursuant to contract; to the MRO; to a health care provider responsible for determining an applicant or employee's ability to safely perform the job and/or the employee's successful participation in and/or completion of any counseling, treatment, or rehabilitation programs; to and among the Company's supervisors, Human Resources and Legal on a need to know basis; where relevant to the Company's defense in a grievance, arbitration, administrative proceeding, lawsuit or other legal proceeding; or as required or otherwise permitted by law.

8.8 COMPANY SOCIAL FUNCTIONS

At certain times during the year, the Company, its customers, and/or its suppliers may hold work-related social functions organized for the enjoyment of staff. These functions may be held on the Company's premises or at another venue. Customers, suppliers, and other business colleagues may sometimes attend these functions.

Rules and Guidelines for Attendance

While attendance at a social function may be encouraged, it generally is not required, unless your manager has informed you in writing that your attendance is required. If you are unsure whether your attendance is mandatory or voluntary, speak with your manager. For any social function where attendance is mandatory and intended for business development or other work-related purposes ("Work-Related Social Events"), non-exempt employees who are entitled to overtime are required to record their time attending such a function in accordance with the Company's Timekeeping Policy.

While attending these functions, employees must exercise a degree of personal responsibility that is consistent with the high standards of behavior and professionalism on which the Company prides itself. Employees must act in a professional manner, comply with applicable laws, and remember that all Company policies apply to the functions, including, but not limited to, the Company's EEO and workplace harassment policies, rules of conduct as noted in this Handbook, and Drug and Alcohol Policy. Violation of Company policies may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

Social functions hosted by the Company may include a variety of food and beverage options, including alcoholic beverages. The Company respects the personal decision of any employee who chooses not to drink an alcoholic beverage for health, religious or any other personal reasons. Employees who choose to drink alcoholic beverages at these functions are expected to drink responsibly and never to the point of intoxication. Prior to consuming alcohol, employees should ensure that they have a safe means of transportation home from such a function, such as a sober designated driver or a taxi or ride-sharing service like Uber or Lyft. The Company will reimburse employees for expenses incurred to travel home safely from a work-related function. All other expenses for Work-Related Social Events must be paid for by the most senior member of the hosting group, reviewed by that employee's direct

manager, and be supported by an itemized receipt, identifying all who were in attendance, consistent with the Company's [Travel & Business Expense Policy](#). As noted in the policy, the Company expects teams to spend within a reasonable budget and limit. For example, sodas and light alcoholic beverages will be reimbursed, but expensive wines, cocktails or spirits will not. Managers are responsible to review expense reimbursement requests for compliance with the Social Functions and Travel & Business Expense Policy and to appropriately address any violations of the same with the assistance of HR, Procurement or Internal Audit, if needed.

Rules and Guidelines for Social Hosts

The Company supports practices that emphasize a social host's responsibility to plan social functions in a way that provides a safe setting for our employees and guests. We aim to make a conscientious effort to ensure that all attendees demonstrate appropriate behavior and demeanor, and act responsibly, including with respect to the consumption of any alcoholic beverages. Furthermore, hosts, whether Operating Company Leaders, managers or individual employees, are held responsible for taking measures to discourage alcohol abuse at their social functions. Finally, hosts should plan social functions in a manner that takes into account the surrounding setting, type of guests, and/or visitors, customers' and individual/employee safety.

Hosts should look to this policy to help them understand their responsibility for providing an appropriate and safe atmosphere for Company employees and other attendees at the event. Therefore, it should be noted that the guidelines listed below are intended to benefit the host and should be incorporated into the plans for the event/gathering in the spirit of the Company's and Social Host's professional responsibility. Accordingly, hosts may wish to complement these guidelines by adding other measures for protecting the safety of their guests.

Operating Company Leaders, managers and all employees are responsible for upholding Company policy and ensuring no one becomes unruly, inappropriate or intoxicated. The purpose of this policy is to establish a reasonable, safe, and non-abusive atmosphere for Company social events and gatherings. The social host individual or Operating Company must never sell alcoholic beverages.

Expectations for Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages. At all Company events where alcohol is present, a comparable supply of non-alcoholic beverages and food must be furnished which is openly displayed and readily available.

Safe and Reasonable Environment. Hosts should consider ways to limit alcohol consumption, such as pre-purchasing wine or beer for the table, using drink coupons, or only having alcohol available for a limited time. Hosts should set expectations that it is not appropriate for individuals to purchase alcohol in addition to what is being served at the event and clearly communicate when the event is over and individuals are expected to leave the event.

Safe Transportation. The safety of employees and others is our chief concern. Social hosts are responsible for identifying a safe-ride plan for all events where alcohol is permitted. Arrangement of car services, shuttle buses or ride-sharing services must be made in accordance with the event. In connection with any Company-sponsored event or meeting at which alcohol is served, employees who have consumed alcohol shall always have the option of taking a safe ride home (or, as applicable, a ride to a hotel) using a ride-sharing service, like Uber or Lyft, a taxi or public transportation, with the cost of such transportation to be paid for by the Company – regardless of whether such offer is announced at the particular event in question. Social hosts are expected to ensure that all attendees depart Work-Related Social Events with a safe transportation plan in place.

Individual Social Host Responsibilities. The host must agree to monitor the event and ensure anyone that is observed or believed to be intoxicated is provided a free ride home or to their local accommodations if they are traveling. If anyone becomes disruptive or behaves in an unprofessional or inappropriate manner, they must be

escorted out of the event, then provided transportation to their home or local accommodations. If they are employees of the Company, their immediate and next level managers must also be informed, along with Employee Relations being copied as well, either via e-mail, text or phone.

Hosts should make reasonable efforts to encourage moderation by their example and in-person when necessary. Again, they should make reasonable efforts to see that inebriated or intoxicated persons do not consume additional alcohol and are not allowed to drive. Hosts are responsible to ensure all employees who are drinking alcoholic beverages are at least 21 years of age or older. Hosts should confirm the attending employees' ages with Human Resources prior to the event. Guests and customers should be asked to ensure attendees are 21 years of age or older.

SECTION 9: PAID TIME OFF & PAID SICK & SAFE LEAVE

9.1 PAID TIME OFF & PAID SICK & SAFE LEAVE

The Company encourages Associates to take time off each calendar year to refresh and recharge. This is important to maintain total wellbeing both professionally and personally. The [Paid Time Off \(PTO\) Policy](#) applies to Associates of the Company and provides paid time away from work that may not be covered by other policies. You will find all paid time off information on the [HR Central page](#) including any addendums. For information regarding other types of leave of absences for which you may be eligible, please see the [Leaves of Absence Connect Site for Internal employees](#).

I. Relationship to Other Policies and Benefits; Compliance with State/Local Laws

This Paid Time Off Policy described here is effective January 1, 2025 and supersedes all prior PTO plans and/or policies that may be in effect. No one may make an exception to this PTO Policy without express written approval from the Benefits Executive Committee. This PTO policy interrelates with other Company policies. All Associates should carefully review this entire Handbook for additional details on the interaction between the policies.

Associates who work outside of the Designated States receive a separate bucket of paid sick and safe leave and should refer to the separate Paid Sick and Safe Leave ("PSSL") policy for additional information. In particular, Associates who work outside of the Designated States in a jurisdiction where there is an applicable state or local law mandating paid sick and safe leave receive compliant benefits through the Company's PSSL Policy, not this PTO Policy.

Consistent with the Company's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy, the Company prohibits retaliation against Associates who (1) request or use PTO for reasons covered by applicable state or local laws requiring mandated sick or safe leave or PTO, or (2) otherwise exercise their rights under such laws.

II. Eligibility

This Paid Time Off ("PTO") Policy provides paid time away from work for eligible, internal Associates that may not be covered by other policies. For Associates working in California, Colorado, Nebraska, or New York (the "Designated States") this PTO Policy applies, except to the extent that it is amended and supplemented by the Designated States Addendum.

All full-time (working 30 hours or more per week) and part-time (working between 20 hours and up to and including 29 hours per week) Associates are eligible for PTO pursuant to this PTO Policy ("Eligible Associates"). Part-time Associates who work less than 20 hours per week are not eligible to accrue PTO under this PTO Policy; however, the Company will provide paid sick and safe leave to all Eligible Associates as required by applicable state or local law.

III. Types of PTO; Payment Amount

PTO provided by this Policy consists of (1) an Annual Allotment of PTO that may be used for vacation, sick and other personal purposes, (2) PTO on certain holidays observed by the Company, (3) PTO for a floating holiday for certain holidays not observed by the Company, and (4) up to 8 hours of PTO for volunteering with a charitable organization.

In the case of a full-time Associate whose pay is expressed in terms of an annual salary, the payment amount for PTO will be calculated by taking the Associate's full-time annual base salary and dividing the annual base salary by 2080 to arrive at an hourly rate, or as otherwise required by applicable law. In the case of an Associate who is paid on an hourly basis, the payment amount for PTO will be calculated on the basis of the Associate's current hourly rate, or as otherwise required by applicable law. Associates will be paid for PTO time at the highest rate required by applicable law and not less than minimum wage.

IV. Annual Allotment of PTO; Accrual and Carryover

Annual Allotment. The amount of PTO you get each year, as shown in the table below, depends on whether you're employed by January 1st, how long you've worked for the Company, and if you're full-time or part-time. If you are an Eligible Associate employed as of January 1st, you'll earn the full Annual Allotment listed below over the calendar year. This is subject to a maximum accrual limit. If you're hired during the year, your Annual Allotment is adjusted based on the number of months left in the year.

For example, a new full-time employee's adjusted Annual Allotment is found by dividing the Annual Allotment for an employee with 0-3 years of service by 12 (to get the monthly amount) and multiplying it by the number of full months left after their hire date.

Accrual and Carryover. Paid time off hours are earned each week for hours worked at a rate of 1/52 of their Annual Allotment, subject to any applicable Maximum Accrual Cap as set forth in this Policy. Associates on a leave of absence are not eligible to accrue PTO while they are not working.

- Associates Working in Alaska, California, Colorado, Montana, Nebraska and New York ("Designated States"): Any unused, accrued PTO hours will roll over from year to year, and Associates may continue to accrue PTO hours until they reach a Maximum Accrual (which is set forth below and is 1.5x their Annual Allotment). Once they reach their Maximum Accrual, PTO hours will not begin accruing again until hours are used and the balance falls below the Maximum Accrual. *Refer to the Designated States Addendum on the [HR Central Connect Page](#).*
- Associates Working Outside the Designated States: Accrued PTO must be used by the last day of the year in which it was earned (ex: for 2025 it must be used by December 31, 2025). Unused, accrued PTO hours as of December 31, 2025, and at the end of each calendar year thereafter, will be forfeited and will not carry over into the following calendar year, unless prohibited by applicable law.

The Annual Allotment, Weekly Accrual and Maximum Carryover or Maximum Accrual of PTO for full-time and part-time Associates are described in the tables:

Full-Time Associates (36-40 hrs/wk)

Completed Service (Months / Years)	Annual Allotment (Hours / Days)	Accrued Per Week (Hours)	Maximum Accrual - Designated States (Hours)
0-36 (0-3 yrs)	144 hrs (18 days)	2.77 hrs	216 hrs
37-96 (3-8 yrs)	184 hrs (23 days)	3.54 hrs	276 hrs
97-180 (8-15 yrs)	224 hrs (28 days)	4.31 hrs	336 hrs
181+ (15+ yrs)	264 hrs (33 days)	5.08 hrs	396 hrs

Full-Time Associates (30-35.99 hrs/wk)

Completed Service (Months / Years)	Annual Allotment (Hours / Days)	Accrued Per Week (Hours)	Maximum Accrual - Designated States (Hours)
0-36 (0-3 yrs)	108 hrs (18 days)	2.07 hrs	162 hrs
37-96 (3-8 yrs)	138 hrs (23 days)	2.66 hrs	207 hrs
97-180 (8-15 yrs)	168 hrs (28 days)	3.23 hrs	252 hrs
181+ (15+ yrs)	198 hrs (33 days)	3.81 hrs	297 hrs

Part-Time Associates (20-29.990 hrs/wk)

Completed Service (Months / Years)	Annual Allotment (Hours / Days)	Accrued Per Week (Hours)	Maximum Accrual - Designated States (Hours)
0-36 (0-3 yrs)	72 hrs (9 days)	1.38 hrs	108 hrs
37-96 (3-8 yrs)	96 hrs (12 days)	1.85 hrs	144 hrs
97-180 (8-15 yrs)	112 hrs (14 days)	2.15 hrs	168 hrs
181+ (15+ yrs)	136 hrs (17 days)	2.61 hrs	204 hrs

Please Note: The next level accrual tier starts once the full month of tenure has been met. *Example, if you hit your 3 years on 4/22/25, you will begin accruing the next accrual tier beginning 5/22/25.*

V. Use of PTO

Advancing of PTO. Eligible Associates can use up to 40 hours of PTO in advance (before accruing such PTO time). All requests to use accrued or advanced PTO requires manager approval. At no time will an Eligible Associate be advanced more than 40 hours of PTO. Once an Eligible Associate has advanced 40 hours of PTO time during a plan (calendar) year, an Eligible Associate may not request any additional advancement of PTO. This advanced PTO is essentially an overpayment for time off and will be tracked in your PTO balance until you've accrued enough to cover the amount of time advanced.

Reasons for Use. Eligible Associates may use their PTO for any reason such as vacation, sick, personal, mental health day, or spending time with family. Eligible Associates in the Designated States should refer to the Designated States Addendum for additional information regarding reasons for using PTO.

Scheduling and Using PTO. Associates are responsible for accurately tracking your PTO hours in accordance with the Timekeeping Policy. PTO requests generally require manager approval in advance, are subject to the business needs of the Company and should be submitted at least 2 weeks before the requested time off, if possible. However, if the PTO request is due to an unforeseen circumstance, you should notify your manager as soon as you can. Eligible Associates in the Designated States should refer to the Designated States Addendum for additional information regarding scheduling and using PTO.

When you are able to plan PTO in advance, it is important to “prepare the others” to allow your team to back you up adequately in your absence by providing important key items and updates to the appropriate team members and business partners to perform on your behalf, step in your place, respond appropriately and support you to enjoy your time off for whatever you choose to do so you can come back refreshed and recharged. Remember to use your out of

office email notices with a redirection point of contact if something comes up and update your Google Chat alerting people you are out of the office.

Increments of Use. Associates may use PTO in minimum increments of 1 hour, or in smaller increments where required by applicable law.

Misuse. Misuse of PTO may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

Reconciliation of PTO upon Termination. If your employment with the Company ends, regardless of whether you leave voluntarily or involuntarily, and you have accrued more PTO than you have used, the Company will pay you for your remaining PTO balance of accrued but unused PTO. If you used advanced PTO and have taken more than you actually accrued, you authorize the Company to deduct any advanced PTO balance from any compensation owing to you for any reason to the extent permitted by law.

VI. Paid Sick and Safe Leave (PSSL)

The Company recognizes that Associates occasionally may be unable to work due to various paid sick or safe leave reasons, such as personal or family illnesses or injuries, mental health, for reasons related to being a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and for certain school, place of care, or workplace closures. To this end, the Company provides Paid Sick and Safe Leave ("PSSL") to all eligible Associates consistent with applicable law, as described in this PSSL Policy, as well as corresponding state and local addenda to the PSSL Policy, to the extent such addenda exist for a given work location. For purposes of this PSSL Policy, the benefit year is the calendar year (January 1 – December 31).

The Company reserves the right to amend or rescind, in whole or in part, this policy at any time and without notice, except as may be required by applicable law. This policy does not constitute a contract of employment or a promise of benefits or continued employment. You can review the full policy and addendums on the [HR Central Connect Page](#).

Employees Covered by This Policy; Eligibility: All internal Associates who work outside of California, Colorado, Nebraska, and New York (the "Designated States") are eligible for PSSL under this PSSL Policy ("Eligible Associates"). Associates who work in the Designated States are **not** entitled to PSSL under this PSSL Policy; instead, they should refer to the Company's Paid Time Off Policy and the corresponding Designated States Addendum for information on their paid time off entitlement.

Compliance with State and Local Laws: The Company intends for this PSSL Policy and its addenda to provide at least the required minimum amount and conditions of PSSL to those Eligible Associates working in jurisdictions that have PSSL and/or paid time off laws or ordinances, as applicable. To the extent applicable law is more generous than this PSSL Policy and its applicable addenda, applicable law will govern. If this PSSL Policy provides for more than the minimum amount of PSSL or paid time off required under applicable state or local laws, the Eligible Associate will earn PSSL pursuant to this PSSL Policy.

Associates who work in one or more of the following locations should refer to their applicable Addendum to the PSSL Policy for more information about additional and/or different rules that may apply to them, such as information on the amount, rate, treatment of earned, unused PSSL at year-end, and annual usage: Connecticut; Illinois (outside of Chicago, but including Cook County); Chicago, Illinois; Maine; Minnesota; Nevada; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; and Washington State.

Associates should contact the HR Compliance Team (hrcompliance@randstadusa.com) with any questions about this PSSL Policy or applicable addenda to this PSSL Policy. If an Associate believes there is a conflict between this PSSL Policy and an applicable law, notify the HR Compliance team as soon as possible. The Company will take immediate steps to investigate and resolve any conflict.

Amount of PSSL, Rate of Pay, and Year-End Carryover: All newly hired Eligible Associates receive a grant of PSSL at the start of their employment and on January 1st each year thereafter. The amount of PSSL that Associates

receive under this PSSSL Policy depends on where they work and the legal standards imposed by applicable law. The amount of PSSSL Eligible Associates receive is as follows:

All Eligible Associates (other than PSSSL Exception states)	Eligible Associates working in PSSSL Exception States (MI, MN, NM, WA & DC)	Associates working in Designated States (CA, CO, NE & NY) <i>*PTO Plan complies with PSSSL Laws in Designated States, so Associates in these states are not eligible for additional PSSSL</i>
40 hrs	80 hrs	*0 hrs

Eligible Associates will be paid for PSSSL taken in accordance with applicable law.

Waiting Period & Carryover: Eligible Associates may begin using their PSSSL immediately upon the commencement of employment. There is no usage waiting period. Because the Company grants a sufficient amount of PSSSL hours on the first day of employment and the first day of each benefit year thereafter, earned, unused PSSSL does not carry over at the end of the benefit year, unless required by applicable law.

Use of PSSSL: Eligible Associates may use available PSSSL for all covered reasons set forth in the "Reasons for Use" section below and in an applicable state or local Addendum to the PSSSL Policy, if one exists for a particular location. Associates are not permitted to use more PSSSL in a benefit year than they have been granted at the start of that year, unless otherwise required by applicable law. Associates may use PSSSL in minimum increments of one (1) hour, unless a smaller increment is legally required. Associates are not required to search for or find replacements when exercising their PSSSL rights under this PSSSL Policy or applicable law.

Reasons for Use: Eligible Associates may use available PSSSL for all reasons protected under applicable paid sick and safe leave and paid time off laws. This includes:

- The Associate's own mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; need for diagnosis, care or treatment of or recovery from a mental or physical illness, injury or health condition; or need for preventive care, including when Associates are recommended by public health officials to self-quarantine.
- To care for a covered family member (as defined below) with a mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; need for diagnosis, care or treatment of or recovery from an illness, injury or health condition; or need for preventive care.
- Closure of the Associate's place of business or the Associate's covered family member's school, class, or place of care.
- Care of the Associate or a covered family member when it has been determined by health authorities or by a health care provider that the individual's presence in the community may jeopardize the health of others due to exposure to a communicable disease (whether or not the individual actually has the disease) or where an Associate is excluded from the workplace for health reasons under law or rule.
- Certain absences related to domestic violence/abuse, family violence/offense, sex offense/sexual violence/assault, harassment, abuse, stalking, or human trafficking of the Associate or the Associate's covered family member.
- Mental health wellness day.
- Any other reason covered by applicable law.

Covered Family Members: For purposes of this PSSSL Policy, "family member" means:

- Regardless of age or dependency status, a biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild or legal ward, a child of a domestic partner or civil union partner, a child to whom the Associate stands in loco parentis or an individual to whom the Associate stood in loco parentis when the individual was a minor;

- Parent (biological, adoptive, foster, step, or legal guardian) of an Associate or an Associate's spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner, or a person who stood in loco parentis when the Associate or the Associate's spouse, domestic or domestic partner was a minor child;
- Spouse (under the laws of any state), domestic partner, or civil union partner;
- Grandparent or Grandchild (biological, adoptive, foster, or step) of the Associate or the Associate's spouse or domestic partner;
- Sibling (biological, adoptive, foster, or step) of the Associate or the Associate's spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner; sibling's spouse;
- Any other individual related by blood or affinity or whose close association with the Associate is the equivalent of a family relationship;

Scheduling PSSL: Associates are responsible for accurately tracking your PSSL hours in accordance with the Timekeeping Policy. For foreseeable absences (e.g., medical appointments), Associates must provide reasonable advance oral or written notice, including via electronic means, to their supervisor, unless otherwise required by law. For unforeseeable absences (e.g., sudden illness), Associates must provide oral or written notice, including via electronic means, to their supervisor as soon as practicable. In the event it is impracticable for an Associate to provide notice to the Company of their need to use PSSL for an unforeseeable absence, a person on the Associate's behalf may provide notice to the Company.

Misuse: Associates who misuse PSSL will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

Verification of Use of PSSL & Confidentiality: Associates may be required to provide documentation for covered absences of three (3) or fewer consecutively scheduled workdays, as permitted by applicable law, including under federal and state disability law. If an Associate is absent for more than three (3) consecutively scheduled workdays, the Associate may be required to provide reasonable documentation that PSSL was used for a covered PSSL reason. Unless otherwise required by applicable law, such reasonable documentation includes:

- For absences due to sick time reasons (see above), documentation signed by a health care provider indicating the need for the amount of PSSL taken.
- For absences relating to domestic violence/abuse, family violence/offense, sex offense/sexual violence/assault, harassment, abuse, stalking, or human trafficking, (i) documentation signed by an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim services organization, an attorney, a member of the clergy, or a medical or other professional service provider from whom the Associate or that Associate's covered family member has sought assistance in addressing domestic violence or abuse, sexual violence, assault or abuse, a sexual offense, human trafficking, criminal harassment, family offense matter, or stalking and their effects; (ii) a police or court record, including a court order of protection; or (iii) a written statement from the Associate explaining the need for such time.
- For absences due to closures of a school or place of care, the Associate can provide notice of the closure in whatever format the Associate received it.
- For all absences, any other documentation deemed reasonable under applicable law.

Reasonable documentation does not need to explain the nature of any illness, injury, or health condition of the Associate or covered family member, or provide any details relating to domestic violence/abuse, family violence/offense, sex offense/sexual violence/assault, harassment, abuse, stalking, or human trafficking.

Associates can use available PSSL during any applicable short-term disability elimination period. If an Associate is absent from work for more than three (3) consecutive workdays for their own illness, injury or health condition, they should also reach out to the Leave of Absence Team to discuss potential leave options and entitlements at rus-leaves@randstadusa.com.

Confidentiality: The Company will not require the disclosure of details relating to an Associate's or their covered family member's medical condition or require the disclosure of details relating to an Associate's or their covered family

member's status as a victim of domestic violence/abuse, family violence/offense, sex offense/sexual violence/assault, harassment, abuse, stalking, or human trafficking as a condition of using PSSSL. Health information about an Associate or an Associate's covered family member, and information concerning an Associate or their covered family member's status or perceived status as a victim of domestic violence/abuse, family violence/offense, sex offense/sexual violence/assault, harassment, abuse, stalking, or human trafficking obtained solely for the purposes of utilizing PSSSL will be treated as confidential and will not be disclosed except by the affected Associate, with the written permission of the affected Associate, or as required by law.

Separation and Rehire: Unless otherwise required by applicable law, PSSSL is not paid out at any time during employment or upon separation of employment. If an Eligible Associate separates from employment and is rehired within the same benefit year, any earned, unused PSSSL will be reinstated and available for immediate use.

No Retaliation/Discrimination: Consistent with the Company's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy, Eligible Associates may request and use PSSSL under this PSSSL Policy, as well as exercise their rights under applicable state and local paid sick and safe leave and paid time off laws, without fear of retaliation or discrimination, which Company policy prohibits. To this end, use of PSSSL for covered reasons (see "Reasons for Use" above and PSSSL Addenda, as applicable) will not be counted toward Company attendance standards.

VII. Paid Holidays

Designated Core Holidays. The Company observes eight (8) designated core holidays during each calendar year. Subject to the terms of this Policy, Associates who do not work on the following days will be paid for up to 8 hours: New Year's Day, Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

If you are asked to work on a designated core holiday, you will be paid for all hours actually worked. In addition, you and your manager can pick a later date to use as your designated core holiday, provided that it meets the following requirements:

- Shall be equivalent to the number of holiday hours for which you are eligible;
- Must be taken within 1 month following the day worked on the official holiday; and
- Shall be paid at your then regular base hourly rate.

Floating Holidays. Eligible Internal Associates will receive one (1) floating holiday per year in addition to the designated core holidays, described above. This floating holiday may be used for **one of the following pre-identified holidays listed below** (including religious or cultural holidays, employee birthday, or other state or federal holidays during which the Company remains open). Specific dates can be found in the [Holiday Schedule Document](#).

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Lunar New Year · President's Day · Start of Ramadan · Good Friday · Passover (choice of 1 day) · Eid al-Fitr · Cinco de Mayo 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Juneteenth · Patriot's Day · Rosh Hashanah (choice of 1 day) · Yom Kippur · Columbus Day · Indigenous Peoples' Day 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Diwali · Veterans' Day · Christmas Eve · Hanukkah (choice of 1 day) · Kwanzaa (choice of 1 day) · New Years' Eve · Employee's Own Birthday
--	---	--

** If you require another day to be used for a specific holiday that is not listed above, you may email HRCompliance@randstadusa.com for consideration.*

The floating holiday is available for use at the beginning of each calendar year for current Eligible Associates and upon hire for an Eligible Associate who is hired before the end of the calendar year. Eligible Associates must contact their

immediate supervisor to specify which one of the pre-identified holidays above that they intend to use as their one floating holiday. Use of a floating holiday is subject to advance approval by an Eligible Associate's immediate supervisor.

Terms of Designated and Floating Holidays. If a designated core or floating holiday falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the preceding Friday or subsequent Monday, respectively, will be designated as the paid holiday. Designated core and floating holidays are not accrued, carried over, advanced, or paid upon termination, and can only be used for the listed days described above. Floating and designated core holidays will be paid in accordance with this Paid Holidays Subsection.

Eligible Associates must be at work or on approved PTO or PSSL on each of the regularly scheduled work days immediately before and after the designated core and floating holiday in order to be paid for it. Associates will only be paid for the hours they would have been regularly scheduled to work up to a maximum of 8 hours for the paid holiday.

VIII. Volunteer Day

Community involvement is an integral part of our Company culture. To help make a difference in your world and the world of our communities, the Company provides Associates with up to 8 hours each calendar year to volunteer their time to a Company-approved charitable organization or event. Associates who choose to volunteer their time will be paid the number of hours they would otherwise be regularly scheduled to work on such day, subject to management approval and the guidelines set forth below. Associates will not be reimbursed for any expenses related to the Volunteer Day.

Unlike the PTO described above in Subsections V and VI, the Volunteer Day is not accrued, carried over, advanced, or paid upon termination, and can only be paid in accordance with this Volunteer Day Subsection. At all times, the Company has the ability and sole discretion to deny requested volunteer time off under this Policy.

Charitable Organizations or Events. Qualifying time off must generally be selected from an IRS approved 501(c)(3) tax exempt charitable organization. Where the organization is not a traditional 501(c)(3) entity, the entity or activity may nonetheless fit the spirit and intent of the Policy. Examples include:

- Nonprofit civic agencies such as a nonprofit fire department or community library.
- Public or private schools.
- Municipal entities and/or community-related volunteer activities.
- Charitable programs coordinated through religious organizations, such as free meals programs, emergency housing assistance, or disaster relief efforts.

In unique circumstances (i.e., local catastrophic events such as flooding, fires, etc.) managers may approve the time off for the purpose of assisting the community in local clean-up and/or recovery and rebuilding efforts.

Organizations and Activities that Do Not Qualify for Time Off. The Company retains sole discretion to determine whether an organization and/or activity qualifies for time off under this Policy. Examples of organizations and activities that are excluded from coverage under this Policy include:

- Volunteer activities that occur outside of the Associate's scheduled work hours. Paid time off means the Associate will not be financially penalized for work hours that were dedicated to an approved volunteer activity. It does not allow an Associate to be paid for volunteer hours that are outside of or in addition to their regularly scheduled work hours.
- Fraternal or professional associations.

- Purely religious activities or political activities (such as political campaigns or lobbying).
- Activities that represent a conflict of interest for the Company or that are inconsistent with the Company's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy.
- Activities in which the Associate receives any monetary compensation or gift of significant value for his/her service (de minimis gifts such as t-shirts, cups/mugs, etc., will not be considered compensation under this Policy).
- Court-required community service.
- Events where the Associate is merely serving as an attendee. The Associate must serve in a volunteer capacity to be eligible for paid time off.

Requesting Volunteer Day Time Off. Volunteer Day time off must be approved in advance with your manager and typically must be requested at least 2 weeks prior to the time off (exceptions may be made for emergency situations such as a natural disaster). Your request for Volunteer Day time off may be denied based on business needs, if the activity conflicts with peak work schedules or work related responsibilities, creates a need for overtime, causes conflicts with other Associates' schedules, or does not meet the guidelines within this Policy. Approval is at the discretion of the Associate's manager and Community Outreach.

The Company reserves the right to request documentation verifying volunteer hours for qualifying organizations. Time submitted for volunteer hours may be denied if documentation is requested and not provided or is determined to be invalid.

On the time entry screen, use the time code "Volunteer" and enter the start and end times up to a maximum of 8 hours. **If you have questions about Volunteer time, please contact** rus-communityoutreach@randstadusa.com.

9.2 PAID PARENTAL LEAVE FOR PARENTS/GRANDPARENTS

Paid Parental Leave for Parents. The Company provides eligible Associates with up to thirty (30) days of paid parental leave following the birth of a child, the placement of a child for adoption, or for a newly fostered child. The purpose of this policy is to enable Associates to care for and bond with a newborn, newly adopted, or newly placed child. This policy will be in effect for births, adoptions or placements of foster children occurring on or after January 1, 2022. The birth, adoption or placements of foster children must occur after meeting the eligible period in order to qualify for this benefit.

Paid Parental Leave for Grandparents. The Company provides eligible Associates with up to ten (10) days of paid parental leave following the birth of a grandchild, the placement of a grandchild for adoption, or for a newly fostered grandchild. The purpose of this policy is to enable Associates to care for and bond with a newborn, newly adopted, or newly placed grandchild. This policy will be in effect for births, adoptions, or placements of foster grandchildren occurring on or after January 1, 2022. The birth, adoption or placements of foster grandchildren must occur after meeting the eligible period in order to qualify for this benefit.

Eligibility. All full-time Associates (working 30 hours or more per week) and part-time Associates (working between 20 and 29 hours per week) who have been employed with the company for at least six (6) months are eligible for the paid parental leave set forth under this policy. Part-time Associates who work less than 20 hours per week are not eligible for paid parental leave under this policy. This policy does not apply to external, billable Talent of the Company, and Talent are not eligible for any benefits under this paid parental leave policy.

Usage for Parents. Eligible Associates may take thirty (30) days of paid parental leave within a 12-month period for the following reasons:

- For the birth of an Associate's child or to care for the newborn child.
- For the placement of a child under the age of 18 with an Associate for adoption or foster care or to care for the newly placed child.

Usage for Grandparents. Eligible Associates may take ten (10) days of paid parental leave within a 12-month period for the following reasons:

- For the birth of an Associate's grandchild or to care for the newborn child.
- For the placement of an Associate's grandchild under the age of 18 for adoption or foster care or to care for or bond with the newly placed grandchild.

Please note that paid parental leave is not available when a child is not newly matched for adoption. For example, the adoption of a child by a new spouse is excluded from this policy. All paid parental leave taken under the policy must be taken within twelve (12) months following the birth or placement of the new child or grandchild. Leave taken under this policy must be taken in one continuous period of leave during the 12-month timeframe in increments of full weeks. Unless otherwise required by applicable law, no intermittent leave is permitted. Paid parental leave will run concurrently with FMLA and any state leaves in accordance with and where permissible under applicable law.

Notice & Required Documentation. If the need for leave is foreseeable, an Associate must provide at least 30 days' advanced notice. If the need for leave is not foreseeable, the Associate must provide notice as soon as practicable under the circumstances. When using paid parental leave in conjunction with FMLA and/or company/state disability, Associates must complete all necessary forms and provide all requested documentation to substantiate the request for leave under FMLA and/or company/state disability policies.

All requests for FMLA and/or company/state disability leaves should be initiated through Alight. Alight, the Company's Third Party Administrator, can be contacted by calling 1-855-249-6323. Failure to provide requested documentation or provide the required advanced notice may result in postponement or denial of the requested leave.

Return to Work. Associates who are not approved for any other type of leave offered by the Company must return to work following expiration of their approved parental leave. In the event an Associate does not report to work on the first day following expiration of the approved parental leave and has not been approved by the Company for another type of leave, he or she will be subject to immediate discipline, including immediate termination of employment.

If the Associate is taking paid parental leave right after their short term disability ends, the Associate must submit a return to work form before the paid parental leave can be paid.

Pay & Benefits During Leave. Associates paid on an hourly basis will receive payment based on the regular straight time hourly rate in effect at the time leave is taken. In the case of a full-time Associate whose pay is expressed in terms of an annual salary, the hourly pay will be calculated by taking the Associate's full-time annual base salary and dividing the annual base salary by 2080 to arrive at an hourly rate.

Associates must use any paid parental leave time while taking unpaid FMLA leave. The Associate's paid parental leave, accrued and unused PTO or state and local paid sick leave will be substituted for unpaid leave and run concurrently with the FMLA leave, to the extent permitted by federal and state law.

The Company will maintain all benefits for Associates during the paid parental leave period just as if they were taking any other paid leave such as paid time off. Please note that Associates are not eligible to accrue PTO while on a leave of absence, including paid parental leave.

Additional Information. Associates should contact the Leaves of Absence Team in the event they have any

questions about this Paid Parental Leave Policy. Associates may be eligible for other forms of leave (paid or unpaid) under applicable law and/or other Company policies. For additional information about leave rights, please contact the Leaves of Absence Team. Associates may also refer to the Company's leave policies in this Handbook, the Paid Time Off Policy and the Personal Leave of Absence Policy. The information contained in this Handbook is only a summary of the Company's Paid Parental Leave Policy. The complete copy of the Paid Parental Leave for Parents & Grandparents Policy can be found on the Benefits Department's page on the Company's Connect on Happeo. The information can also be found on the Leave of Absence Microsite.

9.3 CAREGIVER LEAVE FOR INTERNAL ASSOCIATES

The Company provides eligible internal Associates with up to ten (10) days of caregiver leave when you need to be away from work to care for an eligible family member with a serious health condition. The purpose of this policy is to enable Associates to provide care, including physical or psychological care, for a family member of the Associate made necessary by a serious health condition of the family member. This policy will be in effect for eligible Associates with family members who have a serious health condition occurring on or after January 1, 2024. The Caregiver Leave Policy provides benefit payments to Associates on leave to care for a family member with a serious health condition, but leave taken pursuant to this policy is not job-protected.

eligibility: All full-time Associates (working 30 hours or more per week) and part-time Associates (working between 20 and 29 hours per week) who have been employed with the Company for at least six (6) months are eligible for the caregiver leave set forth under this policy. Part-time Associates who work less than 20 hours per week or have been employed for less than six (6) months, are not eligible for caregiver leave under this policy. This policy does not apply to external, billable Talent of Randstad, and Talent aren't eligible for any benefits under this Caregiver Leave Policy.

usage: Eligible Associates are eligible for up to ten (10) days of paid caregiver leave that may be used continuously or intermittently (in one-hour increments effective April 1, 2024) within a rolling 12-month period. If you have more than one eligible family member who may need care during the year, all approved leave would be covered under the 10 day leave maximum for the rolling calendar year. For example, if you take 5 days of caregiver leave to care for your mother, and then you take 3 days of caregiver leave to care for your father, you have a remaining balance of 2 days for the rest of the rolling 12-month period.

eligible family member: "Eligible family member" is defined as:

- Child - a biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis who is either (i) under 18 years of age, or (ii) 18 years of age or older and "incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability" at the time caregiver leave is to commence.
- Spouse - husband or wife as defined in the state where you live, including common-law marriage.
- Partner - an individual aged 18 or older who currently lives with you and has lived with you for at least six months, is financially interdependent with you and isn't your blood relative nor legally married to another person.
- Parent - biological, adoptive, foster, or step-parent, or legal guardian of the Associate, or a person who stood in loco parentis or served as primary caregiver when the Associate was a minor child.
- Sibling - means biological siblings, adopted siblings, step-siblings, and half-siblings.

Under this policy, eligible family members are defined in accordance with applicable state-paid family leave laws. For a detailed list of eligible family members, please contact the Leaves Department (rus-leaves@randstadusa.com).

care - definition: “Care” means physical or emotional support, visitation, assistance in treatment, transportation, arranging for a change in care, assistance with essential daily living matters, and personal attendant services. The Associate must be in close and continuing proximity to the care recipient (i.e., present at the exact location as the family member requiring care during the majority of the leave requested.) Travel necessitated for securing medication or to arrange care for the family member, or other such deviations determined to be reasonably related to providing care, shall satisfy this definition.

serious health condition definition: A “serious health condition” means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that either lasts for more than three consecutive days and requires continuing treatment from a healthcare provider or involves inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential mental health care facility (three-day condition duration is waived). Your family member’s healthcare provider must complete a medical certification outlining the serious health condition and how you will provide care and support. You are responsible for ensuring your family member’s healthcare provider submits the medical certification. Examples of a qualifying serious health condition include, but are not limited to:

- Alzheimer’s disease
- Cancer
- Severe depression

Caregiver leave is **not** available in the following situations:

- To stay home with a child whose school or daycare is closed due to a scheduled break, weather emergency, or illness.
- To care for a family member who’s health condition does not meet the definition above.
- To care for a family member while you are on a leave of absence for your own health condition.
- To care for a family member on a date you’re not regularly scheduled to work.
- To care for a family member whose healthcare provider fails to complete a medical certification outlining the family member’s health condition and care needs.
- To care for a family member for whom you have an existing medical certification under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) that began prior to the effective date of this policy.
- To care for a pet.

notice and required documentation: If the need for caregiver leave is foreseeable, an Associate must provide at least 30 days advanced notice. If the need for caregiver leave is not foreseeable, the Associate must provide notice as soon as practicable under the circumstances. Associates, when using caregiver leave in conjunction with FMLA and/or company/state disability leave, must complete all necessary forms and provide Randstad with all requested documentation to substantiate the request for leave under FMLA and/or company/state disability policies.

All requests for caregiver leave should be made to the Randstad Leaves of Absence Team (RUS-Leaves@randstadusa.com). Please do not contact Randstad’s FMLA leave administrator Alight regarding the Randstad Caregiver Leave Policy. Please direct any questions or concerns regarding this policy to the Leaves of Absence Team RUS-Leaves@randstadusa.com.

Failure to provide requested documentation or the required advanced notice may result in postponement or denial of the requested caregiver leave.

return to work: Associates not approved for any other type of leave offered by the Company must return to work after the expiration of their approved caregiver leave. If an Associate does not report to work on the first

day following the expiration of the approved caregiver leave and has not been approved by the Company for another type of leave, they will be subject to immediate discipline, up to and including immediate termination of employment. Reinstatement rights for Associates out on other types of approved leaves of absence will be determined in accordance with the reinstatement rules governing those other types of leaves of absence.

pay and benefits during leave: Associates who are paid hourly will receive payment based on the regular straight-time hourly rate in effect at the time leave is taken. In the case of full-time Associates who are paid a salary, the hourly pay will be calculated by taking the Associate's full-time annual base salary and dividing the annual base salary by 2080 hours to arrive at their hourly rate.

Associates will not be eligible to receive pay for a company-designated holiday that may fall during their caregiver leave period.

While Associates may be eligible for ten (10) days of paid caregiver leave, these benefits will be reduced or offset by other payments made to you by other sources to the extent permitted by applicable law. The Company will maintain all benefits for Associates during the paid caregiver leave period.

relationship with other types of leave and benefits: family medical leave act ("FMLA"). Caregiver leave taken under this policy will run concurrently with any leave to which the Associate is entitled under the federal FMLA. Time taken under this policy will count towards the Associate's total 12-week FMLA leave allotment to the extent the Associate qualifies for such FMLA leave. In no case will the total amount of leave – whether paid or unpaid – granted to the Associate under the FMLA exceed 12 weeks during the 12-month FMLA period. Please refer to the Company's FMLA Policy in the Associate Handbook for further guidance on the FMLA.

personal leave of absence ("PLOA"). Caregiver leave taken under this policy will run concurrently with any unpaid PLOA to which the Associate is entitled, including any leave taken under the Company's PLOA Policy by an Associate who does not qualify for FMLA leave. An Associate must exhaust paid leave under this Caregiver Leave Policy before exhausting any PTO to which s/he may be entitled if the Associate's caregiver leave under this policy also qualifies for leave under the Company's PLOA Policy. The Company may designate caregiver leave under this Caregiver Leave Policy and leave under the PLOA policy at its discretion.

state or local paid family leave. Caregiver leave will run concurrently with any state or local paid leave benefits where applicable by law. The caregiver leave may be used during the elimination period for state or local paid family leave.

additional information: Associates should contact the Leaves of Absence Team if they have questions about this paid Caregiver Leave Policy. Associates may be eligible for other forms of leave (paid or unpaid) under applicable law and/or other Company policies. For additional information about leave rights, please contact the Leaves of Absence Team (RUS-Leaves@randstadusa.com). Associates may also refer to the Company's other leave policies in this Handbook, including the Paid Time Off Policy and the Personal Leave of Absence Policy.

SECTION 10: LEAVES OF ABSENCE

The Company recognizes the need for employees to be away from work for medical or other reasons. A leave of absence (LOA) is an approved period of time away from work. An LOA can be initiated by the employee, a family

member or his/her manager.¹ This policy outlines the types of LOA available to employees, the general eligibility requirements for each type of LOA and the procedures to request such LOA. A LOA is in addition to any Paid Time Off (PTO) or any state or local paid sick leave for which employees may be eligible, but to the extent permitted by applicable law, PTO or sick leave is substituted for unpaid leave and runs concurrently with the LOA.

In this policy, the term “employees” means both Company Associates (internal employees of the Company) and Talent (external, billable employees of the Company). Note that some provisions of this policy apply only to Associates or Talent. Where such differences exist, the term “Associate” or “Talent” is used.

Important Contacts. For any questions concerning this policy, you may contact (1) the Company’s Benefits Department at 877-601-7453 or hrsupport@randstadusa.com, (2) the Company’s Leave of Absence Team at RUS-leaves@randstadusa.com, or (3) the Alight, the Company’s Third Party Administrator, at 1-855-249-6323.

10.1 FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT (FMLA) POLICY AND PROCEDURES

Eligibility to Take FMLA Leave. Employees are eligible for leave under the FMLA if they have worked for the Company:

1. For at least 12 months. Such period need not be consecutive; however, employment prior to a continuous break in service of 7 years or more will not be counted except in certain circumstances;
2. For at least 1,250 hours during the 12-month period immediately preceding the commencement of the leave; and
3. At a worksite where 50 or more employees are employed by the Company within 75 miles of that worksite.

Reasons for FMLA Leave. Consistent with the FMLA and this policy, the Company will grant an unpaid leave of absence to eligible employees for one, or for any combination of, the following reasons:

1. The birth of an employee’s child or to care for the newborn child;
2. The placement of a child with an employee for adoption or foster care or to care for the newly placed child;
3. When an employee is needed to care for his or her child, spouse, or parent with a serious health condition;
4. An employee’s own serious health condition that renders him or her unable to perform the essential functions of his or her position;
5. Qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that an employee’s spouse, child or parent is a member of the Armed Forces (including the National Guard and Reserves) and is on covered active duty (referring generally to deployment to a foreign country) or has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty; and/or
6. To care for an employee’s spouse, child, parent or other next-of-kin relative who is a covered service member of the United States Armed Forces (including the National Guard or Reserves) with a serious injury or illness incurred, or aggravated by service, in the line of duty while on active duty (also known as “Military Caregiver Leave”).

For more information on Qualifying exigencies and/or Military Caregiver Leave (Reasons for Leave numbered 5 and 6, above), please contact the Leaves of Absence Team for a copy of ‘The Employee’s Guide to Military Family Leave Under the Family and Medical Leave Act’ or obtain a copy directly at https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/FMLA_Military_Guide_ENGLISH.pdf.

¹ The LOA may also be initiated by a family member, in those rare instances where the employee is hospitalized or otherwise unable to contact Alight or the Leaves of Absence Department (see the “Important Contacts” section at the beginning of this policy).

FMLA Definitions. The FMLA and its accompanying regulations define many of the terms used above and throughout this policy, such as "spouse", "parent" (which does not include in-laws), "next of kin," "covered service member," and "covered active duty." While this policy does not set forth all of the FMLA's definitions, some are provided here for your reference:

1. "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis² who is either (i) under 18 years of age, or (ii) 18 years of age or older and "incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability" at the time FMLA leave is to commence. However, for purposes of the military family leave provisions (i.e. Reasons for Leave numbered 5 and 6, above), a child may be of any age.

2. "Serious health condition" is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either inpatient care (such as an overnight stay in a hospital or other medical care facility), or continuing treatment by a healthcare provider. The FMLA does not apply to routine medical examinations, such as a physical, or to common medical conditions, such as an upset stomach, unless complications develop.

3. "Continuing treatment" includes the following: (a) a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive full calendar days combined with one of the following: (i) at least two visits to a healthcare provider generally within 30 days, the first of which must occur within 7 days of the first day of incapacity; or (ii) one visit to a healthcare provider for treatment within 7 days from the first day of incapacity which results in a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care provider; (b) a period of incapacity due to pregnancy or for prenatal care; or (c) a period of incapacity due to a chronic serious health condition. A "chronic serious health condition" is one which requires visits to a health care provider at least twice a year and recurs over an extended period of time.

4. "Incapacity" means an inability to work, including being unable to perform any one of the essential functions of the employee's position, or inability to attend school or perform other regular daily activities due to the serious health condition, treatment for it or recovery from it. Other treatments may also meet the definition of continuing treatment.

5. "Qualifying exigencies" include: (1) Short Notice Deployment (limited to seven or less calendar days prior to the date of deployment); (2) Military Events and Related Activities; (3) Childcare and School Activities; (4) Financial and Legal Arrangements; (5) Counseling; (6) Rest and Recuperation (limited to five days of leave for each instance up to a maximum of 12 weeks in a 12-month period); (7) Post-Deployment Activities; (8) Parental Care; and (9) Additional Activities (if agreed upon by the Company and the employee).

No Limitation on Rights. This FMLA policy complies with the FMLA, a federal law, but does not specifically incorporate any comparable state family and medical leave laws that may provide for more leave or broader protections. If you live in a state that has a comparable state family and medical leave law, you should be aware that nothing in this policy limits your rights under that state law. If any leave you take qualifies as leave under both the FMLA and the comparable state law, then the leave will be counted under both statutes and run concurrently unless prohibited by state law. In all cases, you will have the benefit of the most generous leave statute available to you, subject only to your satisfaction of the particular eligibility, notice and certification requirements. Also, nothing in this FMLA policy limits any employee leave rights under the Company's Military Leave Policy, in accordance with applicable federal or state law. Contact the Leaves of Absence Team for further details.

² "In loco parentis" means "in the place of a parent" and refers to the relationship in which a person has put himself or herself in the place of a parent by assuming and discharging the obligations of a parent to a child with whom he or she has no legal or biological connection.

Duration of FMLA Leave. Eligible employees may take up to 12 weeks of unpaid Family and Medical Leave during any rolling 12-month period for any qualifying reason for leave. However, leave to bond with or care for a newborn or for a newly-placed child must conclude within 12 months after the birth or placement of the child. The rolling period is measured backward from the date an employee uses any leave under the FMLA.

Combined FMLA Leave when Spouses both Work for the Company. Spouses who are both eligible for FMLA leave and employed by the Company may take a combined total of 12 weeks of FMLA leave for the following FMLA-qualifying reasons:

1. The birth of a child and bonding with the newborn child;
2. The placement of the child with the employee for adoption or foster care, and bonding with the newly placed child; and
3. To care for a parent with a serious health condition.

Eligible spouses who both work for the Company are also limited to a total of 26 workweeks in a single 12-month period to care for a covered service member with a serious injury or illness if each spouse is a parent, spouse, child or next of kin of the service member (referred to in this policy as Military Caregiver Leave). This limitation also applies to a combination of Military Caregiver Leave and leave for the other qualifying reasons listed above. This limitation does not apply to leave:

1. For the employee's own serious health condition, such as the recovery period following the birth of a child;
2. To care for a spouse or child with a serious health condition; or
3. For any qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the employee's spouse, child or parent is a military member on "covered active duty."

Where a spouse uses a portion of his or her leave for an FMLA-qualifying leave that is subject to the combined 12-workweek limit, that employee is entitled to take the remainder of his or her individual FMLA leave entitlement for an FMLA-qualifying reason that is not subject to the combined limit.

FMLA Leave Taken as a Military Caregiver. An eligible employee may be entitled to take up to 26 weeks of unpaid Military Caregiver Leave (that is, Reason for Leave number six, above). Such leave is available in a single 12-month period commencing on the first day of leave. Military Caregiver Leave not used in the 12-month period is forfeited. This leave is to be applied on a per-service member, per-injury basis. Thus, an employee may be entitled to take an additional 26 weeks of leave during a subsequent 12-month period if the subsequent period of leave is to care for a different covered service member with a serious injury or illness or to care for the same service member with another serious injury or illness. Leave to care for a service member is only available during a single 12-month period and, when combined with other FMLA-qualifying leave, may not exceed 26 weeks during the single 12-month period. Spouses who are both eligible for FMLA leave and employed by the Company, may take up to a combined total of 26 weeks of Military Caregiver Leave.

Intermittent or Reduced Work Schedule FMLA Leave. Intermittent leave is leave taken in separate blocks of time. A reduced work schedule leave is a leave that reduces an employee's usual number of hours per workweek or hours per workday. Intermittent or reduced work schedule leave may be taken for the following reasons:

1. Leave to care for or bond with a newborn child or a newly placed adopted or foster child may be taken on an intermittent basis, but only in full-day increments that reduce the employee's usual number of working days per workweek (e.g., 1 or 2 days of leave during the employee's workweek). Intermittent leave to care for or bond with a newborn or newly placed child may not be taken in any increment smaller than a full workday (e.g., leave in blocks of 2 or 3 hours per workday or any other amount of time that reduces the employee's normal workday).
2. Leave (i) due to an employee's own serious health condition, (ii) to care for an employee's spouse, child or parent with a serious health condition, or (iii) to care for a covered service member relative with a serious injury or illness when medically necessary; and

3. Leave because of a qualifying exigency due to the covered active duty or impending call to covered active duty of a spouse, son, daughter or parent.

If an employee takes leave intermittently or on a reduced work schedule basis, the employee must make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as to accommodate the needs of the Company or any client to which the employee is assigned and not disrupt unduly the Company or any such client's operations. When an employee takes intermittent or reduced work schedule leave for foreseeable planned medical treatment, the employee may be temporarily transferred to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits for which the employee is qualified and which better accommodates recurring periods of leave.

When employees seek intermittent leave or a reduced work schedule for reasons unrelated to the planning of medical treatment, upon request, the employee must advise the Company of the reason why such leave is medically necessary. In such instances, the Company and the employee shall attempt to work out a leave schedule that meets the employee's needs without unduly disrupting the Company or any affected client's operations.

Notification to the Company of Need for FMLA Leave. When applying for leave under the FMLA, employees will be required to adhere to the following requirements. Failure to do so may result in the postponement or denial of leave, loss of rights under the FMLA and, in the event the employee does not report to work, discipline up to and including termination of employment.

To trigger FMLA protections and qualify for FMLA leave, employees must adhere to the below procedures:

1. An employee must verbally notify the Company of the need or request to take leave under the FMLA by contacting Alight, the Company's Plan Administrator, at 1-855-249-6323. The employee is also encouraged to contact the Leaves of Absence Team (see the "Important Contacts" section at the beginning of this policy) to advise of the need for leave and to request to take leave under the FMLA.
 - a. When the leave is foreseeable, for example, in childbirth or placement of a child, or for planned medical treatment due to the serious health condition of an employee or family member or due to a covered service member's serious injury or illness, the employee must provide the Company (through Alight) with at least 30 days advance notice. When 30 days advance notice is not possible, or the approximate timing of the need for leave is not foreseeable, the employee must provide notice of the need for leave as soon as practicable under the facts and circumstances of the particular case.
 - b. When leave is foreseeable due to a qualifying exigency arising from a family member's call to active duty, the employee must provide as much notice as is practicable to the Company (through Alight) regardless of how far in advance such leave is foreseeable. When the timing of the leave is not foreseeable, the employee must provide the Company (through Alight) with notice of the need for leave as soon as practicable.
 - c. In all cases, an employee must comply with this policy's procedures for requesting leave, except when extenuating circumstances exist that temporarily prevent the employee's compliance (e.g., coma or severe injury). In such extenuating circumstances, notice may be given by the employee's spokesperson (e.g. spouse, adult family member, or other responsible party) to the Company by contacting Alight.
 - d. Calling in "sick," without providing the reasons for the needed leave will not be considered sufficient notice for FMLA leave under this policy.
 - e. Employees must respond to the Company's and/or Alight's questions to determine if absences are potentially FMLA-qualifying.
2. Upon notice to the Company by the employee, Alight will notify the employee as to whether he/she is eligible for FMLA leave and about his/her rights and responsibilities under the FMLA.

3. If the employee meets the eligibility requirements, and if the leave is related to a serious health condition, qualifying exigency or a covered service member's injury or illness, Alight will provide a certification form to be completed and returned within 18 calendar days of the employee's receipt, unless it is not practicable under the particular circumstances to do so despite the employee's diligent, good faith efforts (in which case the certification form must be returned as soon as it does become reasonably possible for the employee to do so). It is the employee's responsibility to provide timely, complete and sufficient certifications. If the Company determines that no extenuating circumstances exist to justify the employee's failure to provide the required documentation supporting the need for leave within the 18-day period, the employee's request for FMLA leave will be denied.

- a. It is the employee's responsibility to review the certification forms from Alight and provide timely, complete and sufficient certifications. If the employee returns a certification form that is incomplete or insufficient, the employee will be given 7 calendar days to correct the deficiency. An employee's FMLA leave request will be denied if the employee fails to timely cure deficiencies or otherwise fails to timely submit requested certifications.
- b. With the employee's permission, the Company (through individuals other than an employee's direct supervisor) may contact the appropriate health care provider to authenticate or clarify completed and insufficient medical certifications. If an employee chooses not to provide the Company with authorization allowing it to clarify or authenticate certifications with health care providers, the Company may deny FMLA leave if certifications are unclear.

4. The Company has the right to obtain a second medical opinion, at its expense, to substantiate an employee's request for leave. If the opinions of the initial and second medical opinions differ, the Company may, at its expense, require an employee to obtain a third, final and binding certification from a medical provider designated or approved jointly by the Company and the employee.

5. Depending on the circumstances and duration of the FMLA leave, the Company may require employees to provide recertification of medical conditions giving rise to the need for leave. The Company will notify employees if recertification is required and will give employees at least 15 calendar days to provide the required medical recertification.

FMLA Leave Decision. If approved, Alight will notify the employee of the approval via mail and may notify the employee by a phone call as well. Alight will email the approval to the employee's manager or, in the case of Talent, his/her Company Representative. If denied, Alight will notify the employee of the denial via mail and the Leaves of Absence Team through LeavePro or the weekly report Alight submits to the Leaves of Absence Team.

Return from FMLA Leave. The Company requires a return to work form at the end of FMLA leave taken for the employee's own serious health condition and leave for maternity confirming the employee is able to return to work and perform the essential functions of the employee's position, with or without reasonable accommodation. Failure to return certifications prior to returning to work or in a timely manner may delay restoration to employment or result in termination of employment. Employees are required to provide notice of intent to return to work to the Leaves of absence team within 10 days prior to their return.

Restoration of Employment. At the end of FMLA leave, subject to some exceptions including situations where job restoration of "Key employees" will cause the Company substantial and grievous economic injury, employees generally have a right to return to the same or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits and other employment terms. The Company will notify employees if they qualify as "Key employees," if it intends to deny reinstatement, and of their rights in such instances. Use of FMLA leave will not result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an eligible employee's FMLA leave. Unless the employee returns to work the first workday following the expiration of approved FMLA qualifying leave, FMLA job restoration rights are lost.

Failure to Return to Work Following FMLA Leave. If the employee does not return to work following the conclusion of FMLA leave and if, prior to the conclusion of such leave, has not requested a leave extension (and, when applicable, provided the required certification justifying the leave extension) and/or has failed to satisfy the Company's other requirements for an extension of leave, the Company will provide a notice to the employee that he/she must return to work or risk termination (or be deemed a voluntary resignation). The employee will be given a reasonable opportunity to respond. If the employee needs a reasonable accommodation in order to return to work, the employee should note that need in his/her response or otherwise notify the Leaves of Absence Team of the need for a reasonable accommodation.

When an employee is deemed to have voluntarily resigned after a failure to return from an FMLA leave, the Company may recover benefits premiums that the Company paid on behalf of the employee during any unpaid FMLA leave, except that the Company's share of such premiums may not be recovered if the employee fails to return to work because of: (i) the continuation, recurrence or onset of either a serious health condition of the employee or employee's family member, or serious injury or illness of a covered service member, which would otherwise entitle the employee to leave under the FMLA or (ii) other circumstances beyond the employee's control. In such cases, the Company may require a completed certification to substantiate the employee's, or the family member's, serious health condition, or the covered service member relative's serious injury or illness, or qualifying exigency.

Compensation and Maintenance of Benefits During FMLA Leave. Leave under the FMLA is unpaid, except as noted below. As with other forms of unpaid leave with the Company, employees will not be compensated for any the Company-observed holidays that occur during an FMLA continuous leave of absence.

Relationship to Paid Time Off and Disability Benefit Payments.

Employees are not eligible to accrue and use Paid Time Off (PTO). Any references to PTO in this FMLA policy apply only to employees who are eligible for PTO under the terms and conditions of a PTO plan applicable to them.

1. Employees are not eligible to accrue PTO while on unpaid FMLA leave of absence.
2. Employees must use any accrued PTO while taking unpaid FMLA leave. The employee's accrued and unused PTO or state and local paid sick leave will be substituted for unpaid leave and run concurrently with the FMLA leave, to the extent permitted by federal and state law.
3. For FMLA leave taken due to the employee's own serious health condition, the employee may qualify to receive the payment of benefits under a Short Term Disability (STD) or Long Term Disability (LTD) program for which the employee may be eligible, including state disability programs. Employees may elect to supplement any STD benefit payments with accrued but unused PTO, in accordance with the applicable STD program plan documents. Employees should refer to the applicable STD plan for additional information setting forth the terms, conditions and requirements of any applicable STD benefit program.
4. In the event the employee exhausts all PTO and does not qualify for STD benefits, the remainder of the FMLA leave will be unpaid.
5. Employees are not able to use any advanced PTO while on an approved leave of absence in accordance with the PTO policy.

For questions related to PTO accrual while on leave or using PTO while on leave, please contact hrrsupport@randstadusa.com or the Company's Leaves of Absence Team.

Relationship to Benefits.

1. Retirement Benefits: Vesting in the Randstad North America 401(k) and Deferred Compensation Plan will

continue in accordance with the applicable plan provisions for employees who are eligible for and enrolled in such plans.

2. Health and Welfare Benefits:³ Employees on FMLA leave will continue participating in any Company Health and Welfare benefits in which they were participating prior to the commencement of the leave, so long as the employee portion of the premium payment is remitted to the Company in a timely manner.

- a. If the employee receives PTO while on FMLA leave, the Company will automatically deduct premium payments for all health and welfare benefits as regular payroll deductions from those payments.
- b. If the employee receives disability benefit payments while on an FMLA or Disability Leave, benefits will automatically deduct for most health and welfare benefits from the disability benefit payment where applicable.
- c. If an employee's leave is unpaid, he or she must continue to pay the employee portion of the group health and welfare premium payments during the period of leave through a "pay-as-you-go" method.

Prohibition of Discrimination and Retaliation. The Company strictly prohibits discrimination or retaliation against employees because of their exercise, or attempted exercise, of rights under this policy and/or the FMLA. Employees who believe that their rights have been violated or that they have been discriminated or retaliated against for exercising, or attempting to exercise, their rights under this policy are required to report such belief to their manager (in the case of Associates) or their Company Representative (in the case of Talent) and/or to Employee Relations (hrsupport@randstadusa.com) immediately. Alternatively, employees may report a complaint through the Company's Misconduct Reporting Procedures. Reports may be submitted via a secure web page (www.speakupfeedback.eu/web/integrityatrandstad/us) or via a free telephone hotline (866-250-6706) accessible 24 hours every day and operated by an independent external provider. An access code (42115) is needed for both phone and web.

Prohibition of Alternative Employment During FLMA Leave. Unless otherwise permitted by state law, engaging in gainful employment during an FMLA leave of absence is prohibited and will result in termination of employment as well as liability for reimbursement to the Company of any premium payments that were made on the employee's behalf during the FMLA leave.

Additional Information. For further information or clarification about FMLA leave, please contact the Leaves of Absence Team and/or refer to the 'Employee's Guide to The Family and Medical Leave Act' at <https://www.dol.gov/whd/fmla/employeeeguide.pdf> or contact the Leaves of Absence Team to request a copy. A copy can also be found on Connect at Happeo.

10.2 DOMESTIC PARTNER FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE (DPFML) POLICY AND PROCEDURES

Eligibility to Take DPFM Leave. Associates are eligible for leave under DPFML if they have worked for the Company:

1. For at least 12 months. Such period need not be consecutive; however, employment prior to a continuous break in service of 7 years or more will not be counted except in certain circumstances;
 2. For at least 1,250 hours during the 12-month period immediately preceding the commencement of the leave;
- and

³ Health and Welfare Benefits include Medical, Health Savings Account (HSA), Dental, Vision, Life and Accidental Death & Dismemberment (AD&D) insurance for employees and dependents, Short Term Disability (STD), Long Term Disability (LTD), Health Care Flexible Spending Account (HC FSA), Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account (DC FSA), Hospital Indemnity and Critical Illness insurance for employees and dependents, Legal insurance and Employee Assistance Plan (EAP) for those employees who are eligible for and enrolled in such plans.

3. At a worksite where 50 or more employees are employed by the Company within 75 miles of that worksite.

Reasons for DPFM Leave. Associates who qualify for DPFM leave are permitted to take an unpaid leave of absence under for the following circumstances:

1. When an Associate is needed to care for his or her domestic partner with a serious health condition;
2. Qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that an Associate's domestic partner is a member of the Armed Forces (including the National Guard and Reserves) and is on covered active duty (referring generally to deployment to a foreign country) or has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty; and/or
3. To care for an Associate's domestic partner who is a covered service member of the United States Armed Forces (including the National Guard or Reserves) with a serious injury or illness incurred, or aggravated by service, in the line of duty while on active duty.

DPFML Definitions:

1. "Serious health condition" is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either inpatient care (such as an overnight stay in a hospital or other medical care facility), or continuing treatment by a healthcare provider. DPFML does not apply to routine medical examinations, such as a physical or to common medical conditions, such as an upset stomach, unless complications develop.

2. "Continuing treatment" means the following: (a) a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive full calendar days combined with one of the following: (i) at least two visits to a healthcare provider generally within 30 days, the first of which must occur within 7 days of the first day of incapacity; or (ii) one visit to a healthcare provider for treatment within 7 days from the first day of incapacity which results in a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care provider; (b) a period of incapacity due to pregnancy or for prenatal care; or (c) a period of incapacity due to a chronic serious health condition. A "chronic serious health condition" is one which requires visits to a health care provider at least twice a year and recurs over an extended period of time.

3. "Incapacity" means an inability to work, including being unable to perform any one of the essential functions of the employee's position, or inability to attend school or perform other regular daily activities due to the serious health condition, treatment for it or recovery from it.

4. "Qualifying exigencies" are: (1) Short Notice Deployment (limited to seven or less calendar days prior to the date of deployment); (2) Military Events and Related Activities; (3) Childcare and School Activities; (4) Financial and Legal Arrangements; (5) Counseling; (6) Rest and Recuperation (limited to five days of leave for each instance up to a maximum of 12 weeks in a 12-month period); (7) Post-Deployment Activities; or (8) Additional Activities (if agreed upon by the Company and the Associate).

5. "Domestic Partners" mean two individuals (a) who are in a duly registered a domestic partnership under the laws of any locality, county, or state; or (b) who: (1) are 18 or older, (2) are not married or in a domestic partnership with anyone else, (3) are not related by blood, (4) share a common residence, (5) consider themselves to be members of each other's family, and (6) agree to be responsible for each other's basic living expenses.

Duration of DPFM Leave. Eligible Associates may take up to 12 weeks of unpaid Domestic Partner Family Medical Leave or Family and Medical Leave during any rolling 12-month period for any qualifying reason for leave. The rolling period is measured backward from the date an employee uses any leave under the DPFML or FMLA.

Intermittent or Reduced Work Schedule DPFM Leave. Intermittent leave is leave taken in separate blocks of time. A reduced work schedule leave is a leave that reduces an Associate's usual number of hours per workweek or hours per workday. Intermittent or reduced work schedule leave may be taken for the following reasons:

1. Leave (i) to care for an Associate's domestic partner, or (ii) to care for a covered service member domestic partner with a serious injury or illness when medically necessary; and
2. Leave because of a qualifying exigency due to the covered active duty or impending call to covered active duty of a domestic partner.

If an Associate takes leave intermittently or on a reduced work schedule basis, the Associate must make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as to accommodate the needs of the Company or any client to which the Associate is assigned and not disrupt unduly the Company or any such client's operations. When an Associate takes intermittent or reduced work schedule leave for foreseeable planned medical treatment, the Associate may be temporarily transferred to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits for which the Associate is qualified and which better accommodates recurring periods of leave. When Associates seek intermittent leave or a reduced work schedule for reasons unrelated to the planning of medical treatment, upon request, the Associate must advise the Company of the reason why such leave is medically necessary. In such instances, the Company and the Associate shall attempt to work out a leave schedule that meets the Associate's needs without unduly disrupting the Company or any affected client's operations.

Notification to the Company of Need for DPFM Leave. When applying for leave under the DPFML, Associates will be required to adhere to the following requirements. Failure to do so may result in the postponement or denial of leave, loss of rights under DPFML and, in the event the Associate does not report to work, discipline up to and including termination of employment.

To trigger DPFML protections and qualify for DPFM leave, Associates must adhere to the below procedures:

1. An Associate must verbally notify the Company of the need or request to take leave under the DPFML by contacting Alight, the Company's Plan Administrator, at 1-855-249-6323. The Associate is also encouraged to contact the Leaves of Absence Team (see the "Important Contacts" section at the beginning of this policy) to advise of the need for leave and to request to take leave under DPFML.
 - a. When the leave is foreseeable, for example, for planned medical treatment due to the serious health condition of a domestic partner, the Associate must provide the Company (through Alight) with at least 30 days advance notice. When 30 days advance notice is not possible, or the approximate timing of the need for leave is not foreseeable, the Associate must provide notice of the need for leave as soon as practicable under the facts and circumstances of the particular case.
 - b. When leave is foreseeable due to a qualifying exigency arising from a domestic partner's call to active duty, the Associate must provide as much notice as is practicable to the Company (through Alight) regardless of how far in advance such leave is foreseeable. When the timing of the leave is not foreseeable, the Associate must provide the Company (through Alight) with notice of the need for leave as soon as practicable.
 - c. In all cases, an Associate must comply with this policy's procedures for requesting leave, except when extenuating circumstances exist that temporarily prevent the Associate's compliance.
 - d. Associates must respond to the Company's and/or Alight's questions to determine if absences are potentially DPFML-qualifying.

2. Upon notice to the Company by the Associate, Alight will notify the Associate as to whether he/she is eligible for DPFM leave and about his/her rights and responsibilities under DPFML.

3. If the Associate meets the eligibility requirements, and if the leave is related to a serious health condition, qualifying exigency or a covered service member's injury or illness, Alight will provide a certification form to be completed and returned within 18 calendar days of the Associate's receipt, unless it is not practicable under the particular circumstances to do so despite the Associate's diligent, good faith efforts (in which case the certification form must be returned as soon as it does become reasonably possible for the Associate to do so). It is the Associate's responsibility to provide timely, complete and sufficient certifications. If the Company determines that no extenuating circumstances exist to justify the Associate's failure to provide the required documentation supporting the need for leave within the 18-day period, the Associate's request for DPFM leave will be denied.

- a. It is the Associate's responsibility to review the certification forms from Alight and provide timely, complete and sufficient certifications. If the Associate returns a certification form that is incomplete or insufficient, the Associate will be given 7 calendar days to correct the deficiency. An Associate's DPFM leave request will be denied if the Associate fails to timely cure deficiencies or otherwise fails to timely submit requested certifications.
- b. With the Associate's permission, the Company (through individuals other than an Associate's direct supervisor) may contact the appropriate health care provider to authenticate or clarify completed and insufficient medical certifications. If an Associate chooses not to provide the Company with authorization allowing it to clarify or authenticate certifications with health care providers, the Company may deny DPFM leave if certifications are unclear.

4. The Company has the right to obtain a second medical opinion, at its expense, to substantiate an Associate's request for leave. If the opinions of the initial and second medical opinions differ, the Company may, at its expense, require an Associate to obtain a third, final and binding certification from a medical provider designated or approved jointly by the Company and the Associate.

5. Depending on the circumstances and duration of the DPFM leave, the Company may require Associates to provide recertification of medical conditions giving rise to the need for leave. The Company will notify Associates if recertification is required and will give Associates at least 15 calendar days to provide the required medical recertification.

DPFM Leave Decision. If approved, Alight will notify the Associate of the approval via mail and may notify the Associate by a phone call as well. Alight will email the approval to the Associate's manager. If denied, Alight will notify the Associate of the denial via mail and the Leaves of Absence Team through LeavePro or the weekly report Alight submits to the Leaves of Absence Team.

Restoration of Employment. At the end of DPFM leave, subject to some exceptions including but not limited to situations where the Associate's position was eliminated while on leave or job restoration of "Key employees" will cause the Company substantial and grievous economic injury, Associates generally have a right to return to the same or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits and other employment terms. The Company will notify Associates if they qualify as "Key employees," if it intends to deny reinstatement, and of their rights in such instances. Use of DPFM leave will not result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an eligible Associate's DPFM leave. Unless the Associate returns to work the first workday following the expiration of approved DPFM-qualifying leave, any DPFML job restoration rights are lost.

Failure to Return to Work Following DPFM Leave. If the Associate does not return to work following the conclusion of DPFM leave, and prior to the conclusion of such leave, has not requested a leave extension (and, when applicable, provide the required certification justifying the leave extension) and/or has failed to satisfy the Company's other requirements for an extension of leave, the Company will provide a notice to the Associate that he/she must return to work or risk termination (or be deemed a voluntary resignation). The Associate will be given a reasonable opportunity to respond. When an Associate is deemed to have voluntarily resigned after a failure to return from an DPFM leave, the Company may recover benefits premiums that the Company paid on behalf of the Associate during any unpaid DPFM leave, except that the Company's share of such premiums may not be recovered if the Associate fails to return to work because of: (i) the continuation, recurrence or onset of either a serious health condition of the Associate or Associate's domestic partner, which would otherwise entitle the Associate to leave under the DPFML or (ii) other circumstances beyond the Associate's control. In such cases, the Company may require a completed certification to substantiate the domestic partner's serious health condition, or the covered service member relative's serious injury or illness, or qualifying exigency.

Advance Notification of Use of Intermittent DPFM Leave. When using intermittent DPFM leave, whether foreseeable or unforeseeable, the Associate must comply with any usual and customary notice and procedural requirements for notifying the Company of the Associate's absence, unless it is medically impractical or physically impossible for the Associate to comply.

Compensation and Maintenance of Benefits During DPFM Leave. Leave under the DPFML is unpaid, except as noted below. As with other forms of unpaid leave with the Company, Associates will not be compensated for any Company-observed holidays that occur during a DPFML continuous leave of absence.

Relationship to Paid Time Off and Disability Benefit Payments. Not all Associates are eligible to accrue and use Paid Time Off (PTO). Any references to PTO in this DPFML policy apply only to Associates who are eligible for PTO under the terms and conditions of a PTO plan applicable to them.

1. Associates are not eligible to accrue PTO while on unpaid DPFM leave of absence.
2. Associates must use any accrued PTO while taking unpaid DPFM leave. The Associate's accrued and unused PTO or state and local paid sick leave will be substituted for unpaid leave and run concurrently with the DPFM leave, to the extent permitted by federal and state law.
3. Associates are not able to use any advanced accrued PTO while on an approved leave of absence in accordance with the PTO policy.

For questions related to PTO accrual while on leave or using PTO while on leave, please contact hrsupport@randstadusa.com or the Company's Leaves of Absence Team.

Relationship to Benefits.

1. Retirement Benefits: Vesting in both the Randstad North America 401(k) and Deferred Compensation Plan will continue in accordance with the applicable plan provisions for Associates who are eligible for and enrolled in such plans.
2. Health and Welfare Benefits: Associates on DPFM leave will continue participating in any Company Health and Welfare benefits in which they were participating prior to the commencement of the leave, so long as the Associate portion of the premium payment is remitted to the Company in a timely manner.

- a. If the Associate receives PTO while on DPFM leave, the Company will automatically deduct premium payments for all health and welfare benefits as regular payroll deductions from those payments.
- b. If the Associate receives disability benefit payments while on a DPFM Leave, benefits will automatically deduct for most health and welfare benefits from the disability benefit payment where applicable.
- c. If an Associate's leave is unpaid, he or she must continue to pay the Associate portion of the group health and welfare premium payments during the period of leave through a "pay-as-you-go" method.

Prohibition of Discrimination and Retaliation. The Company strictly prohibits discrimination or retaliation against Associates because of their exercise, or attempted exercise, of rights under this policy. Associates who believe that their rights have been violated or that they have been discriminated or retaliated against for exercising, or attempting to exercise, their rights under this policy are required to report such belief to their manager and/or to Employee Relations (hrsupport@randstadusa.com) immediately. Alternatively, Associates may report a complaint through the Company's Misconduct Reporting Procedures. Reports may be submitted via a secure web page (www.speakupfeedback.eu/web/integrityatrandstad/us) or via a free telephone hotline (866-250-6706) accessible 24 hours every day and operated by an independent external provider. An access code (42115) is needed for both phone and web.

Prohibition of Alternative Employment During DPFM Leave. Engaging in gainful employment during a DPFM leave of absence is prohibited and will result in termination of employment as well as liability for reimbursement to the Company of any premium payments that were made on the Associate's behalf during the DPFM leave.

Revisions to Policy; No Alteration of At-Will Employment. This policy may be revised, suspended, or cancelled at any time, for any reason, with or without advance notice. Nothing in this policy alters the at-will nature of any Associate's employment relationship with the Company.

Additional Information. For further information or clarification about DPFM leave, please contact the Leaves of Absence Team.

10.3 DISABILITY COVERAGE

Short-term disability. When your own short-term disability (STD) prevents you from working, you may be eligible for payment or partial payment of STD benefits due to the STD. Please reference your STD plan documents for additional information regarding the terms, conditions and requirements of the Company's Short Term Disability program and benefits that may be payable during the STD leave. Alternatively, please contact the Leaves of Absence Team to determine your eligibility. Leave due to a STD will run concurrent with any FMLA leave to which the employee may be entitled.

Long-term disability. Long-term disability (LTD) benefits provide partial income replacement beyond a Short Term Disability leave (and STD benefits), in the event that you become totally disabled from work for longer than 180 days. LTD coverage amounts and eligibility requirements vary based on governing benefit plan provisions. The terms, conditions and requirements of the Company's LTD program and the LTD benefits associated with the program are set forth in the plan documents governing such programs. For additional information about the LTD benefit program, please contact the Company's Leaves of Absence Team.

10.4 MILITARY LEAVE

The Company provides eligible employees with Military Leaves of absence pursuant to the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (USERRA) (Military Leave). For more information on

Military Leave, please refer to 'Your Rights Under USERRA' at https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/VETS/legacy/files/USERRA_Private.pdf or contact the Leaves of Absence Team (see the "Important Contacts" section at the beginning of this policy) to request a copy.

Eligibility and Purpose of Military Leave. In accordance with USERRA, the Company grants military leaves of absence to employees for Service in the Uniformed Services. No minimum length of employment with the Company is required before an employee may take time off for Service in the Uniformed Services. For purposes of this policy, the following definitions apply:

1. "Service" means the performance of duty on a voluntary or involuntary basis including active duty, active duty for training, initial active duty for training, inactive duty training, full-time National Guard duty, absence from work for an examination to determine a person's fitness for any of the aforementioned types of duty, funeral honors duty performed by National Guard or reserve members, duty performed by intermittent disaster response personnel for the Public Health Service and approved training for this service, and service as an intermittent disaster response appointee of the National Disaster Medical System.

2. "Uniformed Services" consist of the U.S. Army, U.S. Navy, U.S. Marine Corps, U.S. Air Force, U.S. Coast Guard, or the Reserves of any such Uniformed Service, as well as the Army or Air National Guard, Commissioned Corps of the Public Health Service, a cadet or midshipman attending a military service academy (the United States Military, Naval, Air Force and Coast Guard Academies), or any other category of persons designated by the President in time of war or emergency.

An employee is only entitled to the rights and benefits provided under this policy if the Service ends in a manner that does not disqualify the employee for rights and benefits under USERRA. Solely by way of example, if an employee is separated with a dishonorable or bad conduct discharge, or is separated under other than honorable conditions, or is separated due to absence without proper authority or as the result of a conviction under court martial, he or she is not entitled to the rights and benefits provided herein.

Duration of Military Leave. In order for an employee to enjoy protection under USERRA, the maximum cumulative length of absence for the most recent and all previous Military Leave(s) from the Company must not exceed five (5) years, subject to limited exceptions. The 5-year limit does not include inactive duty training, annual training, involuntary recall to active duty or involuntary retention on active duty, or voluntary or involuntary active duty in support of war, national emergency or certain operational missions.

Employees are not required to begin Service immediately after beginning their Military Leave in order to protect their rights under this policy if, for example, an employee requires additional time to rest or to arrange affairs before reporting for Service.

Notification to the Company of the Need for Military Leave. Employees seeking a Military Leave must provide advanced written or verbal notice (preferably 30 days, when feasible) to their manager (in the case of Associates), Company Representative (in the case of Talent) or the Leaves of Absence Team (see the "Important Contacts" section at the beginning of this policy) of the need for and dates of such leave, unless military necessity prevents the giving of notice or the giving of notice is impossible or unreasonable. An authorized officer of the relevant uniformed service also may provide notice on behalf of the employee. Other than in cases where these exceptions apply, failure to provide advance notice of leave may result in loss of reemployment rights under USERRA at the conclusion of the leave.

Employees are strongly encouraged to provide the Company with copies of their military orders, training notices, or any other similar documentation such as the annual drill schedule, as soon as available and, if possible, prior to the commencement of the leave.

At the time of notification of the need for leave, employees are not required to decide whether they intend to return to their pre-service employment upon completion of their duty. Employees departing for military service cannot (and will not be asked to) surrender reemployment rights.

Reinstatement Following Military Leave / Notice by Returning Employees. An employee who performs Service in the Uniformed Services for a period of more than five (5) years will not retain employment or reinstatement rights. An employee's failure to provide advance notice to the Company that the employee is leaving the job for Service in the Uniformed Services (unless an exception applies) and/or the employee's failure to timely submit an application for reemployment will also render the employee ineligible for reinstatement.

Subject to certain exceptions (noted below), an employee returning from Service of five years or less shall be reinstated based on the length of the employee's military service. In order to be entitled to reinstatement, an employee must return to work and/or (as applicable) promptly submit an application for reinstatement. Upon an employee's return to work and/or prompt application for reinstatement, an employee will be reinstated in the following manner:

1. For Service of 30 days or less.
 - a. Reporting to Work. Employee must report to work on the first regularly scheduled workday following the end of service, provided that the employee has had an allowance to travel home from the military duty location and a rest of 8 hours prior to commencing work. If, due to no fault of the employee, timely reporting back to work would be impossible or unreasonable, the employee must report back to work as soon as possible in light of the extenuating circumstances.
 - b. Documentation that must be submitted. None required. Simply notify your manager (in the case of Associates) or your Company Representative (in the case of Talent), or the Leaves of absence team (see the "Important Contacts" section at the beginning of this policy). Although not required, the Company encourages employees to provide the Company with copies of any military orders or similar documentation, if possible under the circumstances.
 - c. Retention. The employee may be discharged with or without cause at any time following reemployment/reinstatement.
 - d. Type of Job upon Reinstatement. The Company will promptly reemploy the employee in the position he or she would have held had he or she remained continuously employed, so long as the employee is qualified for it or can become qualified for it after reasonable efforts by the Company to qualify him or her. If the employee is not qualified for that job and cannot become qualified for it after the Company makes reasonable efforts to qualify him or her, the employee will be returned to the position he or she held before commencing Military Leave. If the employee cannot become qualified for either of the above-described positions, the employee will be reinstated in a position that is the nearest approximation to the above-described positions that the employee is qualified to perform, with full seniority.
2. For Service between 31 through 180 days.
 - a. Reporting to Work. Employee must submit an application for reemployment with the Company within 14 days of completion of Service. If submission of a timely application is impossible or unreasonable through no fault of the employee, the application must be submitted on the next first full calendar day when applying for reemployment becomes possible in light of the extenuating circumstances. The application must be submitted in writing to the Leaves of Absence Team and the employee's manager (in the case of Associates) or Company Representative (in the case of Talent).
 - b. Documentation that must be submitted. Prior to or upon reemployment, employee must provide

documentation (in the form of active duty orders, military orders or similar documentation) to his or her manager (in the case of Associates) or Company Representative (in the case of Talent), or the Leaves of Absence Team. The documentation must demonstrate the timeliness of the employee's application for reemployment and must show the length and character of the military service. If documentation is not readily available, the Company will not immediately deny reinstatement, but will require the employee to provide such documentation as soon as it becomes available. If documentation subsequently provided shows that one or more of the requirements for reemployment were not met, the employee will be subject to immediate (but not retroactive) discharge.

c. Retention / Protection from Discharge. The employee will not be discharged without cause for six (6) months from the date of reemployment/reinstatement.

d. Type of Job upon Reinstatement.

i. If the leave is for 90 days or less, the Company will promptly reemploy the employee in the job he or she would have had if he or she remained continuously employed, so long as the employee is qualified for the job or can become qualified after reasonable efforts by the Company to qualify him or her. If the employee is not qualified for the job and cannot become qualified after reasonable efforts by the Company to qualify him or her, the Company will place the employee in the same job he or she held before leaving for military service. If the employee cannot become qualified for either of the above-described positions, the employee will be reemployed in a position that is the nearest approximation to the above-described positions that the employee is qualified to perform, with full seniority.

ii. If the leave is for 91 days or more, the Company will promptly reemploy the employee in the job he or she would have had if he or she remained continuously employed, or a job of similar seniority, status and pay as long as the employee is qualified for the job or can become qualified after reasonable efforts by the Company to qualify him or her. If the employee is not qualified for the job and cannot become qualified after reasonable efforts by the Company to qualify him or her, the Company will place the employee in the same job he or she held before leaving for military service, or, if qualified, in a position of like seniority, status, and pay. If the employee is not qualified for any such positions, the Company will reemploy the employee in any other position that most nearly approximates the positions described in this paragraph that the employee is qualified, without loss of seniority.

3. For Service greater than 180 days (up to the 5 year cumulative maximum).

a. Reporting to Work. Employee must submit an application for reemployment no later than 90 days following the completion of Service.

b. Document that must be submitted. Same as those for Military Leave between 31 and 180 days. See subsection 2(b) above.

c. Retention / Protection from Discharge. The employee will not be discharged without cause for one year from the date of reemployment/reinstatement.

d. Type of Job Reemployment. Please see subsection 2(d)(ii) above.

Subject to certain necessary extensions, employees who are hospitalized or convalescing from illness or injuries received or aggravated during military service or training have up to two years from the date of completion of service to return to the Company or apply for reemployment, depending on the length of time required to recover from the illness or injuries.

Reinstatement of Employees with a Service-Connected Disability. An employee who has a disability incurred in or aggravated during military Service, and who (after reasonable efforts by the Company to accommodate the disability) is not qualified due to such disability to be employed in the position of employment in which the individual would have been employed but for the military service, the individual will be reemployed (i) in any other position of equivalent seniority, status and pay for which the individual is qualified or could become qualified with reasonable efforts by the Company; or (ii) if the individual is not qualified to be employed in the position described in (i) above, the individual will be reemployed in a position which is the nearest approximation to such position in terms of seniority, status and pay.

Exceptions to Reinstatement. In addition to the employee's failure to provide advance notice that the employee is leaving the job for Service in the Uniformed Services or the failure to apply for reinstatement in a timely manner, an employee is not entitled to reinstatement (as described above) if any of the following conditions exist:

1. The Company's circumstances have changed so as to make reinstatement impossible or unreasonable. For example, the Company is not required to reemploy an individual where there has been an intervening reduction in force or facility closing that would have included the individual.
2. Assisting the employee in becoming qualified for reemployment would impose an undue hardship on the Company.
3. The individual's employment prior to the military Service was merely for a brief, nonrecurring period and there was no reasonable expectation that the employment would have continued indefinitely or for a significant period of time.
4. An individual is not entitled to reinstatement if the military Service ends in a manner that disqualifies the individual for rights and benefits under USERRA. Solely by way of example, if an individual is separated with a dishonorable or bad conduct discharge, or is separated under other than honorable conditions, or is separated due to absence without proper authority or as the result of a conviction under court martial, he or she is not entitled to reinstatement or any other rights and benefits provided herein.

Compensation and Coordination of Benefits During Military Leave. Unless state or local law provides otherwise, Military Leave generally is unpaid. Employees will not be compensated for any Company-observed holidays that occur during a Military Leave.

The following additional rules apply to exempt employees paid on a salary basis (as opposed to hourly) who are on a Military Leave:

- An exempt employee will not be paid a salary for any workweek in which the employee performs no work (e.g., a Military Leave lasting an entire workweek or multiple workweeks in which the employee performs no work).
- If an exempt employee is absent for only part of a particular workweek because of a temporary Military Leave, the Company will not make deductions from the employee's salary for those absences in that workweek, but it will offset any amounts received by the exempt employee as military pay for that workweek against the salary due for that workweek. The exempt employee must provide documentation to the Company enabling the Company to calculate the amount of the offset.

Relationship to Paid Time Off (PTO). At the beginning of any Military Leave, employees may elect, but are not required, to substitute unpaid leave for any PTO benefits which they have accrued but have not yet taken. (As previously noted, not all employees are eligible to accrue and use PTO. PTO only applies to employees who are eligible

under a PTO plan applicable to them.) If an employee is still on Military Leave at the end of a calendar year and has not requested to use all of the PTO that was accrued that year, such benefits will be forfeited in accordance with the PTO Policy applicable to such employee, to the extent permissible under applicable law.

Paid Military Leave. The Company provides eligible Associates up to ten (10) days of paid military leave within the twelve (12) month military calendar year (October 1 to September 30). This paid military leave policy will be in effect for Military leave beginning on or after July 1, 2019.

1. **Eligibility:** All Associates who have been employed with the Company for at least six (6) months are eligible for paid military leave as set forth under this policy.
2. **Usage:** Eligible Associates may take up to ten (10) days of paid military leave within the military calendar year for Service in the Uniformed Services (as such terms are defined under this Military Leave policy). Paid military leave may be taken intermittently, in full or partial day increments, not to exceed ten (10) days within the military calendar year.
3. **Notice:** All requests for paid military leave should be initiated through the Company's Leave of Absence team at RUS-Leaves@randstadusa.com. Associates requesting paid military leave must provide advance written notice of such request to the Leave of Absence team (preferably 30 days, when feasible) unless military necessity prevents the giving of advance notice or advance notice is impossible or unreasonable. To receive paid military leave, eligible Associates must submit written evidence of their military leave by providing copies of their military orders, training notices, or other similar documentation, as soon as available and, if possible, prior to the commencement of the leave, unless otherwise prohibited by applicable law.

Pay and Benefits during Paid Military Leave: Associates paid on an hourly basis will receive payment based on their regular straight time hourly rate in effect at the time their military leave is taken. In the case of an Associate whose pay is expressed in terms of an annual base salary, the hourly pay will be calculated by taking the Associate's annual base salary and dividing the annual base salary by 2080 to arrive at an hourly rate. Overtime pay, bonuses, commissions, shift premiums, stock awards, cash awards, etc., will not be included in the calculation of paid military leave. The Company will maintain all benefits for Associates during the paid military leave period. Accordingly, the Associate's applicable benefits and retirement plan deductions will continue during such period.

Relationship to Benefits

1. **Retirement Benefits:** Vesting and accrual of benefits under the Randstad North America 401(k) and Deferred Compensation Plan will continue in accordance with the applicable plan provisions for employees who are eligible for and enrolled in such plans. Any vested accrued benefits in the retirement plans that the employee was entitled to prior to the period of Military Leave remains intact whether or not the employee chooses to be reemployed following the Military Leave. If the employee receives PTO or paid military leave while on Military Leave, the Company will automatically deduct the Retirement contributions from those payments.
2. **Health and Welfare Benefits:** Employees on a Military Leave have the option to continue participating in any Company-sponsored health and welfare benefits program in which they were participating prior to the commencement of the leave for up to 24 months, so long as they timely remit their portion of the premium payment to the Company (see Benefit Premiums information below).
 - a. If an employee's Military Leave exceeds 24 months, or if after 30 days coverage ends due to non-payment of the employee premiums (whichever occurs first), the employee will be offered the opportunity to elect to continue healthcare coverage under COBRA.

b. Employees returning to employment following a Military Leave are eligible for healthcare coverage immediately; they are not subject to waiting periods for healthcare coverage that might be required for new-hire employees.

3. Benefit Premiums:

a. If the employee receives PTO or paid military leave while on Military Leave, the Company will automatically deduct premium payments for all health and welfare benefits as regular payroll deductions from those payments.

b. If an employee is on an unpaid Military Leave, he or she must continue to pay the employee portion of the premium payments due during the period of leave.

Reasonable Accommodations Following Military Leave. Employees who believe they need a reasonable accommodation pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) in order to return to work following a Military Leave should notify the Company's Leaves of Absence Team to initiate the ADA interactive process.

Prohibition of Discrimination and Retaliation Following Military Leave. The Company prohibits discrimination or retaliation against employees because of past, current, or future military obligations, or the exercise, or attempted exercise, of any rights under this policy or USERRA. Specifically, no employee will be denied employment, reinstatement, promotion, reemployment, or any other benefit of employment on the basis of past, present or future service obligations. The Company also prohibits retaliation against any employee because such person has taken action to enforce or exercise any USERRA or USERRA-related right or for assisting in a USERRA or USERRA-related investigation. Employees who believe that their rights have been violated under this policy or USERRA should report such belief to Employee Relations (hrsupport@randstadusa.com) immediately. Alternatively, employees may report a complaint through the Company's Misconduct Reporting Procedures. Reports may be submitted via a secure web page (www.speakupfeedback.eu/web/integrityatrandstad/us) or via a free telephone hotline (866-250-6706) accessible 24 hours every day and operated by an independent external provider. An access code (42115) is needed for both phone and web.

Other Leaves Mandated By State or Local Laws. Employees may be eligible for paid sick leave or other forms of paid or unpaid leave under applicable state and local law. For more information about the types of additional leave for which employees may be eligible, please contact the Company's Leaves of Absence Team.

10.4(A) SPOUSE MILITARY RELOCATION LEAVE POLICY

Effective January 1, 2022, the Company will provide eligible Associates who are spouses of an Active Duty Military member up to five (5) days of relocation pay.

Eligibility and Purpose of Spouse Military Relocation Leave. The purpose of this policy is to provide eligible Associates who are spouses of Active Duty Military members paid time off to accommodate military relocation moves and transition assistance. All full-time Associates (working 30 hours or more per week) and part-time Associates (working between 20 and 29 hours per week) who have been employed with the Company for at least six (6) months are eligible for the spouse military relocation leave set forth under this policy. Part-time Associates who work less than 20 hours per week are not eligible for spouse military relocation leave under this policy.

For purposes of this policy, the following definitions apply:

1. "Active Duty" Military means full-time duty in the active military service of the United States. Such term includes full-time training duty, annual training duty, and attendance, while in the active military service, at a

school designated as a service school by law or by the secretary of the military department concerned. Such term includes the Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marines, Navy, and National Guard members operating under Title 10 of the United States Code but does not include full-time National Guard duty operating under Title 32 of the United States Code.

2. "Service" means the performance of duty on a voluntary or involuntary basis including active duty, active duty for training, initial active duty for training, inactive duty training, full-time National Guard duty, absence from work for an examination to determine a person's fitness for any of the aforementioned types of duty, funeral honors duty performed by National Guard or reserve members, duty performed by intermittent disaster response personnel for the Public Health Service and approved training for this service, and service as an intermittent disaster response appointee of the National Disaster Medical System.
3. "Uniformed Services" consist of the U.S. Army, U.S. Navy, U.S. Marine Corps, U.S. Air Force, U.S. Coast Guard, or the Reserves of any such Uniformed Service, as well as the Army or Air National Guard, Commissioned Corps of the Public Health Service, a cadet or midshipman attending a military service academy (the United States Military, Naval, Air Force and Coast Guard Academies), or any other category of persons designated by the President in time of war or emergency.

Duration of Leave. In order for an Associate to take protected time off with pay, the maximum length of absence per occurrence from the Company must not exceed five (5) business days. The time must be taken in increments of whole days.

Notification to the Company of the Need for Spouse Military Relocation Leave. Associates seeking a Leave must provide advanced written or verbal notice (preferably 30 days, when feasible) to their manager or the Leaves of Absence Team (see the "Important Contacts" section at the beginning of this policy) of the need for and dates of such leave, unless military necessity prevents the giving of notice or the giving of notice is impossible or unreasonable.

Associates are strongly encouraged to provide the Company with copies of their spouse's relocation orders as soon as available and, if possible, prior to the commencement of the leave.

10.5 REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS FOLLOWING LEAVE & ADDITIONAL AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA) CONSIDERATIONS

The Company is committed to providing equal employment opportunities to qualified individuals with disabilities and, once made aware of their disabilities, will provide reasonable accommodations to enable qualified applicants and employees with disabilities to perform the essential functions of the job, provided that the accommodations do not cause undue hardship to the Company or its client's business. If you are on a leave of absence and believe that you need a reasonable accommodation in order to return to work and perform the essential functions of your position, please contact the Leaves of Absence Team (see the "Important Contacts" section at the beginning of this policy) to initiate the reasonable accommodation request process. You may be asked to complete a form to facilitate the reasonable accommodation process and assist the Company in evaluating the request. The Company will work with each individual to define the individual's job-related needs in an attempt to accommodate those needs.

Bona fide and approved leave provided to an employee as a reasonable accommodation under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) may be treated as an exception to or exempt from the Company's leave of absence policies. All requests for leave as a reasonable accommodation will be considered on a case-by-case basis, in accordance with applicable law. In all instances, the ultimate decision as to a particular accommodation will be made by the Company.

10.6 JURY AND WITNESS DUTY LEAVE

The Company recognizes that employees may occasionally be called to serve as jurors or subpoenaed to appear as witnesses in legal proceedings. The Company encourages employees to fulfill these civic duties and will grant time off for this purpose. In the event an employee works in a state or city where applicable law provides more generous terms and conditions for jury and/or witness duty leave, the more generous law shall govern the employee's entitlement to leave.

Notification to the Company of the Need for Jury or Witness Duty Leave. Employees are required to provide their manager (in the case of Associates) or Company Representative (in the case of Talent) with notice of the need to take time off to serve as a juror or witness, including the date when such service will begin, as soon as they become aware of it. The Company reserves the right to require employees to provide a copy of their jury summons or witness subpoena. Upon returning to work, employees may be required to provide proof of their service as a juror or witness to their manager or Company Representative. Failure to provide such notification to the Company or to comply with requests from the Company may result in disciplinary action and/or the forfeiture of time off, or of paid time off, under this Section.

Duration of Jury or Witness Duty Leave. Generally, employees who are called to jury duty or to serve as a witness will be granted time off to fulfill such obligations. Under extraordinary circumstances, such as when an employee's absence due to service as a witness or juror would be severely detrimental to the operations of his or her department or the Company or its client's business, the Company reserves the right to request postponement of the jury or witness service. If an employee who is granted time off for jury or witness duty is excused for any full day during the jury or witness service, he or she is required to report to work that day. Employees who are released early from jury or witness duty and can work for at least three (3) hours must do so.

Compensation of employees During Jury or Witness Duty Leave. Unless state or local law provides otherwise, Talent will not be paid for absences in connection with their service as a juror or witness. Associates will be paid for absences in connection with their service as a juror or witness as follows, unless state or local law requires more generous compensation. Associates who are required to serve on jury duty or summoned as a witness during normal business hours will receive their normal daily pay for the period described below, less any payments received for jury duty. Associates who serve on jury duty and/or summoned as a witness must submit their receipt to their manager.

1. Exempt Associates. Exempt Associates will be paid their normal weekly or bi-weekly pay for up to eighty (80) hours of absence due to service as a juror or witness. Should service as a juror or witness last longer than eighty (80) hours, the Company will make deductions from pay for absences occasioned by such service for only those weeks in which the exempt Associate performs no work. Exempt Associates will be expected to work as many of their regularly scheduled hours as possible when not serving as a juror or witness.

2. Non-exempt Associates. Non-exempt Associates will be paid for up to 40 hours of absence due to service as a juror or witness. The remainder of time spent serving as a witness or juror will be unpaid, unless otherwise required by state or local law. Associates will only be paid for the hours they would have been regularly scheduled to work.

10.7 BEREAVEMENT LEAVE

Notification to the Company of the Need for Bereavement Leave. Notification of a need for bereavement leave and an expected date of return must be provided, at least verbally, to the employee's manager (in the case of Associates) or Company Representative (in the case of Talent) as soon as the need for leave is known. The Company reserves the right to require employees to put their request in writing and/or provide documentation supporting the need for the leave (i.e., a death certificate, obituary, etc.). Failure to give verbal or, if requested, written notice, or to provide requested verification, may result in the forfeiture of time off or, if applicable, paid time off under this policy.

Compensation During Bereavement Leave. Unless otherwise required by applicable law, Talent will not be paid for absences due to the death of a family member and Associates will be eligible for compensation only as provided in this bereavement leave policy.

Unless otherwise required by applicable law, the Company will provide Associates up to 5 days of paid time off in the event of a death in the Immediate Family Member and up to 2 days of paid time off in the event of a death of an Extended Family Member.

1. Immediate Family Member includes an Associate's parent or legal guardian, spouse, domestic partner, child, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, as well as half-, step-, and in-law relations of the same.

2. Extended Family Member includes an Associate's uncle, aunt, niece, nephew or cousin, as well as half-, step-, and in-law relations of the same.

If more days off are needed than indicated above, Associates may request time off in accordance with the Company's Paid Time Off and/or Unpaid Personal Leave of Absence policies.

Associates will only be paid for the hours they would have been regularly scheduled to work for bereavement leave for up to a maximum of five days.

10.8 OTHER LEAVE REQUESTS

Please contact your manager and the Leaves of Absence Team to discuss requests for a leave of absence that is not covered within this policy.

10.9 UNPAID PERSONAL LEAVE OF ABSENCE FOR ASSOCIATES

Please refer to the Personal Leave of Absence Policy found on the Benefits page of Connect at Happeo for more details.

SECTION 11: PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY AND CLIENT

All property, equipment, and materials supplied to you by the Company or its customer ("Property") are deemed to be the Property of the Company or its customer and not your personal property. This Property includes, but is not limited to, Resources (defined below), badges, corporate credit cards, access cards, keys, office supplies, office equipment, and office furniture. Property also includes documents, data, certain inventions, certain copyrightable works of authorship, confidential information, and trade secrets.

11.1 REASONABLE CARE OF PROPERTY

Employees are expected to demonstrate an appropriate level of care and security for all Property used. This also includes any property or materials the customer may entrust you with in the performance of your work. Under no circumstances should Property be left in personal vehicles (even if locked) or any unsecured location. If any Property is damaged, lost or stolen, employees must report it to their manager (in the case of Associates) or Company Representative (in the case of Talent). Should you choose to bring personal items into the workplace, the Company takes no responsibility for such items.

11.2 RESOURCES

Definition of Resources. In the performance of their duties for the Company, employees, including employees who are assigned to or work at a facility of a Company Customer ("Customer"), are provided use of and/or access to the Company's and/or its Customer's computer networks, telephone equipment, and other communications and business

resources ("Resources"). The Resources are critical business assets and are the Property of the Company and/or its Customer. The Resources are not your personal property and should not be used as such. "Resources" supplied by the Company and/or its Customer are to be utilized in the conduct of the Company's and/or its Customer's business, and include, but are not limited to: (1) telecommunications equipment, connections, transmissions, and resources; (2) telephones and facsimiles devices; (3) voice messaging systems; (4) computers, laptops, wireless devices, such as cell phones, RIM wireless modems, PDAs, file servers, workstations, software and hardware; (5) email and other electronic messaging; and (6) internal and external communications networks (Internet, Intranet, commercial online services, bulletin boards, e-mail systems and instant messaging systems) that are accessed directly or indirectly from the Company's and/or Customer's computer facilities.

The Resources are made accessible to Users (as defined below) to facilitate the performance of their duties. Resources must be used lawfully and for business-related purposes. All employees accessing or using the Resources ("Users") wherever the Users are located (including a remote location) must follow this policy when using the Resources. Use of a business computer or any of the Resources constitutes consent to all of the terms and conditions of this policy.

Application of other policies. All Company policies as set forth in this Handbook apply to the use of the Resources, including, without limitation, those that cover social media use, rules of conduct and the prohibition on harassment, discrimination and other unlawful conduct.

Use of Resources. Any use of Resources is at the sole discretion of the Company and/or its Customer. Users may be subject to limitations on their use of Resources. A User's ability to use the Resources does not imply a right to make use of those Resources unless authorized by the Company and/or its Customer.

No expectation of Privacy. The Company has the capability to monitor inappropriate activity being conducted using the Company's Resources. We recognize no distinction regarding the time of day, day of week or location of use in which inappropriate activity occurs using the Company's Resources. Users do not have a right or expectation of personal privacy or confidentiality in the Resources or in any material created, sent, received, stored, downloaded, transmitted, printed, copied, posted, displayed, or accessed by use of the Resources, unless otherwise mandated by law. The Company and/or its Customer has and reserves the right to access, enter, search, inspect, monitor, and disclose the contents of any User's transmissions, files, or messages at any time for inappropriate or illegal use, security concerns, network management or other business reasons without notice to the User. The Company and/or its Customer may in its sole discretion utilize software and systems that can monitor and record usage. In addition, the Company and/or its Customer may in its sole discretion use software to block access to any and all websites or other electronic media that are deemed inappropriate or non-business related. By using the Resources, Users expressly consent to these terms.

Sensitive and Confidential Information. Users are responsible for taking appropriate security measures when transmitting or storing sensitive or confidential information. Because electronic transmissions, including Internet transmissions, e-mail and instant messages, may be accessible by outside individuals, sensitive or confidential information should never be transmitted electronically unless it is encrypted or otherwise protected in accordance with the Company's U.S. Data Protection Policy, available on the Legal page of Connect on Happeo. Sensitive and/or confidential business information and documents should not be displayed on terminals when anyone other than an authorized User is present. Confidential and/or sensitive documents should not be stored in a database or on a system where unauthorized persons can access them.

Passwords. Where required by the Company and/or its Customer, Users are expected to use password controls. However, neither the use of passwords nor other security measures in any way diminish the Company's and/or its Customer's rights as outlined in the "No Expectation of Privacy" paragraph above, nor do they create any expectation

of privacy in use of the Resources. Users are responsible for the security of all passwords and identification codes issued to or created by them. Passwords should be changed periodically to prevent unauthorized access and should be unique to the individual User.

Responsibility and Care for Messages. Users are responsible for all messages sent from their email address, instant messaging system or voicemail, including any misdirected or forwarded messages. Users should recognize that email, instant messages and voicemail often elicit less formal communications than are typically found in other types of communication. The Company expects its Users to utilize e-mail, instant messages and voicemail with no less care, judgment and responsibility than they would use for letters or memoranda in order to accurately convey intended messages and avoid inadvertent transmission, misdirection, and incorrect forwarding.

Precautions. Users are responsible for controlling access to their PC and data files as required in this policy. System identification ("Login-ID"), passwords, and access privileges are granted to each individual User on a business-need basis. Users must maintain, protect, and respect the confidentiality of the system access granted to them and are responsible for any system activity or transactions initiated through the use of their assigned system Login-ID. Users should enable the Company approved "Screensaver" with password protection to blank the PC monitor and prevent unauthorized use during short unattended periods. If a PC is to be left unattended for an extended period of time, Users should log off nightly to prevent unauthorized access to the Company's computer systems and communications networks. Users must disclose to management upon request any passwords that have been individually created or assigned by the User for file protection, encryption, or other security techniques. When a User terminates employment with the Company, management will be given access to their data files and other electronically-stored information for disposal.

Software and hardware. Users must actively safeguard Resources from unauthorized access or abuse. Users may not install software or hardware onto Resources without first receiving express authorization to do so from the appropriate Company and/or Customer personnel. Users must comply with all software licenses, copyrights, and all other state and federal laws governing intellectual property.

Other prohibitions. Users are expected to demonstrate good judgment and professionalism in their use of the Resources. All conduct or use of the Resources that is detrimental to the Company's and/or its Customer's interests or the interests of its employees, customers or suppliers is prohibited. The following list demonstrates some of the types of activities that are prohibited. The list is not intended to be exhaustive. Users shall not do or use the Resources to do any of the following:

1. Input, create, receive, upload, store, send, download, print, copy, post, display, play, forward, subscribe to, transmit, broadcast, reproduce, distribute, and/or access any items that contain:
 - a. Fraudulent, harassing, discriminatory, embarrassing, defamatory, pornographic, indecent, profane, obscene, intimidating, hateful, derogatory, sexual, or otherwise offensive or inappropriate language, pictures, sounds, or materials;
 - b. Information that the User knows or reasonably should know is false or inaccurate;
 - c. Chain letters, junk mail, jokes, commercial or personal solicitations to buy or sell goods or services using junk mail or ad hoc mail groups, advertisements, or promotions that are not in furtherance of the Company's and/or its Customer's business, including, but not limited to, .wav, .mov, .avi or .jpg files;
 - d. Commercial software or any copyrighted materials, trade secrets, proprietary financial information pirated software or data or similar materials without appropriate authorization; or
 - e. Unsolicited personal views on social, political, religious or other non-business related matters.

Note: This list does not prohibit employees from exercising their rights under Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act. See the Company's Policy on Recognizing Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act.

2. Attempt to disable, defeat or circumvent any security facilities, including, without limitation, anti-virus programs or protections, firewalls, proxies, Internet address screening programs and other security.
3. Intentionally introduce and/or execute a computer virus or similar type malicious message, or destructive program, or otherwise use Resources to deliberately propagate any virus, worm, or other malicious program code.
4. Misappropriate or forward to locations outside the Company and/or its Customer any information or intra-company communications of the Company and/or its Customer (whether electronic, written, or verbal) not specifically marked or intended for public distribution.
5. Make non-business related long-distance calls, or otherwise engage in any activity that causes the Company and/or its Customer to incur expenses for personal matters.
6. Use the Company's and/or its Customer's name, logo or other corporate mark, whether registered or not trademarked in an inappropriate manner.
7. Use, examine, access or change another person's User I.D., password, computer, files, e-mail, instant messaging account or voice-mail without authorization or for any improper purpose.
8. Knowingly establish or allow suppliers, vendors, contractors, or other unauthorized individuals local or remote access to the Resources without the expressed written consent of the Company and/or Customer.
9. Forward email to any other person or entity if the sender has explicitly specified not to.
10. Send mass mailings, unless for business purposes.
11. Alter or copy a file belonging to another User without doing so at the request of, or after first obtaining permission from, the owner of the file. The ability to read, alter or copy a file belonging to another User does not imply permission to do so.
12. Use the Company and/or its Customer Internet facilities to download entertainment software or games, or to play games over the Internet or internal network.
13. Download video and/or streaming audio and/or other downloading technologies unless for business-related purposes or as specifically approved through the non-standard hardware/software request process.
14. Use Resources to set up, operate or conduct personal or other unauthorized businesses.

Retention of email and instant messages. Subject to the Company's and/or its Customer's company-wide documentation retention program or an applicable Document Preservation Notice issued by the Legal Department, e-mail and instant messages may only be kept for a set period of time. E-mail and instant messages may be systematically removed from the Resources in the ordinary course of business.

Personal use. The Company's and/or its Customer's Resources are provided to Users to assist them in conducting the Company and/or its Customer's business. All messages distributed via the Company and/or its Customer's email system, instant messaging system, even personal messages, are the Company's and/or its Customer's property. Any personal use of the Company's and/or its Customer's Resources must not interfere with work and must comply with all policies, expectations and practices of the Company and/or its Customer.

11.3 PERSONAL DEVICES AND PROPERTY

The Company does not require employees to acquire, maintain or use personal cell phones, electronic devices, data or Internet accounts, or other personal property ("Personal Property") as a term or condition of their employment. The Company will provide you with any Property needed to perform your work. However, if you believe the use of your Personal Property is necessary or more convenient, promptly seek authorization from your manager before using Personal Property for work-related purposes.

If your manager provides authorization to use Personal Property for work-related purposes, your manager will explain the scope of the authorization, including the limited work-related tasks that may be performed using the Personal Property. All policies in this Handbook apply to any such work-related use of Personal Property, including policies prohibiting harassment and discrimination and policies requiring non-exempt employees to record all time worked. If you are authorized to use your Personal Property for work-related purposes, you may be eligible for reimbursement of necessary and reasonable expenses to the extent required by applicable law or the Company's US Travel & Business Expense Policy (available at [US Travel & Business Expense Policy](#)).

11.4 PERSONAL INFORMATION PROTECTION POLICY

The Company is committed to protecting Personal Information from being disclosed or misused. Because the Company is a staffing company, many employees have access at Company and Customer locations to both documents that contain Personal Information, such as tax forms, employment verification forms, background check forms, and other personnel documents, and software that stores Personal Information. This policy was developed to inform all employees of their obligations to help protect Personal Information from being improperly accessed or misused.

The Company has developed a Written Information Security Program (WISP) comprised of individuals from Information Security and the Legal Department to address Personal Information security issues. If you have any questions about Personal Information security, contact rus-wispteam-dl@randstadusa.com.

"Personal Information" consists of any information that, alone or in combination, identifies, relates to, describes, is reasonably capable of being associated with, or could reasonably be linked, directly or indirectly, with a particular individual or household.

Obligations. As a Company employee, you must take the following steps to protect Personal Information:

1. Treat all Personal Information confidentially, and even more carefully than if it were your own.
2. Only collect Personal Information that is necessary to accomplish legitimate business purposes.
3. Store, access or transport records or files containing Personal Information only (a) on the Company's premises or using the Company's computers or the Company's network, or (b) if you are working for a Customer, on the Customer's premises or using the Customer's computers or network.
4. Store documents containing Personal Information in locked, protected areas. At the end of the day, make sure all documents containing Personal Information are stored in secure drawers, cabinets and in non-visible locations.
5. Report to the Information Security Team any unauthorized use of Personal Information, circumstances that may affect the security of Personal Information, or any suspected inappropriate or unauthorized disclosure, risk of disclosure, or use of Personal Information – whether the disclosure or use was intentional or accidental.
6. Transmit or transfer Personal Information only as authorized by the Information Security Team.
7. Accompany all guests at all times when they are on the Company's business premises in an area where Personal Information is stored or where the guest may gain access to Personal Information.

8. When your employment terminates, return all records containing Personal Information and all keys, ID badges, business cards or other Property that may permit access to the Company's business premises.

9. Dispose of paper or electronic records that contain Personal Information only in ways authorized by the Information Security Team.

In addition, please do **not** do any of the following:

1. Do **not** share your passwords or write them down and leave them where they may be viewed.
2. Do **not** create unnecessary copies of documents that contain Personal Information.
3. Do **not** display Personal Information on your computer screen at work, at home or elsewhere where someone may view the Personal Information.
4. Do **not** transfer Personal Information to any portable device including laptop local drives, storage devices, thumb drives or other devices without the advance, express written authorization of the Information Security Team or a member of the Information Security Team.
5. Do **not** send Personal Information in an email, or otherwise electronically transfer Personal Information without the advance, express written authorization of the Information Security Team or a member of the Information Security Team. NOTE: the Information Security Team expressly authorizes sending Personal Information directly to the Company's Human Resources, Benefits, Legal and Payroll departments provided the information is sent via the Company's corporate email system.
6. Do **not** store, transport or access Personal Information outside of business premises except:
 - a) by remote access to Company computer networks in an environment where no unauthorized person may be looking over your shoulder, or
 - b) in a manner expressly authorized in advance in writing by the Information Security Team.

Exceptions. If you have special circumstances that you feel warrant an exception, you must contact the Information Security Team at rus-wispteam-dl@randstadusa.com to request written authorization for exceptions to this policy. If you do not receive advance written authorization for an exception, you may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination of your employment with the Company.

Violations. In addition to being subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination, for a violation of this policy, the Company and/or its Customer also reserves the right to report any illegal conduct to the appropriate authorities and may avail itself of any other legal remedies it deems appropriate, including seeking reimbursement from employees for any misuse of property, personal long distance calls, or other personal expenses charged to the Company and/or its Customer.

Please refer to the Information Technology page of Connect on Happeo for complete copies of applicable IT-related policies and guidance.

11.5 NON-DISCLOSURE AND NON-USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Employees may not misuse or make unauthorized disclosures of non-public, confidential information (including trade secrets) that is acquired during the course of employment with the Company. The confidential information of the Company and its Customers should be held in trust and confidence, not disclosed to any third party, and only used for the advancement of the Company and/or Customer's interests, either during employment or following termination of employment for any reason. Examples of confidential information include, but are not limited to, non-public, proprietary details about the Company and/or its Customer's strategies, operational plans, pricing, financial information and forecasts, personnel information, payroll information, personally identifiable information, protected health

information and trade secrets. No copies, abstracts or summaries of such materials may be made except for use in performing duties for the Company or its Customer. Any such materials must be returned to the Company prior to leaving the Company. If any non-public information is requested by anyone outside of the Company, the appropriate managing director and/or Legal should be notified. Until an employee obtains proper guidance, the requested information should not be disclosed.

Notwithstanding these examples of confidential information, this policy does not prohibit employees from exercising their rights under Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act. See the Company's Policy on Recognizing Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act.

11.6 DOCUMENT RETENTION

All Associates are required to comply with the Document Retention Policy. If you have any questions about whether you should maintain or discard a particular document, the policy and a summary document are available on the Legal page of Connect on Happeo for your reference.

11.7 THE COMPANY'S LOGO & TEMPLATES

When you use the Company's logos and templates for performing your work, you must use the logos both uniformly and correctly. The logos were designed to reflect the corporate image that the Company wishes to project. They must always be used in a professional and tasteful manner, and may be used in connection with protected concerted activity. Under no circumstances may logos or templates be modified or altered.

11.8 RETURN OF PROPERTY UPON TERMINATION OR REQUEST

Upon request by the Company or its Customer, at any time, and in any event upon termination of your employment with the Company for any reason, you shall promptly deliver to the Company all computer devices, data carriers and peripherals (including any physical access allowing badge) and any other Property, as defined above, within your possession or control. No Company equipment or data may be deleted, copied or retained by you upon the end of your employment. If any Property belonging to the Customer or the Company is not returned, you will be subject to any and all remedies available under applicable law for the recovery of such Property. At a minimum, you will be responsible for the replacement value of such Property.

11.9 RECORDING PROHIBITED

To protect employee privacy and the confidential business information and trade secrets of the Company, its customers and its vendors, the recording or transcription of meetings or calls in the workplace (including remote workplaces and customer sites) regarding the business of the Company, its customers or its vendors (hereinafter "recording"), is strictly prohibited without notice to and consent from all participants. With prior notice and consent from all participants, a recording may be made, but only when using equipment provided by the Company or its customer or a conferencing or meeting platform sanctioned by the Company or its customer (such as Google Meet). A personal cell phone or other personal device may not be used to make a recording, as defined by this policy.

Note: this policy does not prohibit employees from exercising their rights under Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act. See the Company's Policy Recognizing Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act.

SECTION 12: SAFE USE OF INFORMATION ASSETS AND IT SERVICES POLICY

12.1 DEFINITIONS

Information asset - anything that has value for the organization because of the information it stores, processes or

transfers. Assets may be grouped in: Primary or relevant, like products, applications, tools, systems, etc.; and Secondary or supporting: like hardware (e.g., servers, computers, smartphones, tablets and other computational devices, storage media), software (e.g., licenses), network or I/O devices (e.g., firewalls, routers, switches, IPSs, IDSs, printers, scanners or multifunctional printers, monitors, peripherals and accessories). Some supporting or secondary assets may be considered as relevant and inventoried through the arranged assessments.

Computer systems and devices - computing systems and electronic devices including PCs, laptops, smartphones, smartwatches, tablets, etc.; hardware including, but not limited to computer components, peripherals and accessories; software including, but not limited to programs, applications, add-ons, plugins and extensions, etc.; e-communications channels including, but not limited to internet, intranet, email, text messaging, digital channels, etc.

E-communications - the transmission of information through email, intranet and the internet, including social media and text messages, via electronic communication devices, including PCs, laptops, smartphones and tablets.

Employee or user - includes all Associates, Talent and interns hired by the Company having access to the Company's email, internet and/or intranet systems.

12.2 PURPOSE, SCOPE & AUDIENCE

Purpose. The purpose of this policy is to state the Company's approach to the proper usage and user behavior when dealing with Company information and data (including personal and/or special categories of personal data), company provided applications, systems, services and devices to protect our group companies, our employees and our digital assets against any potential misuse or wrong behavior. Within this context, users having access to Company data, systems and devices are required to protect privacy and confidentiality, integrity and availability of the information and data they have access to. In terms of content, this policy supersedes and extends the content of the e-Communication Policy.

Scope & audience. This policy applies to the Company and all the users of computing resources owned or managed by the Company. Individuals covered by the policy include, but are not limited to, Company users (employees and other authorized individuals who have been provided access to Company computing resources) and external individuals and organizations accessing Company systems and/or network services via Company's computing facilities. Computing resources include all Company-owned, licensed or managed hardware and software, Company-assigned user accounts, and use of Company's network via a physical or wireless connection, regardless of the ownership of the computer or device connected to the network.

This policy applies also to all personally owned computers and devices, including mobile computing devices (e.g., smartphones, tablets, laptops, etc.) connected by wire or wirelessly to the Company's network or systems and to off-site computers that connect remotely to network services.

The scope of this policy includes the use of information technology in the form of the different components it may be composed of, from PCs and smartphones, to network connectivity and internet, from email and collaboration tools to social media and data sharing, from phishing to traveling to 'critical' countries and so on. Each element is provided with its own dedicated section.

12.3 GENERAL SECURITY & PASSWORDS

All data, computer systems and devices, including internet, intranet and email systems provided by or on behalf of the Company, are the property of the Company. Users may use Company equipment to access files, programs, the internet, intranet and email for business purposes directly related to fulfilling their tasks.

Business / Private use. The use of Company computer systems, devices and services (e.g., internet, email, storage space, etc.) for personal purposes is permitted to a limited degree, on the same conditions applicable to use for business purposes, as long as it does not interfere with the daily business activities and responsibilities of the employee. When using company email for personal purposes, users must be aware that the relevant activities under the user account: all emails, chats, documents, etc. sent, received, stored and created are archived and preserved according to the 'document retention policy' in order to be available and accessible by authorized Company staff in accordance with the local Email Access Policy.

Code of conduct. Whether used for business or personal purposes, computer systems, devices and services must always be used in a responsible and conscientious manner in accordance with the code of conduct laid out in this policy document. In particular, internet and email activities should not in any way bring the name of the Company into disrepute or expose it to embarrassment.

Confidential and Proprietary information. Users may not share confidential or proprietary information (e.g., all forms of Intellectual Property) about the Company or its clients, talent, applicants, candidates, employees or shareholders (including but not limited to information about finances, business processes, trademarks, customers, pricing, company strategy or personal matters) outside the scope of their job role. For more information on Intellectual Property usage, please refer to its policy.

Responsibility. The user is held responsible for all actions carried out under their user ID. Infringements of the terms of usage laid out in this policy document may result in disciplinary action.

Bring Your Own Device network connections. Connecting non-company-provided devices to the internal Company wired networks is prohibited, unless authorized by the IT department; guest wireless connectivity (internet access only) shall be used in these cases.

Access and NDAs. Access to internal company computer systems and devices will only be granted to non-employees (e.g., suppliers, consultants, etc.) with the express permission of the IT department and on completion of a non-disclosure agreement.

Logging. Security-related events, including log-in attempts, failures and errors on all computer systems, devices and communications are recorded and monitored.

Malware. Although the Company does provide malware protection software, users should cautiously and responsibly deal with files, software or systems from unknown sources. This includes shareware and open source software.

Surrounding environment. When discussing Company information in a conversation or over the phone, attention should be paid to the content and the context in order to avoid disclosing classified information (e.g., a candidate CV evaluation in a café). A similar approach is to be taken when accessing information data via mobile devices in public places (e.g., a crowded wagon train). Users should always be aware and wary about their surrounding environment, and protect Company information from exposure or leakage at all times.

Passwords. Company users must use 'strong' passwords, containing at least 10 characters, a mix of upper and lower case and at least one number or symbol. Passwords should not contain the User ID, and users should not disclose, write down or share passwords. Company provided or authorized password manager solutions (e.g., Google Password Manager, CyberArk, etc.) to support and facilitate access requirements to systems and services not (yet) being onboarded into the Single Sign On feature (leveraging the federated directory services provided by MS Active Directory or Google Workspace) should be used.

12.4 HARDWARE & SOFTWARE

Users may not delete, disable, modify, reconfigure, copy or move any software, hardware, system or device provided by the Company unless they are expressly instructed to do so by the IT department. Only authorized and licensed software (i.e. checked, approved and supported by or provided with a proper use or ownership authorization from the manufacturer or reseller) may be used on Company managed devices, and it can only be purchased, installed and distributed by the IT department or with the written consent of the IT department. The download, installation or use of any unauthorized software (including but not limited to freeware, shareware or demo software) on company devices is prohibited. In the event of unauthorized or unlicensed software being discovered, it will be removed immediately.

The connection of personal equipment such as external USB devices, hard drives, tablets and smartphones to company devices in any other way than explicitly authorized in writing by the IT department or in accordance with local policies is prohibited. If such authorized equipment is required for business purposes, it will be provided or connected by the IT department and may be subject to further security requirements.

All computer systems and devices must be PIN/password-protected, and shut down or locked when not in use. Mobile devices (laptops, mobile phones, tablets, etc.) are not to be left unattended in cars or public areas (overnight or just for a 5-minute stop). In case of loss or theft of the assigned company devices, the IT department or its operational function (e.g., the Service Desk function) is to be informed immediately so that the most appropriate actions can be taken.

The disposal of obsolete company devices, hardware or software can only be carried out by the IT department in a controlled manner and in accordance with local laws and regulations.

Company unmanaged devices owned by the users, leveraging and adhering to the BYOD policy or guidelines (where and when available and allowed), do not store locally any company information data and use a different PIN/Password protected profile/access to carry out their assigned role activities.

Publicly available devices (in hotel lobbies, net café shops, airport info areas, etc.) are not to be used to access Company information, data or systems, in any case.

To the best of the user's knowledge, systems or shared devices usage should not be intentionally monopolized or temporarily degraded (e.g., by launching heavy queries, voluminous document printing, etc.) for the other users' usage.

12.5 DATA PROTECTION ON MOBILE DEVICES AND REMOTE ACCESS TO COMPUTER SYSTEMS

Users should bear in mind that files created or downloaded on their laptop are not stored onto the corporate network automatically (usually Google Drive). Copies of business files created on the laptop should therefore be saved on the corporate network manually and/or within the appropriate systems (e.g., a resume/CV received via email should potentially end up in the ATS and not in a Drive folder).

Users should not store personal data, confidential information or company secret data on mobile devices, since this could potentially violate data protection laws in the event of a device being lost or stolen. If it is necessary to store sensitive, personal, confidential or company secret information on mobile devices, these devices must be encrypted and the work profile be used. Business files including personal data and/or other confidential information shall as far as possible be stored on the corporate network in order to secure adequate protection and backup of such confidential information. The user must remove any business files stored locally as soon as the applicable retention period has expired.

Users should be careful when using remote access to corporate systems on devices that can also be used by others. They should make sure not to leave any documents or passwords on the device and not to leave laptops and other devices open and logged in. They should also not leave any prints lying around, but make sure these are disposed of securely. Print jobs should be retrieved immediately upon being printed out, and they should, under no circumstances, be left unattended.

When internet connectivity is not provided and managed by the Company (e.g., our home wireless/wired networks, hotel networks, etc.), remote access to corporate systems should be established by enabling, automatically or manually, the extra layers of security such as the company provided VPN (e.g., PaloAlto Global Protect) and/or the secure proxy functions (e.g., Zscaler). The usage of the smartphone hotspot/tethering feature to provide internet connectivity to laptops through the mobile telecom operator is also a valid and secure option to consider when only insecure connections are available. The usage of untrusted and free Wi-Fi networks, provided by unknown sources or entities, especially when not protected by passwords, is to be avoided.

12.6 PHISHING (AND ITS VARIATIONS) AND SPAM MESSAGES

Phishing attacks are attempts to acquire sensitive information such as usernames, passwords and credit card details by masquerading as a trusted or trustworthy entity in an e-communication. Phishing most often takes the form of emails or instant messages purporting to be from popular social media sites, auction sites, online banks or IT administrators, often containing a request for the recipient to 'verify' an account or to urgently perform an action (e.g., change the password for a compromised account). Recipients are directed to enter details at fake websites designed to look almost identical to their legitimate counterparts. The phisher then uses these details to commit crimes of identity theft (such as credit card fraud).

The best defense against phishing attacks is to **recognize, ignore the content/request and report (through the specific Gmail feature)** them. Users should never provide any confidential, personal or security information in response to any email. They should also minimize the amount of such information available online (for example, on social media platforms or dating/job-seeking sites) so that phishers cannot use it to create more convincing, personalized attacks.

Another example of an attack involving impersonation by an attacker is social engineering. The perpetrator pretends to be someone they are not, in order to obtain information from a victim, which can then be used to extrapolate information or gain access to critical systems or infrastructure. This can take place over various means, such as in live scenarios or over the phone or text (e.g., deep fake videos and messages, arranged fake video calls, etc.). The perpetrator usually attempts to build rapport with the victim in order to make the attack more successful.

Users should be suspicious of any email, text, or message on social media platforms (such as LinkedIn, Facebook Messenger, WhatsApp, etc.) purporting to be from an individual or company with which the user has an account, but which does not include the user's specific username, log-in or account details. They should also mistrust any link within such an email, especially if it directs to a web address with which the user is unfamiliar. Users should inspect any emails without opening/clicking on them, by hovering over them with their cursor to attempt to verify their legitimacy. Users should also type all web addresses carefully to avoid the fraudulent websites utilizing common mistyping of legitimate web addresses.

If in doubt, users can contact the purported company directly by other means (e.g., an official telephone number) to verify the legitimacy of a suspicious email. For any sensitive, urgent information of a financial or business nature, users should refer the matter to their manager and/or the IT service desk. Company IT personnel will never ask a user for their password.

Spam messages are those one received from unknown external sources not pertinent to the business or the ordinary tasks and activities launched, usually, to promote products, services, events, etc. for which we are supposed to have no interest at all. Most of the time, these kinds of messages are blocked by the email system's defense mechanisms but sometimes they may pass through the meshes of the net and be delivered to the final recipients. In these cases, once recognized as spam, a good practice is to mark them as such in order to help the email system to recognize them and block their delivery next time. Internal messages from Company known and valid email domains should never be marked as spam.

12.7 CREDENTIAL SHARING AND ACCESS DELEGATION

Users must never share their account credentials with anyone else. Each user is responsible for actions carried out under their account, including fraudulent activities. In the event of absence, the user shall not share their account credentials, but delegate access to email and business applications or redirect to a colleague who can support with business tasks during their absence.

12.8 E-COMMUNICATIONS

General practices according to the standards and values of the company and local legal requirements apply equally when using e-communications (the transmission of information through email, instant messaging, text messaging, video/audio calls, social media sites or tools, etc. via communication devices like PCs, laptops, smartphones, tablets, etc.).

The same standards of professionalism apply as for any other document and correspondence; always use proper language, house style and signature, observe proper etiquette, and do not enter into commitments unless authorized to do so. Users should not make statements in any e-communications format which are unprofessional, unethical or unlawful. If in doubt, they should consult their legal department or other relevant colleague before making any statements which may be qualified as such.

Business e-communication must always be done by making use of the Company controlled apps that are linked to the Company managed user account. Use of non-Company email accounts (i.e., personal email accounts) to conduct Company business is prohibited with the only exception of the client's email accounts provided to, e.g., the Randstad InHouse, RSR or RPO services personnel when agreed upon with the clients.

Use of non-Company managed or provided e-communication tools such as instant messages (e.g., WhatsApp, Telegram, Discord) or cloud storage (e.g., Dropbox) for business purposes is prohibited unless specifically authorized on a case-by-case basis (e.g., LinkedIn message for the company authorized accounts, Telegram channels, mSafe temporary storage instances, etc.).

E-communications may not be used for: (a) sending or passing on threatening, obscene, insulting, offensive, sexual, racist or discriminatory messages or chain messages; (b) communicating under a fictitious name; (c) perpetrating acts punishable by law, including defamation, libel, breach of license or copyright, or interference with other computers or networks; (d) harassing someone electronically or sending undesirable messages; (e) undertaking political activities (except to the extent required for company governmental and public affairs duties); (f) undertaking private or freelance business activities; (g) transmitting commercial or personal advertisements, solicitations, endorsements, or promotions unrelated to the business of the Company; (h) using company trademarks and logos without authorization to do so; (i) using "auto-forward" rules to send business email to a non-Company email account; (j) sending messages that could cause damage to the Company or any group company, including damaging its good name.

E-communications containing legally protected and/or confidential information may only be sent with the permission of

the person entitled to the information.

12.9 INTERNET

Sending, receiving or storing Company data on non-approved devices (e.g., terminals at internet point cafes, airports, hotels, etc.), cloud-based storage (e.g., Dropbox) or internet sites is strictly prohibited.

When using company provided devices or company managed/provided internet connectivity, consciously visiting, viewing and/or downloading from sites with pornographic, racist or discriminatory material or sites that may be otherwise inappropriate or illegal is strictly forbidden; it may result in dismissal and could also constitute a criminal offence. Other subjects or materials regarded as inappropriate by the Company include sexual content, jokes that may be regarded as offensive, terrorism, cults, and illegal drugs.

Company computing systems shall not be used to engage in any activity that is intended to harm systems or any information stored thereon, including creating or propagating malware, disrupting services, damaging files, or making unauthorized modifications to the Company's data. Company computing systems shall not be used to host peer-to-peer file sharing protocols (e.g., BitTorrent). Gambling, as well as video-gaming, is prohibited.

All e-communications and activity on the company provided devices or company managed/provided internet connectivity can be monitored and logged and all content viewed is scanned for viruses and offensive material.

12.10 FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Some countries, through their governments, secret services agencies or other relevant bodies, could force Company employees to allow/grant access to Company devices and data or could obtain access secretly. Foreign countries are to be intended as those where the Company has no legal representation, including, as an exception, China. In order to keep up to date with the list of countries where this risk could be higher, the Company has decided to leverage the information provided by the [Travel Advisory](#) section of the 'US Department of State - Bureau of Consular Affairs' site and to address the information Security risk by defining the following two different groups of level-4 countries: (A) level-4 and critical countries: currently including Russia, Belarus, North Korea, Iran and China, and (B) other level-4 countries: all the rest; and, by defining two different main use cases (1) Private traveling (pure holidays, no working activities expected or carried out, planned or unplanned); and (2) Business trips/remote working (from a few days to several months, with expected working activities included, planned, agreed).

Private traveling. When traveling to level-4 critical foreign countries, Company employees are not allowed to bring Company managed/provided devices or access Company data and applications, whereas it is allowed in all the other level-4 countries. Only in these latter ones, when a managed device is compromised (e.g., access to the data on such devices and/or the installation of software are requested by local government or agencies, while entering or during the visit/stay), then its usage and access to Company data immediately cease to be allowed, the device is to be turned off and its replacement arranged upon return.

If the use of personal devices (e.g., portable computers, smartphones) is allowed by the employer, their usage is allowed (even though not recommended in the 4 critical countries) while access to Company data and/or applications is equally not allowed and should be inhibited, or (temporarily) disabled, under the responsibility of the employee (e.g., by pausing the work profile on the smartphones). If such personal devices get compromised, then access to Company data and application restrictions remain in force until formatted or replaced (under the responsibility of the employee).

Business trips/remote working. When working activities have to take place in critical level-4 countries, Company employees are not allowed to bring their ordinarily assigned Company devices nor their personal ones (when allowed by their employer) to access Company data and/or applications.

For China only, the sole exception to these foreign countries, the employee's local IT department is to provide a temporary laptop (due to local limitations with Google, a Windows-based device is needed when traveling to China, as per the APAC-travel to China policy) and/or smartphone to be used during the visit/stay. Bluetooth peripherals (e.g., earpieces, keyboards, mouse, etc.) are not to be added or used with the provided temporary devices (where Bluetooth services are to be kept disabled for the whole assignment time). After returning, the temporary devices will be wiped and the charger(s) destroyed. The used accounts will be forced for a password change.

Working activities in all the other level-4 countries are equally allowed: both Company managed/provided and personally owned devices (when allowed by their employer) are allowed to be used and access Company data and applications, with the only difference that, when compromised, use and access restriction on managed devices immediately apply and their replacement is to be arranged (during or after the stay, depending on a case by case situation) while only access restrictions immediately apply and remain in force until formatted or replaced (under the employee's responsibility) for the personally owned ones.

The Company managed devices are assumed to have the security requirements fully enforced (e.g., applied local encryption, active and configured VPNs, etc.).

When remote work from abroad is expected, consult the connect pages ([link](#)) or get in touch with the Global Mobility function to solve any doubts or issues. For those countries where the Company has a legal representation, regardless of the assigned level, a further check with the local ISO and/or DPO is required before departing for business trips, in order to verify and ensure compliance with the local requirements and regulations. Upon arrival, proper check with the local Health & Safety department (or similar functions) is also suggested to comply with safety and emergency rules.

12.11 COMPLIANCE AND REPORTING

Failure of any Company representative to comply with this policy exposes the Company to severe risks in terms of lost clients, fines, costs and reputation and can have serious disciplinary and/or contractual consequences. If you know or suspect that this policy content has been violated, you are obliged to raise your concerns with your local Information Security Officer, Data Protection Officer or line manager. You can also make use of the Integrity Line, which is part of the 'Misconduct Reporting Procedure'. Serious or repeated violations of this policy or criminal offenses committed by the user may have to be reported to local management or the relevant authorities, and may result in disciplinary measures.

Global CISO function: ciso-office@randstad.com

Global DPO function: privacyofficer@randstad.com

Local Information Security Officer (ISO): US ISO: Adam Coon; CA ISO: William Hazell; North America Chief Information Security Officer (CISO): Gretchen Hiley.

Local Data Protection Officer (DPO): US Chief Privacy Officer, Gretchen Herault; CA DPO: Amanda Deokaran

Whenever an issue arises, we need to properly assess the situation and consider what action can be taken. If a Company employee is the source of wrongful behavior, the Company can take appropriate measures (internal and/or external) to stop this behavior. It is therefore essential that you promptly disclose to the Company Global or local IT,

the Company Global or local Legal/DPO (or the Integrity Line) if: you have witnessed an apparent violation; you are aware of facts that lead you to believe a violation has occurred; or you have personally been engaged in a violation. Each reported incident will be taken seriously by the Company and will be investigated thoroughly. In some cases, however, activities that in the first instance appear questionable may, on closer examination, be entirely appropriate or indeed required.

See the Company Connect page for a complete copy of this policy, and other policies such as the Information Security Policy, the Data Protection Policy and the Social Media Guidelines.

SECTION 13: SOCIAL MEDIA AND MEDIA/INVESTOR COMMUNICATIONS

13.1 SOCIAL MEDIA POLICY

The Company encourages the responsible use of social media to promote and market the Company's services. Employees who use social media for these business-related purposes and/or for personal purposes must comply with this policy. For purposes of this policy, social media means any facility for online publication and commentary through electronic communication, including without limitation: blogs, wikis, forums, multimedia, and social sites such as Twitter/X (use hashtag #Randstad), LinkedIn, Facebook, Instagram, TikTok, Snapchat, Threads, YouTube, Yelp, SlideShare, and Flickr. Inappropriate postings that may include discriminatory remarks, harassment, and threats of violence or similar inappropriate or unlawful conduct will not be tolerated and may subject you to disciplinary action up to and including termination. This policy is in addition to and complements other Company policies regarding the use of technology, computers, email and the Internet.

Set up Social Media. You can use your own social media identity. However, logon IDs, user names or logos including the Company name are not allowed without prior authorization, except to the extent permitted by applicable law, such as the National Labor Relations Act.

Always Use Your Personal Social Media Account - Do Not Create a Fake Account. Do not make a personal profile page that misrepresents who you are (e.g., a fake person - ex: John Randstad or a secondary fake profile with the same name as your personal profile - ex: Jane Smith) on any social platform or channel. Fake or secondary personal profiles may violate the terms and conditions of social media platforms. Users must always use their own personal profile when accessing any Company social media page. Any fake social media profiles identified will be shut down and immediately removed from access to all Company social media channels.

Do Not Share a Social Media Login with Others. Unless the social media account is set up to have a single sign-on for access (e.g., a branch account that is shared among various team members as necessary to manage the applicable social media page or account), do not share a single social media profile login with other people. Each individual User must use his/her own personal profile login when accessing any Company social media page.

Use of Social Media on Behalf of the Company for Business-Related Purposes. Authorized individuals may participate in social media activities as part of their job at the company. Accounts created for that purpose are considered the Company's property and remain so if these individuals leave the company — meaning authorized individuals will not try to change the password or the account name or create a similar sounding account or assert any ownership of the account or the contacts and connections gained through the account.

Do Not Create Local Social Media Pages. Only authorized individuals are permitted to create Company official accounts on social media including but not limited to blogs, wikis, forums, multimedia, and social sites such as Twitter/X, LinkedIn, Facebook, Instagram, TikTok, Snapchat, YouTube, Yelp, SlideShare, and Flickr. If you have created a Company branded social media page without written approval from the Company's USA Marketing and

Communications team, please contact the [Director of Social Media and Content](#) to discuss the account. Any materials created for or posted on authorized brand accounts will remain the Company's property. This doesn't apply to personal accounts that you may access at work but does apply to all Company and affiliate company-branded accounts.

Don't Share Secrets. It is perfectly acceptable to talk about your work and have a dialog with the community, but it is not okay to publish or otherwise disclose the Company's confidential information through social media sites. See the Policy on Non-Disclosure and Non-Use of Confidential Information above, for examples of confidential information. Employees, however, may engage in communications protected by the National Labor Relations Act concerning wages, benefits, hours and other terms and conditions of employment without violating this policy. Do not disclose confidential information about our customers, including their current and upcoming projects, preferences, contract terms and pricing. Be mindful of the competitiveness of our industry.

Protect Yourself. Social media privacy settings should be set to allow anyone to see profile information similar to what is on the Company's site. Privacy settings that might allow others to post or see information that is personal should be set to limit access.

Be Honest. When promoting the Company's services, use your real name, be clear about who you are, identify that you work for the Company, and do not be deceitful, untrue, or misleading. If you have an interest in something you discuss, say so. Remember: what you publish will be around for a long time, so consider content and be cautious about disclosing personal information. When using social media, do not make any maliciously false statements about the Company or working conditions.

Respect Copyright. Respect laws governing copyright and fair use or fair dealing of copyrighted material owned by others, including the Company's copyrights and brands. Never quote more than short excerpts of someone else's work, and always give people proper credit for their work (including pictures). If you can, use a direct link.

Use of third-party materials protected by intellectual property rights (e.g., copyrights or trademarks) or use of a person's likeness without permission in the content posted may violate that third party's rights and may subject Randstad to significant financial liability and/or reputational harm. Users must respect laws governing the intellectual property rights of others, including copyright and fair use or fair dealing of copyrighted material owned by others, as well as the company's copyrights and brands. Users should understand that common law copyright usually exists in the person who originally creates a picture, image, or video. As a result, many pictures, images, and videos which you see, whether on the internet or otherwise, may look like they can be easily "borrowed" and used, but in many, if not most cases, they are actually the legally protected copyrighted product of someone else (e.g., an image included in another user's post on a social media platform). Also remember that many laws protect an individual's right to protect or prevent their image or likeness from being used by others for commercial purposes. Thus Users should not post pictures of any person on a site being used for the commercial purposes of the company without first obtaining that person's written permission to do so.

Use Content that You or Randstad Owns or Other Authorized Content. When any Company trademarks or brands are used in a social media posting, either on a Company account or your personal account, Users must ensure they are only posting: (i) content that the User owns or has the rights to use, (ii) content that has been created by or for the Company and owned by the Company, or (iii) content that the User has otherwise obtained authorization from the Company's Marketing and Communications Team for use in connection with social media postings (e.g., any third-party content). Users are responsible for obtaining the necessary approval for their use of any content (e.g., music, photos, or videos), especially any third-party content, in connection with their social media activities that reference or use any Company trademarks or brands. Users should NEVER use the Company's name or brand in a post that includes any third-party content that has not been authorized by the Company's Marketing and Communications

Team. As a general rule, Users should not share any content that may violate any third party's intellectual property rights.

Use Only Royalty-Free Music.

Business Accounts. When embedding music in a post or video from a business account for or on behalf of the Company on any social media platform or channel, be sure to use only royalty-free music that is available to your account. Users should:

- Use the Canva PRO music library. The Company is a subscriber to Canva PRO, and the Company employees have the right to use music available in Canva PRO for the Company's business purposes. Designated team members will have an assigned Canva PRO account. Please reach out to the Marketing and Communications team if you need an account. **Note** that the free version of Canva does not offer the same royalty-free music options as the Canva PRO music library. Also, if you have a personal account on Canva, that account may not have the same royalty-free music options as the Canva PRO music library. So it's important to only use music available to the account accessible by your designated Canva PRO login.
- If posting on any business accounts on any social media platform or channel, only use music in the audio library recommended by that platform or channel for commercial purposes, and comply with all requirements related to the use of music by a business on that platform or channel. For example:
 - If posting on TikTok, only use music from the audio library recommended by TikTok for commercial purposes, such as the TikTok Commercial Audio Library.
 - If posting on Instagram, only use music the audio library recommended by Instagram for commercial purposes, such as the Meta Sound Collection.

Personal Accounts. When embedding music in posts or videos from a personal social media account that references the Company's trademarks or brands, only use music from the Canva PRO music library. If you are unsure about a post or the use of music in a post, check with the Company's Marketing and Communications Team before posting on a personal account content related to the Company that embeds music. Each social media platform or channel may have different rules and requirements for postings by personal accounts for commercial purposes, including specific rules related to the use of music available on that platform or channel. Do not post content related to the Company on a personal account that uses any music other than the royalty-free music available through your Canva PRO login, including any music made available to personal accounts on the applicable social media platform or channel.

Updates to Policy. Note that the Company's subscriptions and licenses for the use of content and music and the terms and conditions of various social media platforms and channels will be updated from time to time. Be sure to review the most updated version of this policy to be advised of the Company's most recent recommendations related to the use of music in postings on social media.

Do NOT Cross Post. NEVER post content created on one social media platform on another platform unless such content has been approved by the Company's Marketing and Communications Team. For example, if you create a TikTok video with music on TikTok for Business, do not post the same video with the same music on another social media platform like Instagram. Royalty-free music that is allowed on TikTok for Business from the TikTok Commercial Audio Library is only royalty-free on TikTok. The same is true for the Meta Sound Collection and likely music on other social media platforms as well.

Similarly, the permission that an individual user receives to use content available on a social media platform or channel does not apply on another platform or channel. For example, while a user may repost a post by another user on TikTok for Business, he/she may not have the right to share the same content on Instagram.

Honor Differences. The public in general, and Company employees and customers, reflect a diverse set of customs, values, and viewpoints. Consistent with the Company's Equal Employment Opportunity policy, postings (including postings in personal social media accounts) may not include discriminatory remarks, epithets, slurs, defamatory comments, personal insults or obscenity. All postings should reflect an appropriate degree of consideration for the rights and feelings of others. Use your best judgment and, when expressing a personal opinion, make it clear that the views and opinions expressed are yours alone and do not represent the official views of the Company. At the same time, be cautious to avoid what could be perceived as possible conflict of interest.

Protect Others. Never identify a customer, partner, or supplier by name on social media without explicit permission and never discuss confidential details of that customer, partner or supplier relationship. It is acceptable to discuss general details about types of projects and to use non-identifying customer pseudonyms (e.g., "Customer XYZ") as long as the information provided does not violate any non-disclosure agreements that may be in place with the customer or make it easy for someone to identify the customer. Social media is not the place to "conduct business" with a customer.

Press Inquiries. Some social media activity may generate media coverage. If the media contacts you about a Company-related post or requests information, do not identify yourself as a spokesperson of the Company. Instead, the Chief Marketing Officer is the designated spokesperson for the Company and is authorized to speak to the media on behalf of the Company.

Keep Your Cool. If you see misrepresentations made about the Company, please notify the Chief Marketing Officer. If you speak or write about competitors or other third parties, make sure what you say or write is factually correct and that it does not disparage that party. Don't try to settle scores or goad competitors or other third parties into inflammatory debates.

Did You Mess Up? If you make an error, be up front about your mistake and correct it quickly. If you modify an earlier post, make it clear that you've done so. If someone accuses you of posting information in violation of any law, contact the Legal Department immediately. Do not change or delete the post until authorized to do so by the Legal Department.

Be Professional. It's all about using good judgment.

Use Disclaimers. Many social media users include a prominent disclaimer saying who they work for, but that they're not speaking officially. Always disclose that while you work for the Company, anything you publish is your personal opinion, not necessarily the opinion of the Company. For this reason, include this disclaimer in a visually prominent place: "Views expressed on this [post, blog, etc.] are my own and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Company." If you appear in a video, preface your comments by making it clear that you're not an official spokesperson and that your opinion doesn't necessarily reflect that of the Company.

Users are not authorized to speak on behalf of the Company or suggest that they do so unless they have been given express, written authorization from an officer of the Company. Users who mention the Company and/or its current or potential employees or customers on their web site, blog or other social media platform must declare that they are an employee of the Company, and that the views expressed are theirs alone and do not represent the views of the Company.

Bring Joy. The best way to be interesting, stay out of trouble, and have fun is writing about what you know. Quality matters so use a spell-checker. If you're not design-oriented, ask someone who is whether your site looks decent, and take their advice on how to improve it. Also use a warm tone. The ease and speed of publishing your thoughts is both a great feature and a great downfall of social media. The time to edit or reflect must be self-imposed. If in doubt over

a post, or if something doesn't feel right, either let it sit and review it before publishing it, or ask someone else to look at it first.

Keep Commitments. Make sure that social media and online activities don't interfere with your job or customer commitments.

Policy Enforcement. The Company reserves the right to monitor social media usage and may request that certain subjects be avoided, or ask that certain posts be withdrawn or removed. Violations will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

Note: This Policy does not prohibit employees from exercising their rights under Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act. See the Company's Policy on Recognizing Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act.

13.2 MEDIA POLICY

This policy contains detail on what defines members of the media, the handling of inquiries from the press or investment community, the approval process for any press materials, external newsletters, news events, etc., and prohibited commentary.

Definition. The media is defined as all channels of mass communication accessible to people outside of the Company. Examples include, but are not limited to: (1) newspapers, (2) consumer, business or trade magazines and newspapers; (3) journals or other publications; (4) television, (5) radio, (6) podcasts, news outlets, and social media sites, (7) electronic or print newsletters, and (8) news-oriented websites.

Handling Incoming Requests from the Media, Shareholders, and Investment Community. Should you receive any inquiry from the media, shareholders, or investment community, please inform them that you are not a spokesperson for the Company on the topic, but that Corporate Public Relations (in the case of inquiries from the media) or Investor Relations (in the case of inquiries from shareholders or the investment community) can assist them with their questions. Contact the [Press Room](#) to obtain up to date contact information to provide to the person making the inquiry. Marketing will help coordinate interview scheduling with the PR Department and will work to acquire all possible details about the subject matter to be covered. A member of the Marketing Department or PR team will be involved in all press interviews. Depending on the nature of the interview, they may actively participate in the conversation or they might sit in as "silent observer," not for monitoring or censoring purposes, but to gain deeper insight into the various topics discussed for future press opportunities. If you have any concern or issue with a member of the Marketing Department sitting in on your interview, please promptly inform the department.

This process is in place to: increase consistency in the Company's key messages throughout all markets, minimize exposure and risk to negative coverage/publicity/crisis, increase assistance for all offices with media efforts, and garner insight into trends happening within our industry.

Production of Press Materials/External Newsletters/News Events. The approval of the Corporate Public Relations Department MUST be obtained prior to the planning or production of any press material, event or other proactive media effort on behalf of the Company. The Corporate Public Relations Department has final authority on the editing, wording and approval of all press materials, newsletters or related documents intended for external release on behalf of the Company. This includes, but is not limited to: (1) press releases, (2) bylined articles, (3) newsletters, (4) letters to reporters/editors, (5) blogs, and (6) meetings/events held for the press or that involve the attendance of reporters.

Prohibited Commentary. Unless you have been authorized by the Corporate Public Relations Department to serve as a "media contact" for a specific topic, press release, interview (determined on a case-by-case basis) or other approved material, under no circumstances should you comment on behalf of the Company, reference customers or

discuss any Company transactions. You are not a spokesperson for the Company. Nothing herein prohibits employees from engaging in communications with the media or government agencies that are protected by the National Labor Relations Act concerning the terms and conditions of their employment.

SECTION 14: ADDITIONAL POLICIES

14.1 BACKGROUND CHECKS

Consistent with its commitment to safety and security, the Company has established this Background Checks Policy. The Company may conduct background checks on employees prior to employment or during the course of employment to the extent permitted by applicable law. Depending on all the facts and circumstances, refusal to submit to a required background check or dishonesty in answering questions related to relevant employment or criminal history may result in withdrawal of a conditional offer of employment, removal from and/or ineligibility for a position, and/or termination of employment. A criminal conviction, however, will not necessarily be a bar to employment, unless applicable law, regulation, government contract/policy or licensing requirement prohibits the employment of an individual with a criminal conviction in the job for which you are applying.

Information requested as part of a background check for employment purposes will only be relevant in determining whether a conviction is related to or disqualifies you from the particular job for which you are applying. The following factors will be considered when evaluating a criminal conviction history: (1) the nature and gravity of the offense or conduct; (2) the time that has elapsed since the offense and completion of any sentence or probation; and (3) the nature of the job at issue, including the relationship between the offense and the job.

If you have a conviction history, the Company will conduct an individualized analysis to determine whether there is a legitimate business reason to disqualify you from employment or promotion. Factors considered in the analysis include: (1) the facts and circumstances surrounding the offense or conduct, including whether your employment would pose an unreasonable risk to property or the safety of other employees or the general public; (2) the number of offenses of which you were convicted; (3) your age at the time of conviction or release; (4) any evidence that you performed the same type of work, post-conviction, with the same or a different employer, with no known incidents of criminal conduct; (5) the length and consistency of employment history before and after the offense or conduct; (6) rehabilitation efforts, including education or training; (7) employment or character references and any information regarding fitness for the particular position; and (8) whether you are bonded.

14.2 EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS

The Company complies with applicable child labor laws. The Company's employment decisions are made without regard to age except in the case of a candidate who is not at least 18 years of age at the time he or she seeks to commence employment with the Company. Candidates under 18 years of age are not eligible for employment with the Company in any circumstances.

14.3 EMPLOYMENT OF RELATIVES AND ROMANTIC RELATIONS

Relatives, family members, and/or romantic relations of Associates are generally not prohibited from seeking, obtaining, and/or continuing employment at the Company so long as no conflict of interest or direct reporting and/or supervisory relationship is or would be created between such Associates. Also, relatives, family members, and/or romantic relations of Associates who have the required qualifications and experience are encouraged to apply for positions at the Company and will be considered equally with all other candidates and applicants. If an Associate is promoted, transferred, or inadvertently hired to a position, which creates a violation of this policy, or if two Associates become involved in a romantic relationship that creates a violation of this policy, the Associates must advise their manager and Employee Relations in writing of the relationship immediately.

14.4 FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY AND AUTHORITY

All funds received by an Associate on behalf of the Company shall be received and held by the Associate in trust and the Associate shall account for and remit all such funds to the Company.

You may have been given authority to make certain decisions about committing or spending the Company funds or making contractual commitments on behalf of the Company. The financial and other commitments you may be authorized to make on behalf of the Company will depend on the nature of your role and the position. Prior to entering into any transaction, agreement, contract, verbal commitments, financial commitment, or arrangement on behalf of the Company, you must make sure that you are authorized to enter into it. When in doubt, please contact your manager or next level manager. For financial commitments and contracts, there are approved sets of authority levels. Please contact Finance for guidance.

14.5 SOLICITATION AND DISTRIBUTION

In order to ensure a productive working environment, the Company generally prohibits solicitation and the distribution of literature on its property, whether made by employees or by individuals or groups not associated with the Company, as set forth in this policy. Employees may not, for any reason, engage in the following activities at the work sites of the Company or its Customers: (1) solicitation of other employees during working time; (2) distribution of literature during working time; and (3) distribution of literature at any time in working areas.

Persons not employed by the Company may not, for any reason, engage in the solicitation of the Company's employees or the distribution of literature to Company employees in working areas. However, solicitation of monetary contributions for certain charities designated by the Company is permitted. All charities must be approved in advance by the Group President or the Chief Human Resources Officer of the Company or his/her designee(s).

As used in this policy, the phrase "working time" includes the working time of both the employee engaged in solicitation or the distribution of literature and the employees to whom the solicitation or distribution is addressed. Working time does not include break periods, meal periods, or other times during the workday when employees are not properly engaged in performing their work tasks. As used in this policy, the phrase "working areas" includes all areas of the Company or the Customer's property, except break areas, restrooms, locker rooms, and employee parking areas.

Nothing in this policy is intended to restrict communications or actions protected or required by state or federal law, such as communications and actions regarding employee wages, hours or other terms and conditions of employment.

14.6 COPYRIGHT COMPLIANCE

The Company recognizes and respects intellectual property rights, including the use of copyright-protected works. Copyrights may cover a broad range of documents such as pictures, graphics, audio visual, sound recordings, GIF and JPG image files, WAV audio files, articles from publications, TV and radio programs, videotapes, music performances, photographs, training materials, manuals, documentation, software programs, databases and World Wide Web pages. No employee may reproduce or duplicate any copyrighted work in print, video or electronic form in violation of the law. Keep in mind that works are protected by copyright laws in the U.S. even if they are not registered with the U.S. Copyright Office, so even if the marks do not carry the copyright symbol (©), they are still protected by law. In addition, a copyright is automatic when an original work is first "fixed" in a tangible medium of expression. That means material is protected by copyright at the point when it is first printed, captured on film, drawn, or saved to hard drive or disc. (All of the e-mail you write is copyrighted, for instance.) Always assume that any pre-existing work you would like to use is copyrighted work and that it requires permission from the copyright owner to use or copy.

SECTION 15: LEAVING THE ORGANIZATION

15.1 RESIGNATION AND NOTICE PERIODS

You may resign with verbal or written notification; however, the Company prefers to receive resignation notices in writing. The Company will treat as a resignation any verbal or written statement conveying or appearing to convey the impression that you are intending to end your employment with the Company. A resignation is considered binding at the time it is given.

If you decide to voluntarily resign, the Company requests a two-week notice period as a professional courtesy only; however, you are not obligated to provide any notice period. During any voluntary notice period, you will be expected to perform your normal work activities and to comply with all Company policies. The voluntary notice period does not limit the Company's right or your right to end your employment effective immediately or at any other time prior to the expiration of the notice period. Unless the PTO policy provides otherwise, your manager, in his/her sole discretion, may decide whether to permit an Associate to take PTO during the notice period.

If the Company terminates the employment during the notice period, it may (or may not) exercise its sole discretion and agree in writing to "in-lieu-of-notice pay" for the period between the effective date of an Associate's termination and a later date (which may or may not be the date you selected as your resignation date). No in-lieu-of-notice pay will be provided in the absence of a written agreement signed by the Associate, his/her manager and an HR manager. Notwithstanding any written agreement, the Company will not pay in-lieu-of-notice pay to any Associate who fails to perform normal work duties during the notice period, violates Company policy or engages in other misconduct.

15.2 PAYMENT OF FINAL PAYCHECK

Upon termination, a final payment will be prepared and transmitted to you or your designated bank account on the next regularly scheduled payday, unless otherwise required by applicable law. The final paycheck will include earned wages for the last pay period. Any earned and unused PTO, and any other monies owed will be paid within 2 pay periods of your separation date, unless otherwise required by applicable law. Please see the PTO Policy on the Benefits page of Connect on Happeo for an explanation of the reconciliation of PTO when an employee leaves the Company with a negative PTO balance.

Employees who have secured loans through the Company or taken advances of wages will be required to reimburse the Company consistent with applicable law and any agreement or policy relating to the loan or advance. Employees are expected to cooperate with the Company's instructions for returning such funds, which may entail sending payments by check rather than taking deductions from a paycheck.

15.3 UNEMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY

A weekly payment, established by state and federal law, may be paid to eligible, former employees until re-employed, until the maximum benefits have been paid, or until discontinued for other valid reasons. All decisions about eligibility for unemployment insurance rest with the applicable state agencies. The Company will provide the details of a termination and the State Employment Division will make the determination about unemployment benefits.

15.4 BENEFIT CONTINUATION UPON TERMINATION

On the day you terminate employment, your coverage, if any, under the Company Health and Welfare Benefit Program will terminate in accordance with the Plan provisions.

- Group health coverage will continue through the end of the month that you depart in and you may be eligible to continue through COBRA. Refer to the Summary Plan Description (SPD) for details on continuing your coverage under COBRA or contact Benefits at 877-601-7453.

- Basic Life and the Voluntary Life Insurance (if enrolled prior to termination) may be converted to individual life insurance policies by contacting the insurance carrier within 31 days of their termination date. Upon conversion, you are then responsible for making premium payments (as determined by the insurance company) and any other employee costs directly to the carrier. Refer to the SPD for additional details on your conversion rights or contact the Benefits Department at 877-601-7453.

For information on all other Plans in which you may have participated, refer to the SPD for details.

15.5 REHIRE

When employment with the Company has been terminated either voluntarily or involuntarily, former employees may still be eligible for rehire by the Company, but the lack of continuous service may impact certain benefit plans, such as PTO. Former employees who wish to be considered for reemployment must reapply as an external applicant for open positions. A former employee who engaged in, or whose employment was terminated by the Company due to, a violation of Company policy, misconduct, dishonesty, insubordination, or who is contractually barred from reemployment with the Company, or who breached a contract with the Company, may be ineligible for rehire in the sole discretion of the Company. Former employees are not necessarily given priority or special consideration over candidates who did not previously work for the Company. All hiring decisions are made on the basis of legitimate, non-discriminatory, non-retaliatory, business-related criteria in order to select the most qualified candidates for available positions.

15.6 EMPLOYMENT VERIFICATION AND REFERENCES

Employment and wage verification. All requests from outside organizations for employment references and verification of employment must be referred to The Work Number. This service provides employment and salary information through their website, www.theworknumber.com, or by phone to verifiers immediately upon request. The Work Number will only provide position, employment status, and date(s) of service. Salary information will be verified only if you provide a salary key to the organization seeking to verify that information. The Work Number will not provide any information prior to January 1, 1999.

Visit www.theworknumber.com. Follow the prompts to obtain that information and use the appropriate Company code: Randstad General Staffing, Professionals and Placement Pros – 10283 / Legacy Spherion – 13515.

Personal or Other References. The Company does not provide verbal or written references, unless otherwise required by law. You may choose to ask your manager or other colleague to provide a reference for you. Individuals may personally choose to provide these references for you, but this is at the individual's discretion. If they do so, they are not acting as representatives of the Company. Individual employees or managers may provide their own references, but these are personal references and do not reflect the Company's position. They are not provided within the scope of the employee's or manager's employment with the Company, and they may not be written on the Company letterhead.

Personnel Records. The employment records compiled and maintained by the Company about its employees belong to the Company. Except where otherwise required by applicable federal or state law or court order, these records may not be reviewed or accessed by current or former employees or third parties designated by current or former employees.

SECTION 16: KEY CONTACTS

The Company's mailing address: One Overton Park, 3625 Cumberland Boulevard, Suite 500, Atlanta, GA 30339

Audit & Assurance Services: InternalAudit@randstadusa.com

Benefits: (877) 601-7453 / hrsupport@randstadusa.com / rus-leaves@randstadusa.com

Cigna (Health and Medical): (800) 244-6224 / www.mycigna.com

Cigna's Employee Assistance & Work/Life Support Program: cigna.com/realsupport

Cigna (EAP Provider): (888) 371-1125 / www.mycigna.com Employer ID: Randstad.

Employee Relations via the Human Resources Support Center: 1-877-601-7453, hrsupport@randstadusa.com or click on the 'Let's Chat' icon on your desktop.

Misconduct Reporting: (866) 250-6706 / www.speakupfeedback.eu/web/integrityatrandstad/us (Access code: 42115, needed for both phone and web)

Payroll: Contact your manager, email StaffPayroll@randstadusa.com or (866) 435-7456

Alight (to apply for FMLA/disability): (855) 249-6323

Risk Management Hotline: (800) 821-6909

The Work Number: (800) 367-5690 / (800) 424-0253 (TTY) / www.theworknumber.com / Follow the prompts to obtain the information and use the appropriate Company code: Randstad General Staffing, Professionals and Placement Pros – 10283 / Legacy Spherion – 13515.

Copies of labor law postings applicable to each state are available at [Gov Docs website](#).

Addenda

EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

Leave Entitlements. Eligible employees who work for a covered employer can take up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave in a 12-month period for the following reasons:

- The birth of a child or placement of a child for adoption or foster care;
- To bond with a child (leave must be taken within 1 year of the child's birth or placement);
- To care for the employee's spouse, child, or parent who has a qualifying serious health condition;
- For the employee's own qualifying serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job;
- For qualifying exigencies related to the foreign deployment of a military member who is the employee's spouse, child, or parent.

An eligible employee who is a covered servicemember's spouse, child, parent, or next of kin may also take up to 26 weeks of FMLA leave in a single 12-month period to care for the servicemember with a serious injury or illness.

An employee does not need to use leave in one block. When it is medically necessary or otherwise permitted, employees may take leave intermittently or on a reduced schedule.

Employees may choose, or an employer may require, use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. If an employee substitutes accrued paid leave for FMLA leave, the employee must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies.

Benefits & Protections. While employees are on FMLA leave, employers must continue health insurance coverage as if the employees were not on leave.

Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to the same job or one nearly identical to it with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms and conditions.

An employer may not interfere with an individual's FMLA rights or retaliate against someone for using or trying to use FMLA leave, opposing any practice made unlawful by the FMLA, or being involved in any proceeding under or related to the FMLA.

Eligibility Requirements. An employee who works for a covered employer must meet three criteria in order to be eligible for FMLA leave. The employee must:

- Have worked for the employer for at least 12 months;
- Have at least 1,250 hours of service in the 12 months before taking leave;* and
- Work at a location where the employer has at least 50 employees within 75 miles of the employee's worksite.

*Special "hours of service" requirements apply to airline flight crew employees.

Requesting Leave. Generally, employees must give 30-days' advance notice of the need for FMLA leave. If it is not possible to give 30-days' notice, an employee must notify the employer as soon as possible and, generally, follow the employer's usual procedures.

Employees do not have to share a medical diagnosis, but must provide enough information to the employer so it can determine if the leave qualifies for FMLA protection. Sufficient information could include informing an employer that the employee is or will be unable to perform his or her job functions, that a family member cannot perform daily activities, or that hospitalization or continuing medical treatment is necessary. Employees must inform the employer if the need for leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified.

Employers can require a certification or periodic recertification supporting the need for leave. If the employer determines that the certification is incomplete, it must provide a written notice indicating what additional information is required.

Employer Responsibilities. Once an employer becomes aware that an employee's need for leave is for a reason that may qualify under the FMLA, the employer must notify the employee if he or she is eligible for FMLA leave and, if eligible, must also provide a notice of rights and responsibilities under the FMLA. If the employee is not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for ineligibility.

Employers must notify its employees if leave will be designated as FMLA leave, and if so, how much leave will be designated as FMLA leave.

Enforcement. Employees may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division, or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer.

The FMLA does not affect any federal or state law prohibiting discrimination or supersede any state or local law or collective bargaining agreement that provides greater family or medical leave rights.

For additional information or to file a complaint: (866)-487-9243 TTY: (877) 889-5627 www.dol.gov/whd